

FlyHigh 4

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Introduction

Fly High is a motivating and charismatic four-level course for young learners aged between 6 and 10. It is intended for children who are being taught at a faster pace, and aims to give them a sound base in English and to maximize their potential by providing the appropriate level of support and challenge.

While progressing through the *Fly High* course, young learners will build up a solid bank of useful vocabulary and the ability to apply grammatical structures appropriately. They will also develop and refine their reading, writing, speaking and listening skills.

Fly High is based on the principle that children learn best when they are using engaging materials that appeal to their imagination and build their confidence. Familiarity with a group of characters, which the children get to know as the course progresses, combined with the element of fun that runs through the course, ensure that the children enjoy, and thus remember, the language they are learning. The wide variety of activities caters for children with different learning styles: visual, auditory, kinaesthetic, musical and interpersonal.

Fly High 4 is for children who have achieved a good level of English, and provides the appropriate level of challenge. Longer and more varied reading texts cover broad themes relevant to the interests of the age group. Activity types are more demanding and there is a greater emphasis on accuracy.

On completion of *Fly High* 4, children will have attained communication competencies up to level **A2** of the Council of Europe's Common European Framework for Modern Languages (CEF).

Methodology

Structure of the Course

Fly High 4 features an exciting new adventure story, introducing Dr Wild, an animal detective, her nephew Jack and niece Kelly, and their school friends Mel, Beth, Harry and Kit. Dr Wild, Jack and Kelly set off to find Toto, a toucan which has gone missing from the zoo. The Pupil's Book is organized into nine Cycles. Each Cycle in the Pupil's Book presents a new episode in the search for Toto and covers a particular area of grammar.

Language presentation

Key words and target grammar items are introduced in the context of the story, which is presented using a variety of formats: play scripts and continuous texts as well as a cartoon strip. New vocabulary is presented at the beginning of a lesson through a picture dictionary. The new words are recorded so that children can hear and repeat them. Through the story, children get to know the characters and engage with the search for Toto, and can try to guess what happens next. There is also ample opportunity to recycle language by eliciting what has happened in previous episodes.

Grammar

Grammar items are always introduced in the context of the story. The target grammar is then presented clearly in the *Learn with Oscar* box and the meaning reinforced by means of examples and humorous cartoons. Children can refer to the examples to help them with the exercises that follow.

Language practice

A wide variety of practice exercises enable the teacher to change pace and keep children interested and engaged. They also cater for different learning styles. Interaction patterns are varied, allowing for individual work, pair work, group work and wholeclass modes of learning. Every Cycle contains communicative activities and a song to activate the language. The Teacher's notes often provide ideas for games and there is also a list of classroom games on page vii of this Introduction.

Songs

Singing songs helps to build confidence in the language through repetition, and promotes musical skills and development of rhythm. Every Cycle in *Fly High* 4 has a song, often with accompanying actions, which also supports kinaesthetic learners. At this level, all songs have an accompanying task, e.g. filling the gaps or circling the correct word.

Welcome

Objective: introduce the setting and the main characters of the book

Vocabulary: detective, missing

Grammar: Hello / Hi (name). They're.... She's....

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

- Say Hello boys and girls. Welcome to Fly High 4. My name is (your name).
- Go round the class asking children What's your name? Then say Hello (child's name) to each child. Ask the children to turn to their partner and say Hello (partner's name).
- Tell the children they are going to meet some new ٠ characters in Fly High 4 and that they are going to find out their names.

A great adventure! 🧼 1 Track 02



- Say Open your book at page 4. Open your own book and hold it up to demonstrate. Ask the children to look at the pictures on page 4. Ask individual children to tell you what they can see in the picture, e.g. boy, girl, woman, cat, computer. Write the words on the board.
- Point to the words one at a time and ask the children to call them out.
- Play the CD and ask the children to follow with their fingers as they listen.
- Play the CD again. Pause after every person and ask the children to repeat.
- Divide the class into three groups. Allocate a part to each group and ask the children to read the dialogue. Encourage them to use character voices.



Match.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures of the characters and to identify them. Say a: Who is it?
- Read the names at the top of the activity. Read the example and tell the children that Aunt Sophie is also called Dr. Wild. Ask the children to match each name to one of the pictures by drawing a line.
- Check the activity by asking b: Who is it? and eliciting the answer (It's Oscar).
- Tell the children to ask and answer similar questions in pairs.

Answers

2 a 3 d 4 b



Sing. 🥏 1 Track 03

- Ask the children to look at the pictures at the top of page 4 and read the words aloud.
- Tell the children that Aunt Sophie is an animal detective and that she works at the zoo. Then ask them to look at the picture on page 5 and ask them to identify the missing animals in the posters.
- Tell them that they are going to listen to a song about Aunt Sophie. Play the CD. See Introduction, p.v for guidance on teaching songs.

Optional activity

Read and write True or False.

- Read the first sentence aloud and ask the children True or False? Draw their attention to the example answer.
- Ask the children to read the other sentences and answer *True* or *False* each time.

Answers

3

2 True 3 False 4 True 5 False 6 True

Where's Toto?

Objective: describe people and animals Vocabulary: *clever, niece, nephew, helpful, friendly* Grammar: Present simple Materials: Class CD; Lesson 1 flashcards

Warm-up 🥑 1 Track 03

- Ask the children to tell you the names of the new characters in *Fly High 4*. Ask questions to remind them about the characters, e.g. *Is Oscar a dog? Are Jack and Kelly friends? Is Aunt Sophie a teacher? Who are Mel, Beth, Harry and Kit?* etc.
- Play the CD. Ask the children to sing the song from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥑 1 Track 04

- Say Open your book at page 6.
- Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
 See Introduction p. v for guidance on presenting new vocabulary.
- Use repetition to practise the /e/ sound in the words clever, nephew, helpful, friendly. Contrast this with the sound /i:/ in niece.

Where's Toto? 🥏 1 Track 04

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the story. Ask questions, e.g. Who can you see in the story? Where are they? What's the animal in frame 6?
- · Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Who is Aunt Sophie talking to? Who is Aunt Sophie's niece? Who is her nephew? Is Oscar friendly? Is Toto in the zoo? What does Toto look like?

Optional activity

Give the children roles and ask them to act out the story. Encourage them to mimic their character's voice and mime appropriate actions. Let them practise in their groups. Then invite groups to act out the story in front of the class.



Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the grammar box.



Read the story and answer.

- Read the example question and answer with the class.
- Ask the children to look at the story on page 6 and answer questions 2–6.
- Check the activity by reading out the questions and eliciting the answers.

Answers

- 2 He's black and white.
- 3 They're Auntie Sophie's niece and nephew.
- 4 No, he isn't.
- 5 She works at the zoo.
- 6 No, she doesn't.

Listen and tick. 🥑 1 Track 05

Ask the children to look at the chart and read the words at the top of the chart aloud with the class. Ask them to name the characters in the first column.

- Play the CD. Pause after the first part. Show them the example tick and ask them which other words describe Jack and Kelly (*kind, clever*). Play the CD all the way through and ask the children to tick the words which describe each character.
- Check the answers.

Answers

3

Jack and Kelly: helpful, kind, clever Oscar: funny, clever, lazy Dr Wild: clever, kind, helpful

Complete the questions. Then ask and answer.

- Ask the children to look at the information about Aunt Sophie. Ask questions, e.g. What's her name? How old is she? What colour is her hair? etc.
- Tell the children to use the words at the top of the activity to complete the questions and answers.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 How / 30

- 3 is / brown
- 4 are / green
- 5 Animal Detective 6 What / British
- 7 live / lives in Bristol
- 8 are / flying planes, reading and sport.

Optional activity

Ask the children to work in pairs. One asks the questions from the activity. The other takes the role of Aunt Sophie and answers the questions. Alternatively they could ask each other the same questions about themselves.

Homework

- Ask the children to complete pp. 4-5 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 1 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

64

2)We're getting ready!

Objective: talk about what people are doing

Vocabulary: laptop, binoculars, compass, can opener, need, diary, torch

Grammar: Present continuous

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 1 and 2 flashcards

Warm-up

• Use the flashcards from the previous lesson to revise the adjectives (*clever, friendly, helpful*). Elicit other known adjectives from the previous lesson, e.g. *funny, lazy, kind*. Ask questions about the Fly High characters, e.g. *Is Toto clever? Are Kelly and Jack lazy? Is Oscar lazy?* etc.

Review

· Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥑 1 Track 06

- Say Open your book at page 8.
- Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Call out the words at random. Ask the children to spell them and point to the correct picture.

We're getting ready! 🥑 1 Track 06

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photo and the picture. Ask questions, e.g. *Who is looking at the laptop? Who are they talking to?*
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Where are Jack, Kelly and Aunt Sophie going? Are they taking (binoculars)? Has (Jack) got a (can opener)? etc.



Read and write.

- Identify the first picture (*binoculars*) and read out the example sentence. Show the children where they can find the answer in the story dialogue or in the photo/picture.
- Ask the children to identify the other objects and to write a similar sentence about each one.
- Check the activity.

Answers

1

- 2 Dr Wild has got the passports.
- 3 Jack has got a can opener.
- 4 Kelly has got a torch.
- 5 Kelly has got her diary.
- 6 Dr Wild has got a laptop.
- 7 Jack has got a compass.



Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences and questions in the grammar box.
- Write on the board I'm talking. You talking. He talking. Ask the children to fill the gaps. Then write the question form on the board in the same way: you talking? she talking? we talking? Ask individual children to come to the board

and complete the questions.

Ask individual children questions, e.g. Are you (sleeping)? Is (Alex) running? Are we (learning English)? etc. Elicit short answers from the class.

Look, ask and answer.

- Ask the children to look at the photo and name the characters (Mel, Harry, Beth and Kit).
- Ask four volunteers to read out the speech bubbles. Tell the class to follow the words as they listen.

- Ask more questions about the photo using the word prompts at the top of the activity, e.g. What's Harry wearing? Is Kit eating an apple? Is Mel drinking milk? etc.
- . Ask the children to work in pairs. Ask them to use the verb prompts to ask and answer questions about the photo.

3 Choose and write.

- Read the words at the top of the activity aloud with the class.
- Read the example question and answer. Then ask the children to complete each sentence using one of the words in the word bank.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 laptop
- 5 diary
- 3 binoculars Δ
- torch
- 6 can opener

4 Listen, choose and write. Then sing.



- Read the words at the top of the activity and the example sentence. Ask the children to use the words in the word bank to fill in the gaps.
- Play the CD. The children listen to the song and check their answers.
- Play the CD again and the children sing the song. See . Introduction, p.v for guidance on teaching songs.

Answers

2	know	6 called	
3	isn't	7 is	
4	don't	8 black	
5	want	9 find	

- Ask the children to complete pp. 6–7 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 2 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Dr Wild drives well.

Objective: describe how people do things

Vocabulary: well, carefully, badly, slowly, quietly, happily, quickly

Review: binoculars, need

Grammar: Adverbs of manner

Review: Present simple, present continuous

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up 🥑 1 Track 07

 Play the CD and ask the children to sing the song from the previous lesson.

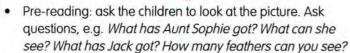
Review

· Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥑 1 Track 08

- Say Open your book at page 10.
- Present the new vocabulary with the pictures in the Pupil's Book.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress, i.e. the stress is on the first syllable in each word. <u>carefully</u>, <u>badly</u>, <u>slowly</u>, etc.

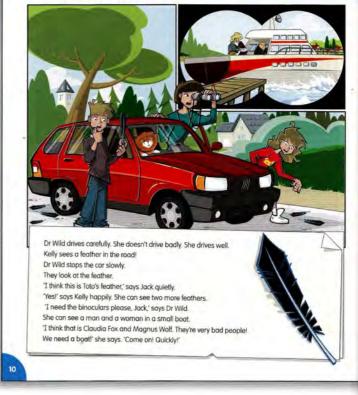
Dr Wild drives well. 🥏 1 Track 08



- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Does Dr Wild drive badly? Whose feathers are on the road? Are Claudia Fox and Magnus Wolf good people? Who have they got in their boat?



Dr Wild drives well.



Optional activity

Play the CD again and ask the children to mime the actions in the story, paying particular attention to the new vocabulary, e.g. they mime *carefully, quietly*, etc.

Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the grammar box. Focus the children's attention on how most adverbs are made by adding -ly or -ily to the adjective.
- Write some other known adjectives on the board, e.g. slow, quick, bad, kind, helpful, lazy. Ask individual children to come to the board and to write the corresponding adverb (slowly, quickly, badly, kindly, helpfully, lazily).
- Ask the children to look again at the story on page 10 and to circle all the adverbs.



Read the story and write True or False.

3 True

Read the example statement and answer with the class.

 Ask the children to look at the story on page 10 and decide whether the other statements are true or false.

4 False

Check the activity.

Answers

2 False

5 False

2) Match and write.

- Ask the children to look at the picture. Ask questions about what the people in the park are doing, e.g. *a. What's the baby doing? c. What are they doing?* etc.
- Ask the children to match the people to the activities below by writing a letter on each line.
- Read the words at the top of the picture aloud with the class. Ask the children to look at the picture and write the correct adverb in each sentence.
- Check the answers.

Answers

2 d/well

3 f/slowly

4 b/quickly

3) Think and write with Dr Wild.

 Ask the children to look at the picture of Dr Wild and ask a volunteer to read out her speech bubble.

5 c/happily

6 a/quietly

- Ask individual children questions using the verbs at the top of the activity. Ask *Do you sing (well)? Do you run (quickly)? Does your mum drive (carefully)?* etc. Use the lesson flashcards if you wish, to remind the class of the new vocabulary.
- Then ask the children to write sentences about themselves and their friends and family, using the verbs in the word bank and the adverbs from the lesson. Monitor and offer help as necessary.
- Ask individual children to read out one or two of their sentences.

Optional activity

Play a miming game with the class. Demonstrate first yourself. Choose a verb, e.g. *walk*, and mime doing the action in a particular way, using one of the adverbs learnt in the lesson, e.g. *quickly*. Elicit the sentence *You're walking quickly* from the class. You could make this into a team game. One person from each team comes to the front and mimes an action in a particular way. The other team describe what he/she is doing.

Homework

- Ask the children to complete pp. 8–9 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 3 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Quiz 1

• You can now use the photocopiable **Quiz 1**. See the **Active Teach** Resources section.

Let's phone Mel.

Objective: read a description; punctuate a sentence; listen for information: talk about what someone is doing

Vocabulary review: vocabulary from Lessons 1-4.

Grammar review: grammar from Lessons 1-4.

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

Play a game to revise vocabulary from the previous lesson. Give the children instructions to do various actions in a particular way, e.g. Stand up (quietly). Sit down (quickly). Open your books (carefully).

Review

1

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Look at the photo. Then read and circle.

- Say Open your book at page 12.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photo. Ask questions, e.g. Who is it? What's she doing? What does she look like? What's on the table? What can you see in the photos? etc.
- Ask the children to read the description and to circle the correct answer in each case.
- Check the activity by asking individual children to read out sentences.

Answers

- 1 long
- 2 brown
- 3 brown
- 4 brother

2

- 6 swimming 7 swimming
- 8 quickly
- 9 well
- 5 reading

Read and answer.

- Read out the example question and answer. Ask the children to point to the answer in the text.
- Ask the children to look at the text in Exercise 1 and answer questions 2-4.



Answers

- 2 playing on the computer, reading, swimming.
- 3 She helps her mum and dad. She goes out with her friends.
- 4 No, she isn't.

Writing Class: punctuation

Look at these examples. 3

- Read the example sentences with the class. Draw their attention to the punctuation highlighted in red. Ask them to point to a capital letter, an apostrophe, a comma, a question mark and a full stop. For each type of punctuation elicit when we use it (e.g. capital letters at the beginning of a sentence and for names).
- Ask the children to look again at Mel's homework and to circle all the capital letters, then count them (18). Ask them to do the same for the other types of punctuation listed in the box. Encourage the children to work in pairs so that they can help each other.
- Check the activity. ٠



Answers

- 2 6 apostrophes
- 3 5 commas
- 4 0 question marks
- 5 9 full stops

Listen and write the numbers. Then ask your friends and write. 🤗 1 Track 09

- Ask the children to look at the photos and read the words in the speech bubbles aloud with the class. Ask several children *What's your phone number?*
- Play the first part of the CD. Ask the children to point to the example as they listen.
- Play the CD all the way through, pausing to give the children time to write. Ask them to write the phone numbers.
- Check the answers.
- Divide the class into groups of four. Ask them to write the name of each person in the group on one of the cards on the right. Invite them to ask *What's your phone number?* and to write each person's phone number.

Answers Beth 3220698 Harry 4731109 Kit 7855021

- 5) Listen and circle. 🥏 1 Track 10
- Ask the children to look at the pictures. Say He's cooking. It's a school. etc. and ask them to point to the correct picture.
- Read the first question and play the first part of the CD. Ask the children to tell you where Kit is (at home) and show them how the answer is circled.
- Play the rest of the CD, pausing for the children to circle the correct picture each time.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 b 3 c 4 a 5 b 6 b

- Choose places from 5 and write. Then act it out.
- Read the speech bubbles aloud with the class. Ask them to use places and activities from Exercise 5 to complete the speech bubbles.
- Ask the children to work in pairs. One asks the questions and the other answers. Encourage them to act out the dialogue. They can do this more than once, substituting other places and activities as they wish.
- Ask volunteers to act out their dialogues in front of the class.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 10–11 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 4 Skills on their CD-ROM.

FlyHigh File

Objective: read and talk about where people come from, countries and nationalities

Grammar Review: grammar from Lessons 1-4

Materials: world map (optional)

Warm-up

- Ask Where are you from? What nationality are you? Elicit answers from the class.
- Use a world map and ask the children to find their country. Use the map to revise other countries and nationalities. Ask, e.g. Where is (England)?

Review

· Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Read about the United Kingdom.

- Say Open your book at page 14.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the flag in exercise 1. Ask What country is the flag from? Elicit The United Kingdom. Ask the children to tell you what they know about the United Kingdom, e.g. What is the capital city? What nationality are the people? What language do they speak? Invite the children to tell you anything else they know about the UK.
- Ask the children to read the text silently. Then ask some questions to check comprehension, e.g. Where is Heathrow airport?-What do you need to travel by plane?

Before reading an information text, elicit from the children what they know about the subject. This will engage and motivate them and will activate their knowledge and vocabulary so that they can understand the text better.

FlyHigh File: countries and nationalities

(1) Read about the United Kingdom.



2 Look and guess. Where do the children come from?

- Ask the children to look at the photos.
- Read the names of the countries aloud with the class.
 Encourage the children to tell you what they know about the countries, e.g. capital cities, nationality of the people and the language they speak.
- Ask them to guess where each of the children in the photos comes from.

3) Read and check. Then number.

- Ask a volunteer to read the example numbered text. Ask the children to tell you which of the children on page 14 the text describes.
- Ask them to read the other texts and match them to the children on page 14.
- · Check the activity.



Answers

Marina: photo 3 Marko: photo 2 Agata: photo 4

Read and complete.

- Ask the children to look at the first fact file. Ask them to look at the text in Exercise 3 to find the capital city, nationality and language of Argentina. Tell them to write the answers in the fact file.
- Ask the children to complete the other fact files.
- Check the answers.

Answers

Argentina, Buenos Aires, Argentinian, Spanish Russia, Moscow, Russian, Russian Poland, Warsaw, Polish, Polish Ukraine, Kiev, Ukrainian, Ukrainian

My Project

- Ask the children questions about the boy. Ask *What's his* name? Where does he live? What's his nationality? What language does he speak? etc.
- Ask a volunteer to read the text about Arda aloud.
- Ask the children to make their own 'passport' using the one on page 15 as a model.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 12–13 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do the reading activity for this File on their CD-ROM.

There was a storm.

Objective: talk about the weather yesterday

Vocabulary: storm, behind, windy, thunder and lightning, in front of

Grammar: There was/were/wasn't/weren't

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 5 Flashcards

Warm-up

 Ask What's the weather like today? Elicit the answer and revise weather words that the children know by drawing weather icons on the board, e.g. cloudy, rainy, sunny, snowy, hot, cold.

Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥑 1 Track 11

- Say Open your book at page 16.
- Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Call out the words at random. Ask the children to spell them and point to the correct pictures.

There was a storm. 🧼 1 Track 11



- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask questions, e.g. What's the weather like in picture (1)? Is it day or night? Who is on the boat? What has Claudia got?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Where were Jack and Kelly vesterday evening? Was it sunny? Was there a storm in the morning? Where do you think Toto was in the morning?





Yesterday evening we were on a small boat. Our boat was behind Claudia and Magnus's boat. We were near Toto but Dr Wild was worried. There were big black clouds in the sky. Suddenly there was heavy rain and it was very windy. There was a terrible storm with thunder and lightning. It was a bad night on the boat.

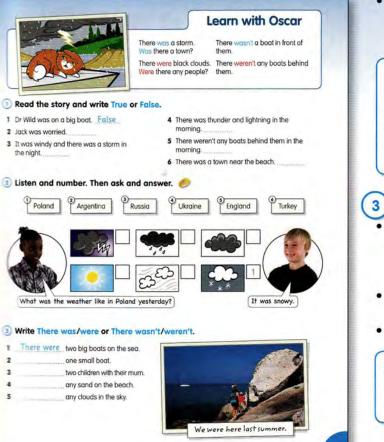


Optional activity

Ask several children to come to the front of the class. Give them instructions, e.g. Mark, stand in front of Anna. Anna, stand behind Mark. John, stand behind Anna. Ask the children to arrange themselves in the correct order. Involve more children and speed up the instructions to make the game more challenging.

Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the arammar box.
- Write on the board Today and Yesterday in two columns. In the Today column, write There is a storm. In the Yesterday column, write There _____ a storm. Ask the children to fill the gap. Do the same for There are clouds. There clouds.
- Write in the Today column sentences using isn't/aren't and questions, e.g. There aren't any boats. Are there any people? Is there a town? Ask individual children to come up to the board and write the sentences and questions in the past.



Read the story and write True or False.

- Read the example statement and answer with the class.
- Ask the children to look at the story on page 16 and decide whether the other statements are true or false.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2

2 False 3 True 4 False 5 True 6 True

Listen and number. Then ask and answer.

Track 12

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and elicit the weather in each one. Read the names of the countries aloud with the class.
- Play the CD. Pause after the first part. Show them the example number 1. Play the CD all the way through and ask the children to number the remaining pictures.

 Check the answers. Then read the speech bubbles aloud with the class. Ask the children to work in pairs, asking and answering about the weather in the various countries.

Answers

- 2 windy
- 3 cold and rainy
- 4 thunder and lightning
- 5 cloudy
- 6 sunny and hot

) Write There was/were or There wasn't/weren't.

- Ask the children to look at the photo and read the caption. Ask questions about the photo, e.g. What was the weather like? How many boats were there? Were there any children? Were there any clouds? etc.
- Ask the children to complete the sentences about the photo using the options in the rubric.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 There was
- 3 There were
- 4 There wasn't
- 5 There weren't

- Ask the children to complete pp. 14–15 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 5 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

We landed on a beach.

Objective: talk about what happened yesterday

Vocabulary: aquarium, town hall, police station, pet shop, museum, café

Grammar: Past simple regular: affirmative

Review: He / it wasn't, There were

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 6 Flashcards

Warm-up

- Ask the children what they can remember about the story in the previous lesson. Ask *Where were Kelly and Jack? Where was Toto? What was the weather like in the evening? Where were Kelly and Jack in the morning?*
- Talk about places you can visit in a town. Elicit known vocabulary from the class, e.g. *library, zoo, park, shops.*

Review

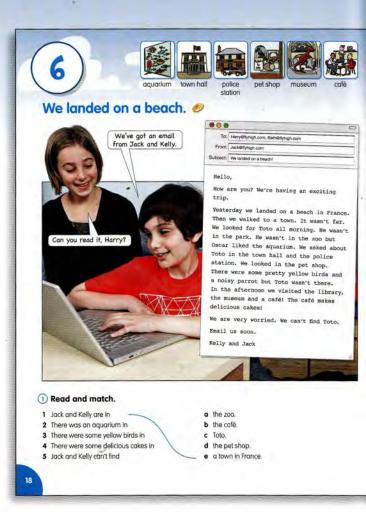
- · Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 6, What about you? Write about yesterday.

Vocabulary 🥑 1 Track 13

- Say Open your book at page 18.
- Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress, i.e. aquarium, town <u>hall</u>, police <u>sta</u>tion, <u>pet</u> shop, mu<u>seu</u>m, <u>ca</u>fé.

We landed on a beach. 🥏 1 Track 13

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photo. Ask questions, e.g. *Who is looking at the laptop? What are they reading? Who is the email from?*
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p.v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Was Toto in the park? Was he in the zoo? Was he in the pet shop? What animals were in the pet shop?



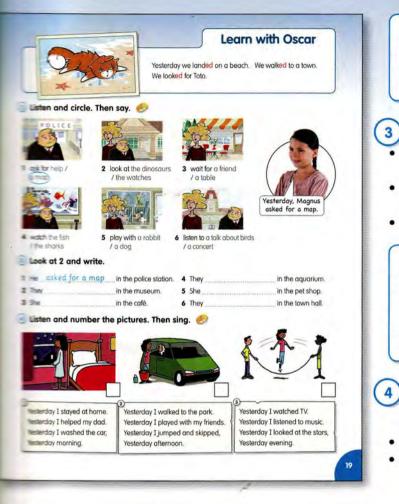
1) Read and match.

- Read the example sentence aloud and show the children how to match the sentences halves by drawing a line.
- Ask the children to read Kelly and Jack's email again and to match the remaining sentences.
- · Check the activity.

Answer	s			
2 a	3 d	4 b	5 c	

Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the grammar box.
- Write on the board *I walk to school… He plays football… We listen to music…* Say *Yesterday…* and elicit sentences in the past tense. Ask volunteers to write the sentences on the board.
- Ask individual children What did you do yesterday? Encourage them to answer using the past tense.



It is useful to practise the pronunciation of the past tense. Write on the board: I talked; I listened; I visited. Focus on the final sounds, i.e. /t/, /d/ and /Id/. Ask the children to repeat the words after you, paying particular attention to the pronunciation. Elicit other verbs in the past which end with each sound and write them in three columns on the board. e.g. /t/ looked, liked, watched, walked, helped, washed; /d/ played, stayed; /id/ waited, wanted, landed.

Listen and circle. Then say. 🥑 1 Track 14

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and to identify each place.
- Play the CD. Pause after the first part and show the children the circled answer.
- Play the rest of the CD, pausing after each part so that the children can circle the correct answer.
- Check the activity.
- Read the speech bubble aloud with the class. .
- Ask individual children to make sentences in the past tense ٠ using the information in questions 2-6.

Answers

4

- 2 the dinosaurs
- 3 a table
- 5 a doa 6 a talk about birds
- the sharks

Look at 2 and write.

- Read the example sentence aloud with the class and ask them to point to the corresponding picture in Exercise 2.
- Ask the children to complete sentences 2-6 using the information from Exercise 2.
- Check the activity. .

Answers

- 2 looked at the dinosaurs
- 3 waited for a table
- 4 watched the sharks
- 5 played with a doa
- listened to a talk about birds

Listen and number the pictures. Then sing.

Track 15

- Ask the children to look at the pictures.
- Play the CD. Pause after the first part and ask them which . picture it describes. Ask them to write a number 1 in the box next to the correct picture. Play the rest of the song, pausing after each part so that the children can number the pictures.
- Play the CD again and ask the children to sing the song.

Answers

Left to right: 3 1 2

- Ask the children to complete pp. 16–17 in their Activity Book. .
- The children can do Lesson 6 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Did you talk to them?

Objective: ask about what happened yesterday; describe people

Vocabulary: notice, blond, moustache, beard, thin, wavy, face

Grammar: Past simple regular: negatives and questions

Review: Past simple regular: affirmative; *There was, He/She was/wasn't*

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up 🥑 1 Track 15

 Play the CD and ask the children to sing the song from the previous lesson.

Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥑 1 Track 16

- Say Open your book at page 20.
- Present the new vocabulary with the pictures on page 20.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct sounds and word stress in *moust<u>ache</u>* [a:], *notice* [əʊ] and *wavy* [eI].

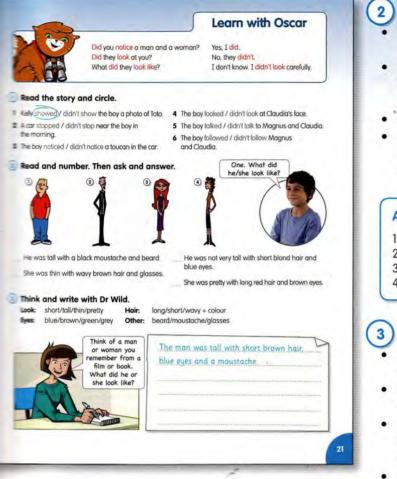
Did you talk to them? 🥑 1 Track 16

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask questions, e.g. Where are Jack and Kelly? Who is the man in picture 4? Who is the woman in picture 5? Do you think they've got Toto?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Did the boy see a toucan? Where was Toto? Was the man in the car tall? Did the boy see the woman's face? Did he talk to Magnus and Claudia?



Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the grammar box. Focus the children's attention on how negatives and questions are formed in the past tense.
- Write other known verbs and phrases on the board, e.g. play with your friends, listen to music, walk to school, help your mum. Ask the children to say whether they did or didn't do these things yesterday. e.g. I played with my friends. I didn't listen to music. Encourage them to do this in pairs.



Read the story and circle.

- Read the example sentence with the class.
- Ask the children to look at the story on page 20 and to circle the correct answer in numbers 2–6.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 stopped
- 3 noticed
- 4 didn't look

5 didn't talk6 didn't follow

Optional activity

You can use pictures from magazines to practise describing people. Play a game by showing a picture to the children very quickly, then asking *What did he/she look like*? It is useful to do this before doing Exercise 2 so that you can revise known vocabulary for describing people, e.g. *glasses, short, pretty, blue eyes, short/long hair,* etc.

Read and number. Then ask and answer.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask questions, e.g. Who has got a moustache / long hair? Who is thin / tall?
- Ask a volunteer to read the first description and to say which picture it describes (2). Ask the children to match the other descriptions to the pictures.
- Check the answers.
- Read the speech bubble aloud with the class. Ask the children to work in pairs. Invite them to ask and answer questions about the pictures.

Answers

- 1 He was not very tall with short blond hair and blue eyes.
- 2 He was tall with a black moustache and beard.
- 3 She was pretty with long red hair and brown eyes.
- 4 She was thin with wavy brown hair and glasses.

) Think and write with Dr Wild.

- Ask the children to look at the picture of Dr Wild and ask a volunteer to read out her speech bubble.
- Read the vocabulary prompts aloud with the class and read the example description.
- Then ask the children to write a description of a person they remember from a film or book, using the word prompts. Monitor and offer help as necessary.
- Invite individual children to read out their descriptions.

Optional activity

Ask the children to write their descriptions on a loose piece of paper. On another piece of paper ask them to draw a picture of the person they have described. Collect all the descriptions and pictures. Pin the pictures on the wall. Ask volunteers to read out the descriptions and ask the class to find the matching picture.

Homework

- Ask the children to complete pp. 18–19 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 7 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Quiz 2

• You can now use the photocopiable **Quiz 2**. See the **Active Teach** Resources section.



Objective: read a diary; listen for information; ask about buying tickets

Vocabulary review: vocabulary from Lessons 5-7.

Grammar review: grammar from Lessons 5-7, I'd like

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

 Ask the children what they did yesterday morning, afternoon and evening. Draw clocks on the board to revise the time expressions if necessary. Ask *Did you (learn English) yesterday morning? Did you (play football) in the afternoon? Did you (watch TV) in the evening?*

Review

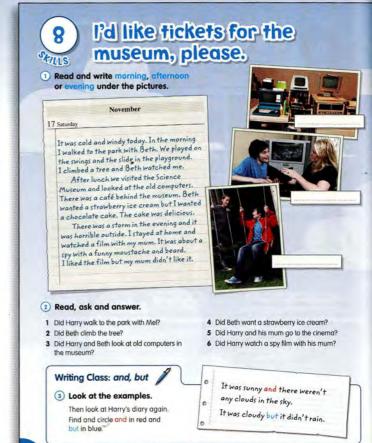
Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Read and write morning, afternoon or evening under the pictures.

- Say Open your book at page 22.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photos. Ask questions, e.g. How many computers can you see? Where do you think they are? Who is Harry talking to? Where are Harry and Beth? etc.
- Ask the children to look at the text and tell you where it comes from (a diary). Ask them to read the text and to label the pictures.
- Check the activity.

Answers

morning: played on the swings evening: watched TV afternoon: looked at computers



2) Read, ask and answer.

- Read out the first question. Ask the children to find the answer in the text. Ask a volunteer to answer No, he didn't.
- Ask the children to work in pairs and to answer questions 2–6. Tell them to write their answers in their notebooks.

Answers

22

- 1 No, he didn't.
- 2 No, she didn't.
- 3 Yes, they did.
- 4 Yes, she did.
- 5 No, they didn't.
- 6 Yes, he did.



Writing Class: and, but

Look at the examples.

- Read the example sentences with the class. Draw their attention to the words highlighted in red and blue and check that the children understand them.
- Ask the children to look again at Harry's diary and to circle . the words and and but. Encourage the children to work in pairs so that they can help each other.
- Check the activity.

Listen and number. Then say. 🤗 Track 17

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and ask what they can see.
- Play the first part of the CD. Ask the children to point to the example answer as they listen.
- Play the CD all the way through, pausing to give the . children time to number the pictures.
- Check the answers.
- Read the speech bubbles aloud with the class. Ask the ٠ children to work in pairs. One child asks the question and their partner answers. Then they swap roles.

- Ask the children to look at the tickets. Ask How much is a
- Play the first part of the CD again. Ask How many tickets would Harry like? How much are the tickets? Show the
- Play the rest of the CD, pausing for the children to write the

- Read the speech bubbles aloud with the class. Ask the
- answers. Encourage them to act out the dialogue. They can do this more than once, substituting other tickets and prices as they wish.
- Ask volunteers to act out their dialogues in front of the class.

Optional activity

Ask the children to make their own simple tickets. They can choose the place and price for each ticket. They can use these when acting out the dialogue to make it more memorable.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 20-21 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 8 Skills on their CD-ROM.

FlyHigh File

Objective: read and write about extreme weather conditions; make a weather wheel

Vocabulary: hurricane, last, flood, cause, tornado, produce, travel, destroy, natural disaster

Review: weather

Grammar Review: grammar from Lessons 5-8.

Materials: Lesson 5 Flashcards, card, scissors, weather wheel template

Warm-up

 Use the flashcards from Lesson 5 to revise weather vocabulary. Ask What's the weather like today? What was the weather like yesterday? Revise other known weather vocabulary.

Review

· Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Encourage the children to tell you what they know about hurricanes in English if possible, but use L1 when necessary.

Look and guess. Tick the true sentences.

- Say Open your book at page 24.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photos and tell you what they can see. Say *This is a hurricane*. Ask questions to find out what the children know about hurricanes: *Are they big or small? Is it windy or sunny in a hurricane? Where/When are there hurricanes?* Ask the children to tell you anything else they know about hurricanes.
- Read the sentences in the first lower caption and tell the children that the true sentence is ticked.
- Ask the children to read the rest of the text individually. Encourage them to guess and tick the true sentence in each case.
- Then ask the whole class which sentences they think are true. Encourage them to guess the meaning of the words in bold.

FlyHigh File: Hurricanes

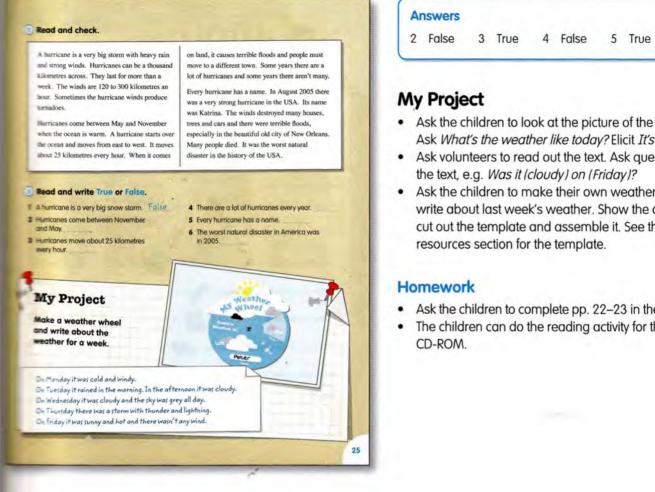


2) Read and check.

- Ask the children to read the text and check whether their predictions in Exercise 1 were correct.
- Check the activity by reading each sentence in Exercise 1 and asking *Is it true*?

Answers

- a Hurricanes cause terrible floods. ✓
- a Hurricanes can produce tornadoes. 🗸
- b A hurricane caused the worst natural disaster in the USA. \checkmark



The first time the children read the text, give them a time limit of e.g. five minutes. Encourage them to read quite quickly only to confirm the predictions they made in Exercise 1. Reassure them that they don't need to understand every word in the text.

Read and write True or False.

- Read the example statement and answer aloud with the class. Encourage them to show you where in the text they found the answer.
- Ask the children to read the other statements and decide if each is true or false.
- Check the activity.

- 6 True
- Ask the children to look at the picture of the weather wheel. Ask What's the weather like today? Elicit It's windy.
- Ask volunteers to read out the text. Ask questions about
- Ask the children to make their own weather wheel and to write about last week's weather. Show the children how to cut out the template and assemble it. See the Active Teach
- Ask the children to complete pp. 22-23 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do the reading activity for this File on their



Objective: review Lessons 1–8 Vocabulary review: vocabulary from Lessons 1–8. Grammar review: grammar from Lessons 1–8. Materials: Class CD

Warm-up 🥑 1 Track 15

 Sing the song from Lesson 6 to energise the children and to prepare them for the lesson.

Review

1

• Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Say it with Aunt Sophie.

- a) Listen and point. Then repeat. 🥮 1 Track 19
- Say Open your book at page 26.
- Play the CD. Ask the children to point to the words as they listen. Ask them to repeat the words, focussing on the pronunciation of the final sound. Draw their attention to the symbols used to indicate the sounds.
- b) Listen and circle. Then repeat. 🥝
- Track 20

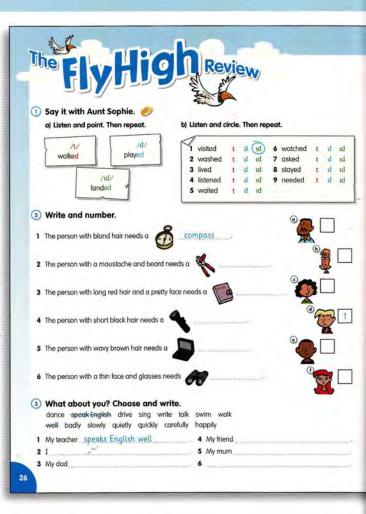
2

- Play the CD. Pause after the first word and show them how the correct symbol is circled. Play the rest of the CD pausing after each word for the children to repeat the word and circle the correct symbol.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2/t/ 3/d/ 4/d/ 5/td/ 6/t/ 7/t/ 8/d/ 9/td/

Using phonetic symbols can help the children with pronunciation. However this should not become too technical. To make it fun, draw the phonetic symbols for the activity on three large pieces of paper. Divide the class into three groups and give one child in each group one of the symbols to hold. Play the CD and each group stands up when they hear their sound. The child with the symbol holds it up for everyone to see.



Write and number.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and identify each object. Read the example and ask the children to complete sentences 2–6.
- Ask the children to look at the pictures of the people. Ask, e.g. Who has got a (moustache)? Read sentence number 1 again and ask the children to point to the person it describes.
- Ask them to match each of the remaining sentences to one of the people on the right.

Answers

- 2 a can opener
- 3 f diary 4 e torch
- 4 e torch 5 c laptop
- 6 b binoculars



What about you? Choose and write.

- Read the verbs and adverbs at the top of the activity. Ask the children to mime each of the adverbs to check understanding.
- Ask the children to use the word prompts to complete the sentences.
- Check the activity.

Read and write.

- Read the example sentence and answer aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to use the words at the top of the activity to complete the remaining sentences.
- Check the activity.

3 funny

Answers

2 lazy

4 clever

5 friendly

Listen and tick. 🥑 1 Track 21

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and ask them what they can see.
- Play the CD. Pause after the first part and ask *Did they visit* the pet shop or the aquarium? Elicit the aquarium and ask the children to tick the correct box.
- Play the rest of the CD, pausing after each exchange for the children to tick the correct picture.
- Check the activity.

Answers

1 aquarium 2 museum 3 police station 4 cinema

) Look and write.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and ask What's the weather like? Read the example sentence and answer aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to use the words at the top of the activity to complete the remaining sentences.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 a storm with thunder and lightning4 windy and cold
- 3 a lot of snow 5 cloudy

Review of Cycles 1 and 2

You can now review the language the children have learned in Cycles 1 and 2, in the following ways.

Word List

 Ask the children to review the vocabulary from Lessons 1-8. Tell them to use the Word List on p. 124 of their Pupil's Book.

Activity Book

• Do the **My English** section on p. 25 together in class. See Introduction p. ii for guidance.

Homework

- Tell the children to complete pp. 24–25 in their Activity Book for homework.
- The children can do the activity for Review 1 on their CD-ROM.

Progress Review 1

• You can now use photocopiable **Progress Review 1**. See the **Active Teach** Resources section.

Robinson Crusoe

Objective: read and listen to a story

Vocabulary: ill, tool, gun, knife, journey, land, island, tent, cave, strange, footprint

Vocabulary review: vocabulary from Lessons 1–8

Grammar Review: grammar from Lessons 1-8.

Materials: Class CD; weather wheels from FlyHigh File: Hurricanes lesson

Warm-up

- Use the weather wheels the children made in the Fly High File lesson to revise weather vocabulary. Ask What's the weather like today? and invite the children to show the correct weather on their wheel. Ask What was the weather like yesterday /on Monday? and ask them to do the same.
- Ask the children to do the activity in pairs.

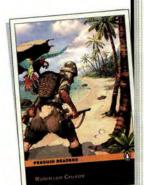
Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

If you have a copy of *Robinson Crusoe*, bring it into class to show the children. You can talk about the pictures on the front and back covers, and about any other pictures inside. You can also talk about other features of real books, e.g. the title, the author, the blurb on the back cover. This will help motivate the children to read.

Robinson Crusoe

🕦 Read and listen. 🥑





In September 1659 I leave Brazil for Africa with ten other men. It is very hot and the weather is good. But after twelve days there is a great storm. The sea plays with me for a very long time. It leaves me on the beach. I am very tired and ill. Where are all the other men? I don't know.

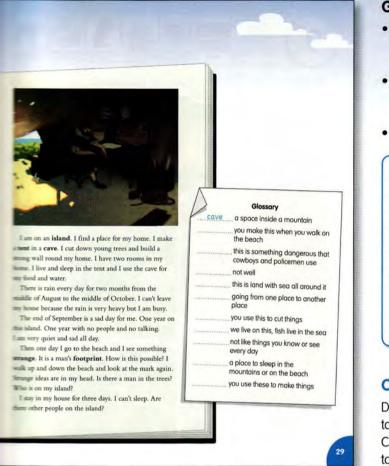
The sea is quiet now. I've got nothing with me – no food, no tools, no gun or knife. I swim to the ship and find many important things there: food and drink, guns, pens and paper, money, clothes, knives, books. I make a small boat and make eleven journeys between the beach and the ship. Then the storms start again and I stay on land.

The wind and rain are strong all night. The next morning I can't see the ship. It is under the sea, with my ten friends.



• Say Open your book at page 28.

Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures on pages 28-29 and tell you what they can see. Elicit known vocabulary, e.g. *man, beach, parrot, boat, storm.* Say *This is the story of Robinson Crusoe.* Ask whether any children have read the book in their own language. If so, encourage them to share what they can remember with the class (use L1 if necessary). Ask questions to prompt the children about the story: *Do you know the story of Robinson Crusoe? What happened to him?*



- Play the CD. Ask the children to follow the story in their books as they listen.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask How many men were there on Robinson Crusoe's ship? What was the weather like? What happened to the ship? Where did Robinson Crusoe live on the island? How long was Robinson Crusoe on the island? How did he feel? Were there other people on the island?

Glossary

- Ask the children to look at the Glossary on page 29. Read the example sentence and answer. Ask the children to find the word *cave* in the story text.
- Ask them to read the other definitions and find the corresponding words in the text. Tell them that all the words they need to find are in bold in the text.
- Check the activity.

Answers	
footprint	
gun	
ill	
island	
journeys	
knife	
land	
strange	
tent	
tools	

Optional activity

Divide the class into groups of three or four. Encourage them to act out the story. Ask one child to play the part of Robinson Crusoe. The other children read the story out loud, taking turns to read one paragraph at a time. Encourage them to put as much expression into their reading as they can.

Homework

Ask the children to complete pp. 26–27 in their Activity Book.

Magnus and Claudia had an accident!

Objective: talk about events in the past Vocabulary: farm, cow, grass, owl, pond, bull Grammar: Past simple irregular: affirmative Review: Past simple regular Materials: Class CD; Lesson 9 Flashcards

Warm-up

 Ask questions to remind the children of the Fly High story so far. Ask Who is missing from the zoo? Who has got Toto? Are Claudia and Magnus good people? Where did Jack and Kelly look for him? Was he in the town? Where is Toto now?

Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.



- Say Open your book at page 30.
- Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the long vowel sounds /au/ in cow and owl, and /a:/ in grass and farm. Practise the short vowel sounds /b/ in pond and /u/ in bull.



Magnus and Claudia had an accident!

💛 🕇 Track 23

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask questions, e.g. Where are Jack and Kelly? What animals can you see? What are they eating? What happened to Claudia and Magnus's car? Are they happy?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask *What did Jack hear? Did Magnus drive his car well? Who fell in the duck pond? Were the ducks happy? Did a cow chase Claudia and Magnus?*



Learn with Oscar

- Ask a volunteer to read out Oscar's thought bubble. Tell the children that not all verbs in the past are formed by adding -ed. Then read the verbs in the grammar box aloud with the class.
- Write the verb infinitives on the board (see, ao, hear, have, ٠ drive, fall). Ask volunteers to come up to the board and write the past forms.
- Play a game to help the children remember the past forms. Divide the class into two. Ask one half to shout out the infinitives. The other group shouts out the corresponding past form. Then the groups swap over.

Optional activity

Ask the children to make verb cards in pairs. Player A writes the infinitives of the verbs see, go, hear, have, drive, fall on a piece of paper and cuts them out. Player B writes the past forms of the verbs and cuts them out. They shuffle the cards together and lay them facing down on the table. Player A picks up two cards. If the two cards are a matching pair, e.g. see and saw, Player A keeps the cards. If the cards don't match Player A puts them back on the table in the same position. Player B has a turn. The aim of the game is to win as many matching pairs as possible.

Read the story and correct one word.

- Read the example aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to look at the story on page 30 and correct sentences 2-5.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 walked drove
- 3 swam fell
- happy angry 4
- 5 mouse bull

Listen and number. 🥑 1 Track 24 2



- Ask the children to look at the picture and ask Where are Claudia and Magnus? What animals can you see? What noise does a (cow) make? Encourage the children to make the animal noises.
- Play the CD. Pause after the first part and show them the example number 1. Play the CD all the way through and ask the children to number the animals.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 horse 3 owl

4 bull



Choose and write.

- Read the verbs at the top of the activity. Ask a volunteer to read the example. Do the rest of the exercise orally. Read out the text and ask the children to fill the gaps .
- Ask the children to write the answers individually in their Pupil's Book.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 saw
- 5 heard 6 fell
- 3 had 4 went

- Ask the children to complete pp. 28-29 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 9 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.



Objective: ask about events in the past Vocabulary: scared, confused, nervous, unhappy Review: farm, cow, owl, bull, pond Grammar: Past simple irregular: negatives and questions Review: Past simple irregular: affirmative

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 9 Flashcards

Warm-up

- Use the flashcards from Lesson 9 to revise vocabulary.
- Show each flashcard and ask the children to tell you the word. Take one flashcard away but do not let the children see which one you have removed. Show them the remaining five flashcards. Ask them to say the word each time and then tell you which flashcard is missing. Repeat the activity, removing a different flashcard each time.

Review

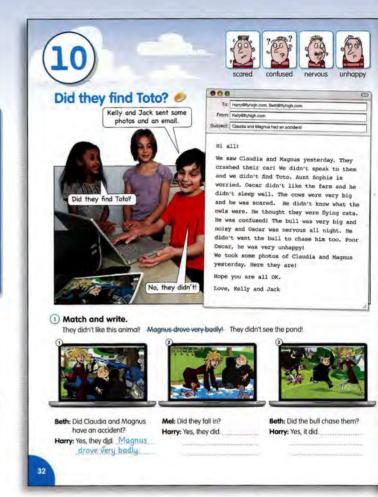
Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥑 1 Track 25

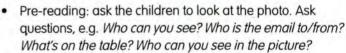
- Say Open your book at page 32.
- Present the new vocabulary with the pictures on page 32.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress, i.e. scared, confused, nervous, unhappy. Also practise the sounds /3:/ in nervous and /ea/ in scared.

Optional activity

Play a miming game to practise the new vocabulary and to revise other adjectives. Mime being scared and ask *How do I feel?* Elicit *You're scared*. Ask volunteers to mime the new adjectives and some known ones, e.g. *happy, excited, angry, worried*. Ask the class to guess what they are miming.



Did they find Toto? 🥑 1 Track 25



- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask *Did Jack and Kelly find Toto? Did* Oscar like the farm? How did he feel?

Match and write.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see.
- Ask volunteers to read out the dialogue for picture 1 and the example answer. Then ask the children to complete the dialogues for pictures 2 and 3.
- Check the activity.

Answers

1

- 2 They didn't see the pond!
- 3 They didn't like this animal!

Jan C	the state	Lean	n with Oscar
		r <mark>sleep</mark> well? dn't. He d <mark>idn't sleep</mark> all nigh	Did he hear the owl? It. Yes, he did.
hoose and write			
unhappy	scared confused		
	7.7		
people!	Help! I don't like big dogs. 2	Here or there?	
see have			
see have	with your friends/to the ciner ad and honey for breakfast/c hite cat/your best friend/a fu	ma/to school a good time at school/fun inny film	
see have	with your friends/to the ciner ad and honey for breakfast/c hite cat/your best friend/a fu ith your friends yesterda	ma/lo school a good time at school/fun inny film y? 3 4	
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ga out ga out aw aw bec aw bec ga out w bec ga out w bec ga out w	with your friends/to the ciner and honey for breakfast/ hite cat/your best friend/a fu th. your friends yesterdan bu go out with your friend Then sing. Did you (1) have a good day Did you (2) have a good day Did you (2) have a good day Did you (2) have a good day Did you (3) have a good day	ma/lo school a good time at school/fun nny film y? 3 4 s yesterday? No y yesterday? Did you (6) blawing? Did you go ta	, I didn't.
ga out ga out aw aw bec aw bec ga out w bec ga out w bec ga out w	with your friends/to the ciner d and honey for breakfast/c hite cat/your best friend/a fu th. your friends yesterday bu go out with your friend . Then sing. arr -have- laugh dance Did you (1) have a good day Did you sing? Did you (2) Did you sing? Did you (2) Did you sing? (3) 	ma/lo school a good time at school/fun nny film y? 3 4 s yesterday? No y yesterday? Did you (6) ? blowing? Did you go (7) bour friends, Did you (7) hem too? And sitting in	the wind the sea? the birds flying threes?
ga out ga out aw aw bec aw bec ga out w bec ga out w bec ga out w	with your friends/to the ciner of and honey for breakfast/ hite cat/your best friend/a fu ith your friends yesterday by go out with your friend . Then sing. Bear -have laugh dance Did you (1) have a good day Did you sing? Did you (2) Did you sing? Did you (2) Did you play? (3)you talk to yo	ma/lo school a good time at school/fun nny film y? 3 4 s yesterday? No y yesterday? Did you (6) ? blowing? Did you got Did you got (7) hem too? And sitting in Did you haw	, I didn't. the wind b the seo? the birds flying

Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the questions and answers in the grammar box.
- Write on the board ______ you _____ to the park volunteer to come to the board and fill the gaps. Ask other children the same question and encourage them to answer Yes, I did. or No, I didn't.
- Write the following prompts on the board: sleep well, have breakfast, go to school, drive a car, see your grandma. Elicit questions in the past. Encourage the children to ask each other questions using the prompts.

It is useful to get the children to ask and answer questions in open pairs, i.e. across the class. This gives you an opportunity to monitor and correct errors before the children go on to work in closed pairs.

Choose and write.

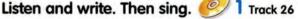
- Ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see.
- Read the example sentence aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to use the words at the top of the activity to write sentences about pictures 2-4.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 He's scared.
- 3 He's confused.
- 4 She's unhappy.

3 Complete, then write four questions. Then ask and answer.

- Read number 1 aloud with the class. Ask them to tell you which verbs they should use for numbers 2 and 3 (have/see).
- Read the example question. Ask the children to choose three more expressions and to write three questions, using the example as a model.
- Ask several children to read out their questions. Then ask the children to work in pairs and ask their partner the questions they have written.



- Ask a volunteer to read the example. Ask the children to fill the gaps in the text, using the words at the top of the activity.
- Play the CD and tell the children to check their answers.
- Play the CD again and ask the children to sing the song.

Answers

- 2 dance 5 Was 3 Did 4 laugh
 - 6 hear 7 see

- Ask the children to complete pp. 30-31 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 10 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Claudia couldn't hear.

Objective: talk about illnesses; read and write about what people could or couldn't do

Vocabulary: well, cold, headache, sore throat, earache, ill, stomachache

Review: pond, unhappy

Grammar: could/couldn't

Review: Past simple

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 11 Flashcards

Warm-up 🧼 1 Track 26

Play the CD and ask the children to sing the song from the previous lesson.

Review

- Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 6, What about you? Write true sentences about your day yesterday.

Vocabulary 🥙 1 Track 27

- Say Open your book at page 34.
- Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the sound /e1k/ in headache, earache and stomachache.

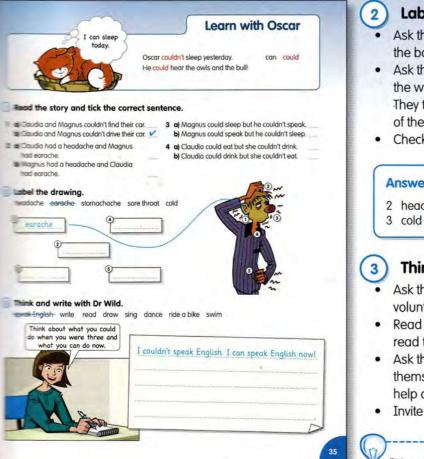




Claudia couldn't hear. 🧼 1 Track 27



- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the picture. Ask questions, e.g. Where are Claudia and Magnus? Are they well? Where's Toto? Is he happy?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Has Magnus got earache? Has he got a cold? Has Claudia got a headache? Did they go out? Did Toto like Claudia and Magnus?



Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the grammar box. Focus the children's attention on the past form of can.
- Say I can read today. Yesterday ... Elicit I could read. Repeat using can't/couldn't. Say I can't swim today. Yesterday ... Elicit I couldn't swim.
- Write on the board: I can crv. When I was a baby . I read. Ask the children to fill the gaps.

Read the story and tick the correct sentence.

- Read the first two sentences aloud with the class. Ask them which one is true and show them the example tick.
- Ask the children to look again at the story on page 34 and to tick the correct sentence in numbers 2-4.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 b 3 b 4 b

Label the drawing.

- Ask the children to look at the picture and say the parts of the body numbered 1-5.
- Ask the children to look at the example. Ask them to write the words at the top of the activity inside the other labels. They then draw a line from each label to the matching part of the body.
- Check the answers.

Answers

2 headache

- 4 sore throat
- 5 stomachache

Think and write with Dr Wild.

- Ask the children to look at the picture of Dr Wild and ask a volunteer to read out her speech bubble.
- Read the vocabulary prompts aloud with the class and read the example sentence.
- Ask the children to write three or four sentences about themselves, using the word prompts. Monitor and offer help as necessary.
- Invite individual children to read out what they have written.

It is useful to do this type of activity orally first, before asking the children to write. This will help to give them confidence and ideas for writing. Ask volunteers around the class to make sentences using the words prompts.

Homework

- Ask the children to complete pp. 32–33 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 11 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Quiz 3

You can now use the photocopiable Quiz 3. See the Active Teach Resources section.



Objective: read a letter; listen for information; talk about being ill

Vocabulary review: vvocabulary from Lessons 8-11.

Grammar review: grammar from Lessons 8–11.

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

- Play a miming game to revise vocabulary from Lesson 11.
- Mime one of the illnesses, e.g. clutch your head to mime headache and say I'm not well. I've got a ______. Elicit headache. Repeat with the other illnesses. Ask volunteers to mime some of the illnesses while the rest of the class guess.

Review

· Check the homework from the previous lesson.

1) Read the letter and answer the questions.

- Say Open your book at page 36.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the text and ask What is it? Elicit It's a letter. Encourage the children to talk about when they write letters and to whom. Ask Do you write letters? Who do you write to? Why?
- Read the first question and ask the children to quickly find the answer. Do the same for questions 2 and 3.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 1 Dear Grandma
- 2 Love from Mel
- 3 They went to a farm.



You could make this into a race to encourage the children to find the answers quickly. In this type of reading activity it is important that the children do not spend too much time reading the text in detail. They should 'scan' the text quickly in order to find the answers to questions 1-3, but do not need to read or understand every word in the text.

Read and tick the correct pictures.

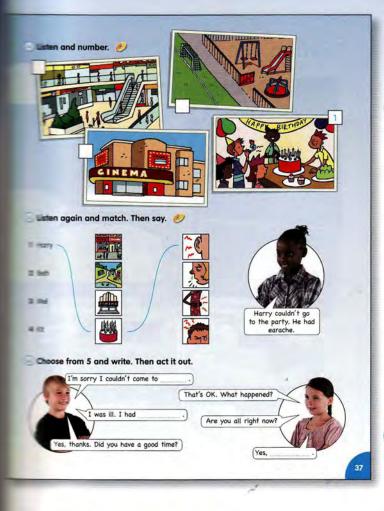
- Ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see.
- Ask them to read the letter again and tick the correct pictures.
- Check the activity by asking *Was Mel at Grandma's birthday? Could she ride the horse well? Did she go to school on Monday?*

Answers

2

1 a 2 a 3

3 b



Writing Class: on, in, at

Look at the examples.

- Read the example sentences with the class. Draw their attention to the highlighted words and make sure the children understand how they are used.
- . Ask the children to look again at Mel's letter and to circle the words on, in and at in different colours. Encourage the children to work in pairs so that they can help each other.
- Check the activity.

Listen and number. 🥑 1 Track 28

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see.
- Play the first part of the CD. Ask the children to point to the example answer as they listen.
- Play the CD all the way through, pausing to give the children time to number the pictures.
- Check the answers.

Answers 2 cinema 3 shops

4 park

5 Listen again and match. Then say.

🥏 1 Track 29

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and identify the places and illnesses.
- Play the first part of the CD again and ask the children to follow the example matching line. Ask a volunteer to read the girl's speech bubble.
- Play the rest of the CD, pausing for the children to match the names and pictures.
- Check the activity. Then ask the children to talk about the pictures in pairs, using the speech bubble as a model.

Answers

6

- 2 Beth / cinema / stomachache
- 3 Mel / shops / cold
- 4 Kit / park / headache

Choose from 5 and write. Then act it out.

- Read the speech bubbles aloud with the class. Ask them to use two of the pictures from Exercise 5 to complete the speech bubbles.
- Ask the children to work in pairs. In turn, one asks the questions and the other answers. Encourage them to act out the dialogue. They can do this more than once, substituting other places and illnesses as they wish.
- Ask volunteers to act out their dialogues in front of the class.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 34-35 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 12 Skills on their CD-ROM.

FlyHigh File

Objective: read and write about dinosaurs Vocabulary: continent, plant, lizard, land, sea, sky Vocabulary review: vocabulary from Lessons 9–12. Grammar Review: grammar from Lessons 5–12. Materials: paper

Warm-up

- Ask the children to tell you the names of animals they know, e.g. *cat, dog, parrot, owl, cow, horse, bull.* Write the words on the board.
- Say, e.g. I'm big. I'm brown and white. I eat grass. I can make milk. I live on the farm. Ask the children to guess the animal (cow). Repeat with other animals.

You could make this into a team game. Divide the class into two teams. The first team to answer correctly wins a point. Encourage the children to put their hands up if they know the answer, rather than shouting out.

Review

· Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Look and guess.

- Say Open your book at page 38.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see. Say *These are dinosaurs*. Ask questions to find out what the children know about dinosaurs: *Are there dinosaurs today? When did they live? Were they big or small? What happened to the dinosaurs?* Invite the children to tell you anything else they know about dinosaurs.
- Read the questions at the bottom of the page and encourage the children to guess the answers. Tell them they don't need to read the dinosaur names at this stage.

FlyHigh File: Dinosaurs

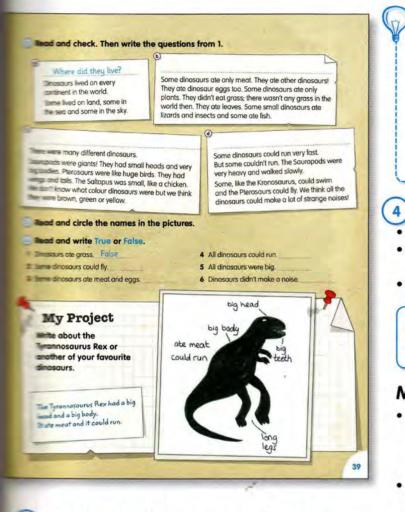


2) Read and check. Then write the questions from 1.

- Ask a volunteer to read out the first text and the example question.
- Ask the children to read the other texts quickly. Tell them to choose one of the questions from Exercise 1 to write at the top of each text.

Answers

- b What did they eat?
- c What did they look like?
- d What could they do?



Read and circle the names in the pictures.

Ask the children to look again at the pictures on page 38.

- Read the example answer for picture 1. Ask the children to look again at the texts on page 39 and tell you where the answer is.
- Ask the children to read the texts on page 39 again and circle the correct dinosaur name in each picture.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 Pterosaur
- 3 Kronosaurus
- 4 Sauropod

You may find the following pronunciation tips for dinosaur names useful.

Saltopus	<u>Sal</u> -toe-puss
Pterosaur	<u>Te</u> r-a-sor
Sauropod	<u>Saw-</u> ra-pod
Kronosaurus	Kro-na- <u>saw</u> r-us
Brachiosaurus	Brack-ee-oh- <u>saw</u> -rus

Read and write True or False.

- Read the example statement and answer.
- Ask the children to read the texts in Exercise 2 again and decide whether the statements are true or false.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 True 3 True 4 False 5 False 6 False

My Project

- Ask the children to look at the picture of the dinosaur. Ask them if they know its name (T-Rex). Ask the children what they know about the T-Rex. Ask *Was it big or small? What did it eat? Could it run?*
- Ask volunteers to read out the labels on the picture and the text.
- Ask the children to choose their favourite dinosaur and to write about it using the text about the T-Rex as a model.

If the children are interested and want to find out more about dinosaurs, discuss where they could find more information, e.g. in reference books, encyclopaedias, on the internet.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 36–37 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do the reading activity for this File on their CD-ROM.

13) They went through the town.

Objective: give directions

Vocabulary: train station, road, market, castle, bridge

Review: farm

Grammar: Prepositions of movement: *along, past, across, around, through*

Review: Present simple, past simple

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 13 Flashcards

Warm-up

• Write on the board *In town*. Ask the children to work in pairs and write down all the places they can think of in a town. Give them a time limit of, e.g. two minutes and tell them that the pair with the longest list will be the winners. At the end of the game ask various pairs to read out their lists. Elicit words such as *park*, *shops*, *supermarket*, *cinema*, *hotel*, *river*, *playground*, *swimming pool*.

Review

- Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite several children to read out their projects about Dinosaurs.

Vocabulary 🥑 1 Track 30

- Say Open your book at page 40.
- · Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the long vowel sounds /a:/ in market and castle, /əu/ in road and /ei/ in train station.

They went through the town.

🥑 1 Track 30

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the picture. Ask questions, e.g. What have Jack and Kelly got? What can you see on the map? Who can you see in the train station?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask What is Magnus doing in the train station? Where is the station? Did Claudia and Magnus get in their car? Where do you think they are going?



Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read the captions in the grammar box.
 Ask the children to follow the direction of the arrows in each picture as they listen.
- Draw a very simple map on the board with the following items: a road with a park on one side and a castle on the other side. Draw several routes on the map with your finger, e.g. go along the road/past the castle/around the castle/through the park/across the road. Elicit sentences from the children about which direction you are going.
- Ask volunteers to come to the board. Say, e.g. Go across the road. Ask them to draw the route on the map with their finger or with pen. Repeat with other volunteers and directions.

		-	5	Learn w	ith Oscar
Discor went	post the market	across the bridge,	around		
and the stor	y and match.				4
	ildren went past	_	a the park.		
er ment around		1	b the bridg		
er went across			c the train		
e ent through	1		d the castle		
esi ment to			e the mark	et.	
sten and tic	e. 🥑				
	castle	superm	harket	bridge	market
ick and writ					
ess through	around past all	ong		 The boy wa the farm. He walked the field. He ran the forest He went the mountain 5 He ran the beach. 	

Read the story and match.

- Read the example aloud with the class and ask the children to follow the matching line.
- Ask the children to look at the story on page 40 and match the remaining sentences.
- Check the activity.

Answers 2 d 3 b 4 a 5 C

Listen and tick. 🤗 1 Track 31

- Ask the children to look at the pictures. Say Point to the (supermarket). Ask the children to look at the arrow in each picture and elicit the prepositions along, around, past, across, through.
- Play the CD. Pause after the first part and show them the example tick. Play the CD all the way through and ask the children to tick the correct pictures.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 train station

- 3 hotel
- 4 bridge 5 market

Look and write. 3

- Ask the children to look at the picture and tell you what they can see. Elicit a farm, a forest, a mountain, a river, a beach.
- Read the example answer. Ask the children to follow the boy's footprints from the farm to the beach and to complete the sentences.
- Check the activity.

Answers 2 across 4 around

- 3 through
- 5 along

Optional activity

Ask the children to draw their own simple maps, using some of the elements from the lesson. Ask them to give each other simple directions in pairs, e.g. Go along the (road). Go through the (park). Tell them to trace the directions on the map with their finger.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 38–39 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 13 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

How much were the tickets?

Objective: describe a quantity of people or things

Vocabulary: money, seat, search, carriage, look after, luggage

Grammar: Quantifiers: much, many, a lot of, a little, a few

Review: Present continuous, past simple

Materials: Class CD, Lesson 13 Flashcards

Warm-up

- Use the flashcards from Lesson 13 to revise vocabulary.
- Show each flashcard and ask the children to tell you the word. Then show a flashcard covered with a piece of paper. Slowly slide the paper down and encourage the children to guess what the picture on the flashcard is before you reveal the whole picture.

Review

- Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 6, Choose and write about your journey to school.

Vocabulary 🥙 1 Track 32

- Say Open your book at page 42.
- Present the new vocabulary with the pictures on page 42.
- Use extra repetition to practise the sound /1d3/ in carriage and luggage.

How much were the tickets? (2) 1 Track 32

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the picture. Ask . questions, e.g. Who can you see? Where are they? What's Jack doing? Who do you think he's talking to?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask How much were the train tickets? Have Jack and Kelly got much money? Are there many people on the train? Are Claudia and Magnus on the train?



Read and match. 1

Ask a volunteer to read out the example.

- Ask the children to match the remaining questions and answers.
- Check the activity.

Ar	swers								
2	с	3	f	4	d	5	a	6	b

Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the questions and answers in the grammar box.
- Write the words luggage and people on the board in two columns. Say other words from the story, e.g. seats, tickets, children, money, milk. Ask the children which column each word should go in and check they understand why.
- Write on the board there children? there money? Ask a volunteer to come to the board and fill the gaps.



There many children. There a little money. There much money. Ask other volunteers to come and fill the gaps. Use the other word prompts on the board for oral practice.

Look and say There isn't much .../There aren't many

- Ask the children to look at the picture and tell you what they can see.
- Ask Is there much (spaghetti)? and Are there many (carrots)? Elicit answers.
- Ask the children to talk about the picture in pairs, using the word prompts at the top of the activity.
- Check the activity by asking several children to say their sentences aloud.

It may help the children if you write the word prompts in two columns on the board first. Write the countable nouns in one column and the uncountable nouns in another. Write the appropriate question form at the top of

Now circle and write a little or a few.

- Read the example aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to circle the correct word and complete
 - 5 is/alittle 6 are / a few

Listen and circle. Then sina. 🥝 1 Track 33



- Ask the children to look at the picture and tell you what
- Read the first few lines and the example sentence. Then ask the children to circle the correct words in the remaining text.
- Play the CD and tell the children to check their answers.
- Play the CD again and ask the children to sing the song.

Answers

- 2 little 3 not many
- 4 few 5 not much

- Ask the children to complete pp. 40-41 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 14 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.



Objective: describe a picture and people in the class Vocabulary: stew, rice, cabbage, steak, peas Grammar: somebody/anybody/nobody, something/anything/nothing Materials: Class CD 1 and 2; Lesson 15 Flashcards



 Play the CD and ask the children to sing the song from the previous lesson.

Review

• Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥑 2 Track 02

- Say Open your book at page 44.
- Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the long vowel sounds /ju:/ in stew, /ai / in rice, /ei / in steak and /i:/ in peas. Practise the correct word stress in cabbage.

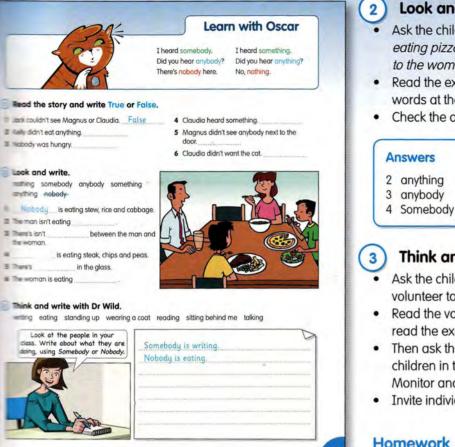
I heard something! 🥏 2 Track 02

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask questions, e.g. *Where are Jack and Kelly? What are Claudia and Magnus doing?*
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask What's Claudia eating? Has she got lots of cabbage? Did Magnus hear anything? Did they see Jack and Kelly? Did Claudia like Oscar?



Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the questions and statements in the grammar box.
- Say I can see somebody with (blond hair). Ask the children to identify the person in the classroom. Then say I can see something (blue). Ask them to identify the thing in the classroom. Invite volunteers to say sentences, using something /somebody.
- Write on the board I can see ______ with blond hair? I can see ______ with blond hair? I can see ______ blue. Can you see ______ blue? Ask volunteers to come up and fill the gaps.



Optional activity

Play a game of I-Spy with the class. Think of a person ar object in the classroom. Say I spy with my little eye, something beginning with (B). (board). Or I spy with my little ere somebody beginning with (J). (John). The children have to guess what or who you are thinking of. Invite volunteers to have a turn saying I Spy, and encourage the class to guess the answers.

Read the story and write True or False.

- Read the example aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to look again at the story on page 44 and to decide whether sentences 2-6 are true or false.
- Check the activity.

1

Answers 2 True 3 False 4 True 5 True 6 False

Look and write.

- Ask the children to look at the picture. Ask, e.g. Is anybody eating pizza? What is the man drinking? Who's sitting next to the woman? etc.
- Read the example sentence. Ask the children to use the words at the top of the activity to complete sentences 2-6.

5 nothing

6 something

Check the answers.

- 2 anything

Think and write with Dr Wild.

- Ask the children to look at the picture of Dr Wild and ask a volunteer to read out her speech bubble.
- Read the vocabulary prompts aloud with the class and read the example description.
- Then ask the children to write sentences about what the children in the class are doing, using the word prompts. Monitor and offer help as necessary.
- Invite individual children to read out their sentences.

Homework

- Ask the children to complete pp. 42-43 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 15 Vocabulary and Learn with . Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Quiz 4

 You can now use the photocopiable Quiz 4. See the Active Teach Resources section.



Objective: read a report; listen for information; order food from a menu

Vocabulary review: vocabulary from Lessons 9–15.

Grammar review: What would you like? I'd like ... I'll have ...

Review: grammar from Lessons 5-15.

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

 Ask the children if they have been on any school trips recently. Ask Where did you go? How did you get there? What did you see? What did you have for lunch? Did you have a good time? Encourage them to tell you as much as possible about the trip. If the children haven't been on a school trip then they can talk about a family outing instead.

Review

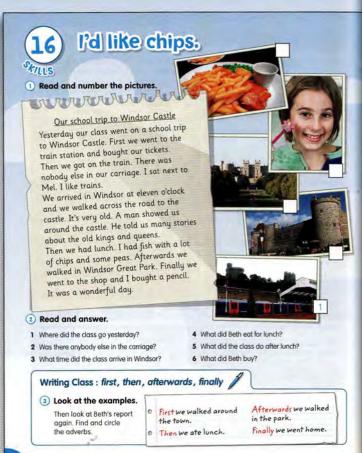
• Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Read and number the pictures.

- Say Open your book at page 46.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photos. Tell
 them Beth went on a school trip. Ask questions, e.g. Where
 did she go? How did she get there? What did she see? Ask
 the children if they know the name of the castle (Windsor
 Castle). Ask Where is Windsor Castle? Who lives at Windsor
 Castle? If anyone in the class has visited Windsor Castle,
 ask them to tell the class what they saw there.
- Ask the children to look at the text and tell you what it is (a report of a school trip). Ask a volunteer to read out the first few sentences and point to the example number 1.
- Ask the children to read the text and to number the remaining pictures.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 Windsor Castle
- 3 fish and chips
- 4 park
- 5 Beth with pencil

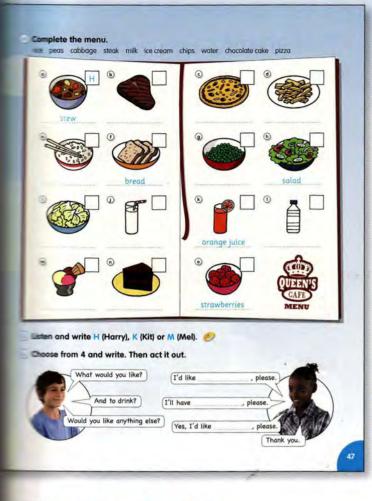


Read and answer.

- Read out the first question. Ask the children to find the answer in the text. Ask a volunteer to answer *They went to Windsor Castle*.
- Ask the children to work in pairs and to answer questions 2-6. Tell them to write their answers in their notebooks.

Answers

- 1 They went to Windsor Castle.
- 2 No, there wasn't.
- 3 They arrived at 11 o'clock.
- 4 She had fish with chips and peas.
- 5 They walked in Windsor Great Park.
- 6 She bought a pencil.



Writing Class: first, then, afterwards, finally

Look at the examples.

- Read the example sentences with the class. Draw their attention to the words highlighted in red and check that the children understand how to use them.
- Ask the children to look again at Beth's report and to circle the words first, then, afterwards and finally in the text. Encourage the children to work in pairs so that they can help each other.
- Check the activity.

Complete the menu.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask What's this? Elicit It's a menu. Ask the children where they use a menu.
- Say Point to the (chips). Ask volunteers to read the example. words on the menu.
- Ask the children to label the remaining pictures on the menu using the words at the top of the page.
- Check the activity.

Answers

b	steak	с	pizza	d	chips	е	rice
g	peas	i	cabbage	j	milk	1	water
m	ice cream	n	chocolate cake				

5 Listen and write H (Harry), K (Kit) or M (Mel).

2 Track 03

- Play the first part of the CD. Ask the children to point to the example H as they listen. Ask them to write an H next to the other food that Harry chose.
- Play the CD all the way through, pausing to give the children time to label the food that Kit (K) and Mel (M) chose.
- Check the answers.

Answers

- H stew, rice, cabbage, water, chocolate cake
- K steak, chips, peas, orange juice, ice cream
- M pizza, salad, bread, milk, strawberries

6

Choose from 4 and write. Then act it out.

- Read the speech bubbles aloud with the class. Ask them to use the information from Exercise 4 to complete the speech bubbles as they wish.
- Ask the children to work in pairs. In turn, one asks the questions and the other answers. Encourage them to act out the dialogue. They can do this more than once, substituting other food and drink as they wish.
- Ask volunteers to act out their dialogues in front of the class.

Optional activity

Ask the children to make their own menus. They can use these when acting out the dialogue to make it more memorable.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 44-45 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 16 Skills on their CD-ROM.

FlyHigh File

Objective: read about a sightseeing tour: make an information leaflet

Vocabulary: art gallery, church, cathedral, tower, Big Wheel, bell, hill, street

Review: vocabulary from Lessons 5-16.

Grammar Review: grammar from Lessons 5-16.

Materials: Class CD, Lessons 6 and 13 Flashcards, paper to make a leaflet

Warm-up

 Use the flashcards from Lessons 6 and 13 to revise places in a town. Ask the children questions about their own town: *Is there a market/river/bridge/hotel/castle?* Revise other known vocabulary, e.g. *cinema, museum, town hall, café, pet shop,* etc.

Review

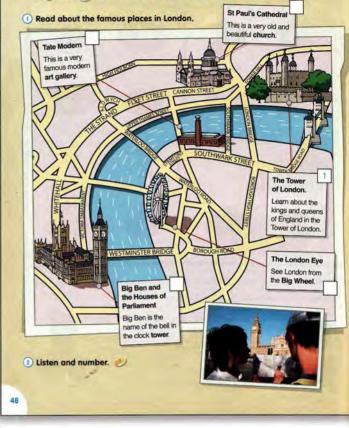
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Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Read about the famous places in London.

- Say Open your book at page 48.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the picture and tell you what they can see (a map of London). Ask questions to find out what the children know about London: Where is London? Is it big or small? Is there a river? Are there museums? What colour are the buses? etc. Invite the children to tell you anything else they know about London.
- Ask the children to look at the map again. Say Point to (The Tower of London). Repeat for the other places marked on the map.
- Ask the children to read the labels on the map. Then ask questions to check understanding. Ask What is (Tate Modern)? Who lived in the Tower of London? Is Big Ben a bell? etc.

FlyHigh File: London bus four



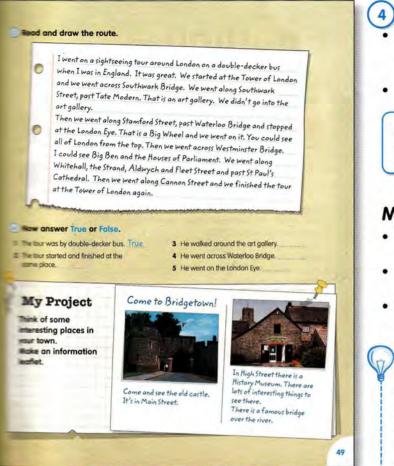
Optional activity

Bring in some pictures of London if you can, e.g. postcards, pictures from magazines or travel brochures. Seeing real photos will help to motivate the children. You could also ask the children to bring in any pictures they have got.

2) |

Listen and number. 🧼 2 Track 04

- Play the first part of the CD and show the children the example number 1.
- Play the rest of the CD and ask them to number the places on the map.
- Check the activity.



Answers

- 2 Tate Modern
- 3 The London Eye
- 4 Big Ben and the Houses of Parliament
- 5 St Paul's Cathedral.

Read and draw the route.

- Read the first few sentences aloud and ask the children to point to the starting point of the tour on the map. Ask them to read the text and to draw the route on the map. Encourage them to work in pairs so that they can help each other.
- Check the activity.

Now answer True or False.

- Read the example sentence and answer. Ask the children to read the text in Exercise 3 again, and to decide whether the sentences are true or false.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 True 3 False 4 False 5 True

My Project

- Ask the children to look at the picture of the information leaflet and tell you what they can see.
- Ask volunteers to read out the text. Ask questions about the text, e.g. Is there a castle? Where is it? Is there a river? etc.
- Ask the children to think about their own town and to make their own information leaflet.

Brainstorm things there are to do in the town before the children start the activity. If you have any tourist leaflets about your own town or another town, bring them to class for the children to look at. Encourage them to plan the design of their leaflet. Working in pairs or groups may be a good idea so that they can pool ideas.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 46–47 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do the reading activity for this File on their CD-ROM.



Objective: review Lessons 9–16 Vocabulary review: vocabulary from Lessons 9-16. Grammar review: grammar from Lessons 9-16. Materials: Class CD 1 and 2

Warm-up 🥝 1 Track 33

Sing the song from Lesson 14 to energise the children and to prepare them for the lesson.

Review

1

- Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have . written for Exercise 5, What about you? Complete the chart.

Say it with Aunt Sophie.

a) Listen and point. Then repeat. 🥏 2 Track 05

- Say Open your book at page 50.
- Play the CD. Ask the children to point to the words as they • listen. Ask them to repeat the words, focussing on the pronunciation of the initial sound. Draw their attention to the symbols used to indicate the sounds.

b) Listen and repeat. Then write. 🥙 2 Track 06

- Play the CD. Pause after the first word and ask them to repeat it. Then read the example answer. Play the rest of the CD pausing after each word for the children to repeat the word and write the correct letter/s.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2

2 h 3 wh 4 w 5 W 6 wh

Read and write.

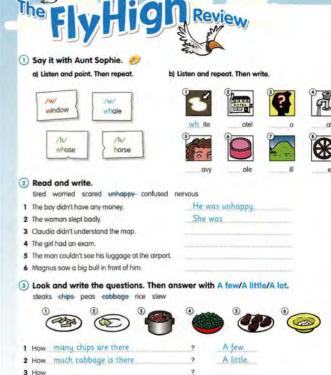
- Ask a volunteer to read the example. Ask the children to use the adjectives at the top of the activity to complete sentences 2-6.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 tired
- 3 She was confused.
- 5 He was worried.
- 4 She was nervous.
- 6 He was scared.

8 wh

7 h



3 Look and write the questions. Then answer with A few/A little/A lot.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and identify the foods.
- Ask a volunteer to read out the example questions and . answers. Then ask the children to complete the remaining questions and answers.
- Check the activity.

Answers

4 How

5 How

6 How

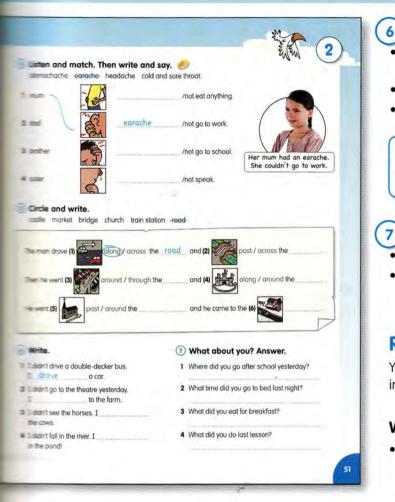
and a

- 5 many steaks are there / A few. 3 much stew is there / A lot.
- 4 many peas are there / A lot. 6 much rice is there / A little.

4 Listen and match. Then write and say.

🥑 2 Track 07

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and identify the illnesses.
- Play the first part of the CD. Ask the children to follow the example line. Play the rest of the CD and ask them to match the words in the first column to the pictures.
- Check the activity, then ask the children to write the words on the lines.



- Ask a volunteer to read out the girl's speech bubble. Ask the children to work in pairs, making similar sentences about the other pictures.
- Monitor and offer help as necessary.

Answers

- 2 dad / cold and sore throat
- 3 brother / stomachache
- 4 sister / headache

Circle and write. 5

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see.
- Read out the example sentence. Ask the children to read the text. They circle and write the correct words.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 across / bridge 3 through / market
- 4 around / castle

- Write.
- Read the example sentence and answer aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to write the verbs in the past in numbers 2-4.
- Check the activity.

Answers

6

2 went 3 saw 4 fell

What about you? Answer.

- Ask the children to answer the questions about themselves.
- . Check the activity by asking individual children to read out their answers.

Review of Cycles 3 and 4

You can now review the language the children have learned in Cycles 3 and 4, in the following ways.

Word List

Ask the children to review the vocabulary from Lessons 9-16. Tell them to use the Word List on pp. 124-5 of their Pupil's Book.

Activity Book

Do the My English section on p. 49 together in class. See • Introduction p. ii for guidance.

Homework

- Tell the children to complete pp. 48-49 in their Activity Book . for homework.
- The children can do the activity for Review 2 on their ٠ CD-ROM.

Progress Review 2

You can now use photocopiable Progress Review 2 in class. See the Active Teach Resources section.

5 past / church 6 train station



Objective: read and listen to a story

Vocabulary: hare, place, wine, tea, polite, wide, angrily Grammar Review: There was/were, present simple, past simple

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

- Revise adverbs by miming actions in different manners.
- Tell the children to do various actions. Say, e.g. Talk quietly. Stand up slowly. Sit down quickly. Open your book carefully. Sing happily. Sing sadly etc.

Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

If you have a copy of *Alice in Wonderland*, bring it into class to show the children. You can talk about the pictures on the front and back covers, and about any other pictures inside. You can also talk about other features of real books, e.g. the title, the author, the blurb on the back cover. This will help motivate the children to read.



Alice in Wonderland

1) Read and listen.

The Mad Hatter's Tea Party

There was a tree in front of the house. Under the tree was a big table with a lot of chairs round it. But there were only three at the table: the Mad Hatter, the March **Hare** and a large brown mouse. The Mouse sat between the Mad Hatter and the March Hare. It was adeep, so they talked over its head.

When they saw Alice, they cried, 'No, no, you can't sit here! There isn't a **place** for you!' 'There are a lot of places,' Alice said. She sat down in a

chair at one end of the table.

'Have some wine,' the Mad Hatter said politely. Alice looked round the table but there was only tea 'I don't see any wine,' she answered.

'There isn't any,' said the March Hare.

'Then why did you say, "Have some wine"? It wasn't very **polite** of you,' Alice said angrily.

'We didn't invite you to tea, but you came. That wasn't very polite of you,' said the March Hare.

'No, it wasn't. Cut your hair!' said the Mad Hatter. 'Oh, be quiet,' said Alice.

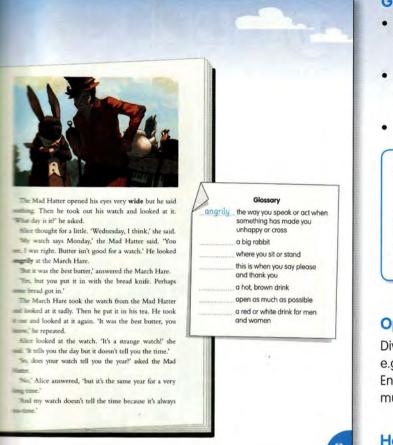




Read and listen. 🥏 2 Track 08

• Say Open your book at page 52.

Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures on pages 52–53 and tell you what they can see. Elicit known vocabulary, e.g. *girl, queen, rabbit, watch.* Say *This is the story of Alice in Wonderland.* Ask whether any children have read the book in their own language. If so, encourage them to share what they can remember with the class (use L1 if necessary). Ask questions to prompt the children about the story: *Do you know the story of Alice in Wonderland? What happened to her? Who did she meet?*



Glossary

- Ask the children to look at the Glossary on page 53. Read the example sentence and answer. Ask the children to find the word *angrily* in the story text.
- Ask them to read the other definitions and find the corresponding words in the text. Tell them that all the words they need to find are in bold in the text.
- Check the activity.

Answers		
hare place polite tea wide wine		

Optional activity

Divide the class into groups of four. Give each child a role, e.g. Alice, the Mad Hatter, the March Hare, the narrator. Encourage them to act out the story. Encourage them to put as much expression into their reading as they can.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 50–51 in their Activity Book.
- Play the CD. Ask the children to follow the story in their books as they listen.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Who was at the table? Was there any wine? Did the March Hare invite Alice to tea? Did the Mad Hatter's watch tell the time? What did the March Hare put in the watch? How do you think Alice felt?

17 Is it yours?

Objective: ask who things belong to Vocabulary: rescue, scarf, glove, jacket, belt, trainers, tie Review: station, torch Grammar: Possessive pronouns Review: somebody Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

 Ask questions to remind the children of the Fly High story so far. Ask Did Jack and Kelly find Toto in the town? What did Magnus buy at the train station? Did Jack and Kelly get on the train? What were Claudia and Magnus eating? Did Claudia like Oscar? etc.

Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥑 2 Track 09

- Say Open your book at page 54.
- Present the new vocabulary with the pictures on page 54.
- Use extra repetition to practise the short vowel sounds /e/ in *belt*, /_Λ/ in *glove* and /œ/ in *jacket*, and the long vowel sound /a:/ in *scarf*. Practise the diphthongs /eɪ/ in *trainers*, and /aɪ/ in *tie*.

Is it yours? 🥏 2 Track 09

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask questions, e.g. Where are Jack and Kelly? Are Claudia and Magnus on the train? Who has got Toto? What's in the bag?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Is Oscar safe? Who dropped the white glove? Whose is the bag? Is there a coat in the bag? Are there trainers in the bag? Are they Jack's trainers?

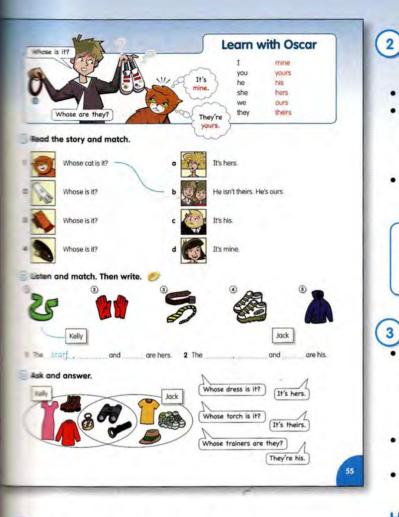


Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out Jack's speech bubbles and Oscar's thought bubbles.
- Go around the classroom and pick up objects belonging to various children. Pick up a pencil/some pencils and ask Whose is it/are they? Encourage the children to point at the owner of the pencil/s and answer It's/They're (his). Repeat with other objects and children.

Optional activity

Put several objects belonging to various children in a bag. Ask volunteers to come up and take an item or items out of the bag. They hold up the item/s and ask *Whose is it/ are they*? The child who the item/s belong(s) to should claim it/them by saying *It's/They're mine*.



Read the story and match.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and identify the objects and people.
- Read the example aloud with the class and ask them to follow the matching line.
- Ask the children to look again at the story and match the remaining questions and answers.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 a 3 d 4 c

Listen and match. Then write.

🥑 2 Track 10

- Ask the children to look at the pictures.
- Play the CD. Pause after the first part and read the example. Play the CD all the way through and ask the children to draw matching lines from each object to Kelly or Jack.
- Ask the children to complete sentences 1 and 2. Check the activity.

Answers

- 1 gloves / trainers
- 2 belt / tie / jacket

Ask and answer.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and identify them. Ask volunteers to read out the questions and answers in the speech bubbles. Make sure that the children understand that the items in the middle section of the diagram belong to both Kelly and Jack.
- Ask the children to ask and answer similar questions in pairs.
- Check the activity.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 52–53 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 17 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

You don't have to shout!

Objective: talk about what you have to/don't have to do

Vocabulary: arrive, leave, start, lose, bring, finish

Grammar: have to/don't have to, has to/doesn't have to

Review: Past simple

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 18 Flashcards

Warm-up

 Use classroom objects to play a game. Show each object, e.g. ruler, pencil, book. Ask the children to tell you the word. Give out the objects to several children. Then ask Who's got the (pencil)? Encourage the child who has the pencil to answer I've got the pencil. It's mine. Say (Jane)'s got the

Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥮 2 Track 11

- Say Open your book at page 56.
- Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress and sounds in arrive /ə'raɪv/and finish /'fɪnɪ [/. Also practise the long vowel sounds /i:/ in leave, /a:/ in start and /u:/ in lose.

You don't have to shout! 🥏 2 Track 11

- · Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photo. Ask questions, e.g. Who can you see? Who do you think they are talking to?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Where are Jack and Kelly now? What time did they arrive? Have they got Toto? Is Kelly hungry? Who has got to do their homework?

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100	don't nave to shout:	-	1.28
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1		de	STR.
-	/	Y	A
		E Is	FIE
		-	
		Sed!	
	MG.		
	- MG		
Kit	Is there an email from Jack and Kelly?	Meł:	Have they got Toto?
Kit: Mel:	No, there isn't but they're online.	Kelly:	Yes, they brought Toto with them.
Mel:	No, there isn't but they're online. We can talk to them.	Kelly:	Yes, they brought Toto with them. We have to go now. Oscar is hungry and
Mel: Kit :	No, there isn't but they're online. We can talk to them. Hello. Any news?	Kelly:	Yes, they brought Toto with them. We have to go now. Oscar is hungry and Kelly has to feed him. Then we must go
Mel:	No, there isn't but they're online. We can talk to them. Hello. Any news? Kit, you don't have to shout!	Kelly:	Yes, they brought Toto with them. We have to go now. Oscar is hungry and
Mel: Kit : Mel:	No, there isn't but they're online. We can talk to them. Hello. Any news? Kit, you don't have to shout! They can hear you.	Kelly:	Yes, they brought Toto with them. We have to go now. Oscar is hungry and Kelly has to feed him. Then we must go to bed. We have to get up early and look
Mel: Kit : Mel:	No, there isn't but they're online. We can talk to them. Hello. Any news? Kit, you don't have to shout!	Kelly: Jack: Mel:	Yes, they brought Toto with them. We have to go now. Oscar is hungry and Kelly has to feed him. Then we must go to bed. We have to get up early and look for Toto.
Mel: Kit : Mel: Kelly:	No, there isn't but they're online. We can talk to them. Helio. Any news? Kit, you don't have to shou!! They can hear you. We're in Poland. We arrived this morning at	Kelly: Jack: Mel:	Yes, they brought Toto with them. We have to go now. Oscar is hungry and Kelly has to feed him. Then we must go to bed. We have to get up early and look for Toto. Yes, and I have to do my homework.
Mel: Kit : Mel: Kelly: Jack:	No, there isn't but they're online. We can talk to them. Hello. Any news? Kit, you don't have to shou!! They can hear you. We're in Poland. We arrived this morning at half past ten. Claudia and Magnus got off the train and we left the train quickly. Magnus dropped his bag. We started to	Kelly: Jack: Mel: Kelly:	Yes, they brought Toto with them. We have to go now. Oscar is hungry and Kelly has to feed him. Then we must go to bed. We have to get up early and look for Toto. Yes, and I have to do my homework. It's very late. It's OK. She doesn't have to finish
Mel: Kit : Mel: Kelly: Jack:	No, there isn't but they're online. We can talk to them. Helio. Any news? Kit, you don't have to shout! They can hear you. We're in Poland. We arrived this morning at half past ten. Claudia and Magnus got off the train and we left the train quickly.	Kelly: Jack: Mel: Kelly: Kit:	Yes, they brought Toto with them. We have to go now. Oscar is hungry and Kelly has to feed him. Then we must go to bed. We have to get up early and look for Toto. Yes, and I have to do my homework. It's very late. It's OK. She doesn't have to finish it tonight.

- 2 They arrived at half past eleven in the morning.
- 3 Claudia and Magnus stayed on the train.
- 5 Claudia and Magnus brought Toto with the
- 6 Kit has got some homework to do

Read and write True or False.

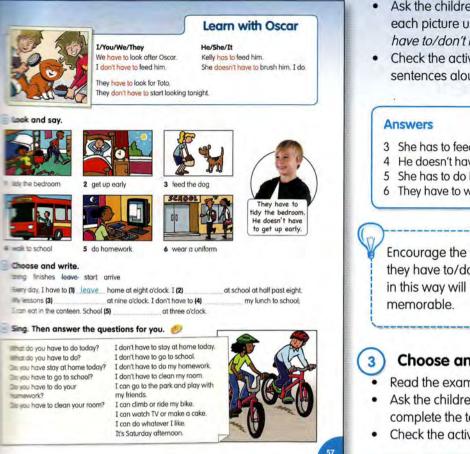
- Read the example aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to read the story again and decide whether sentences 2-6 are true or false.
- Check the activity.

Answers

6 False 2 False 3 False 4 True 5 True

Optional activity

Divide the class into groups of four. Allocate each person in the group a role: Mel, Kit, Jack, Kelly. Ask them to read out the dialogue in their groups. Encourage them to use as much expression in their reading as possible.



Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the grammar box.
- Write on the board I go to school every day. I get up early on Sunday. Then write Mel do her homework. She _____ finish it tonight. Ask volunteers to come up and fill the gaps.
- Write the following prompts on the board: do my ٠ homework, eat breakfast in the morning, walk to school, play football after school. Ask volunteers to tell you what they have to/don't have to do, e.g. I have to do my homework. I don't have to walk to school. Encourage other children to remember what the volunteers said, e.g. (Marta) has to do her homework. (Adam) doesn't have to walk to school.

Look and say.

Ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see. Ask volunteers to read the captions and the text in the boy's speech bubble.

- Ask the children to work in pairs. Tell them to talk about each picture using He/She has to/doesn't have to or They have to/don't have to ...
- Check the activity by asking volunteers to say their sentences aloud.
 - 3 She has to feed the dog.
 - 4 He doesn't have to walk to school.
 - 5 She has to do her homework
 - They have to wear a uniform.

Encourage the children to use the pictures to say what they have to/don't have to do. Personalising the activity in this way will make the language more relevant and

Choose and write.

- Read the example sentence aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to use the verbs at the top of the activity to complete the text.
- Check the activity.

Answers

4

2 arrive 3 start 5 finishes 4 bring

Sing. Then answer the questions for you.

2 Track 12

- Ask the children to look at the picture. Ask Do they have to go to school today?
- Play the CD and ask the children to sing the song.
- Ask the children to work in pairs. Tell them to ask each other the questions in the song.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 54–55 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 18 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Dr Wild went to the bank to get some money.

Objective: describe the purpose of a trip

Vocabulary: bank, post office, send, find, garage, hire

Review: bridge, country, aquarium

Grammar: Infinitives of purpose

Review: Past simple

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 19 Flashcards

Warm-up 🥑 2 Track 12

 Play the CD and ask the children to sing the song from the previous lesson.

Review

- · Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 6, What about you? Complete using have to/don't have to.

Vocabulary 🧼 2 Track 13

- Say Open your book at page 58.
- · Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the sound /aɪ/ in find and /aɪə/ hire. Practise the correct word stress and sounds in garage. /'gæraɪʒ/.

Dr Wild went to the bank to get some money. 2 Track 13

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the picture. Ask questions, e.g. Where are Jack, Kelly and Aunt Sophie? Is there a (bank)? Is there a (cinema)? What is Aunt Sophie carrying?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Where did Aunt Sophie go in the morning? What did she buy? Did Claudia and Magnus come out of the post office? What do you think was in the box? Where did Claudia and Magnus go?



Dr Wild went to the bank to get some money. 🥏



The next morning Dr Wild, Jack and Kelly were very busy. They had a lot to do. Dr Wild went to the bank to get some money. Then she went to the supermarket. She bought some bread to make sandwiches for lunch. She also bought some foad for Oscar. Kelly and Jack went to the post office to send a postcard to their mum and dad. Then they ran back to find Dr Wild. They had some news.

'I think Magnus had their passports.' 'Where did they go?' asked Dr Wild.

They went across the bridge,' said Jack. It's the road to Ukraine. Do you think they are leaving the country?'

"I don't know,' said Dr Wild. "But we must follow them. Let's go to the garage to hire a car."

'We saw Claudia and Magnus. They came out of that hotel with a large box.' said Kelly.

Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the grammar box.
- Write on the board *Why did Aunt Sophie go to the supermarket*? Elicit the answer *To buy some food.* and write it on the board.
- Ask Why do you come to school? Elicit To learn. Ask the children other similar questions, e.g. Why do you go to go to the bank/post office/market/playground/cinema/pet shop? etc. Elicit answers (to get money/to send a letter/to buy food/to play/to watch a film/to buy a pet).



Read the story and answer.

- Read the first question aloud. Ask a volunteer to read out the example answer.
- Ask the children to look again at the story on page 58 and to write the answers to questions 2–4.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 To buy some bread.
- 3 To send a postcard.
- 4 To hire a car.

Write and match.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask *Where is Claudia in number (1)?* Elicit the answers.
- Read the first sentence aloud and ask the children to follow the example matching line. Ask them to complete each sentence using a word from the word bank. Then ask them to match the sentence halves.
- Check the answers.

Answers

- 2 bank/a
- 3 post office / f
- 4 café / e 5 library / b
- 6 shop / c

) Think and write with Dr Wild.

- Ask the children to look at the picture of Dr Wild and ask a volunteer to read out her speech bubble.
- Read the vocabulary prompts aloud with the class and read the example sentence.
- Ask the children to write three or four sentences about where they and their family are going and why, using the word prompts. Monitor and offer help as necessary.
- Invite individual children to read out what they have written.

Do the activity orally with the whole class first. This will help to prepare the children for writing. Ask individual children *Why are you going to the (park)*? Encourage the children to answer with full sentences, e.g. *I'm going to the park to ride my bike.* Tell the children that they can use their own ideas if they wish.

Homework

- Ask the children to complete pp. 56–57 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 19 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Quiz 5

• You can now use the photocopiable **Quiz 5**. See the **Active Teach** Resources section.



Objective: read a composition; listen for information; write the time; talk about a school timetable

Grammar review: Present simple, have to/don't have to

Materials: Class CD; teaching clock (optional)

Warm-up

- Use the teaching clock to revise telling the time. Set the clock to different times and ask What time is it? If you don't have a teaching clock, draw some simple clock faces on the board.
- Ask the children questions about their daily routine. Ask What time do you get up in the morning? What time do you have breakfast/go to school/go to bed? etc.

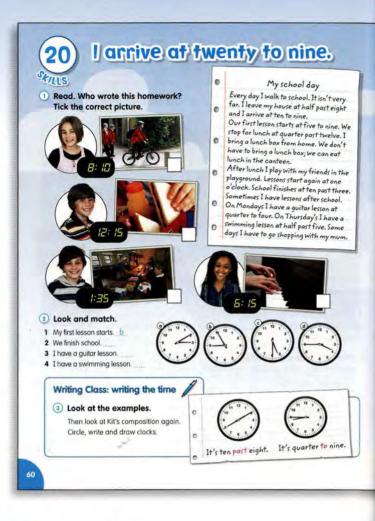
Review

- · Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 6, Complete with your own ideas.

Read. Who wrote this homework? Tick the correct picture.

- Say Open your book at page 60.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photos and ask What time is it? What does (Beth) do at ten past eight? Elicit the answer She rides her bike to school.
- Ask the children to read the text quickly and decide who wrote it (Kit).
- Check the activity by asking the children to tell you where in the text they found the answer (We stop for lunch at quarter past twelve).

Encourage the children to scan the text and find the answer as quickly as they can. Set them a time limit of e.g. three minutes. Tell them they do not need to understand all the words in the text the first time they read it.

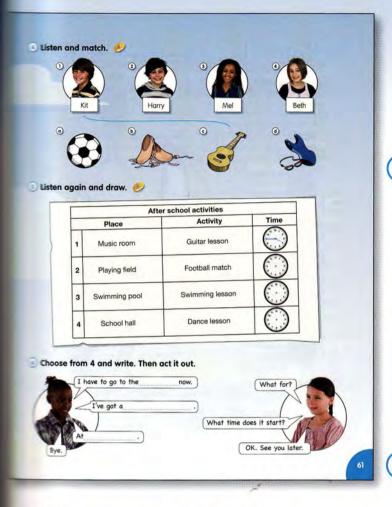


2) Look and match.

- Ask the children to look at the clocks. Ask *What time is it?* Ask the children to tell you the time on each clock.
- Ask a volunteer to read out the first sentence and point to the correct clock. Ask the children to read Kit's text again and match each sentence to one of the clocks.
- Check the activity by asking *What time does Kit finish school? (at ten past three). Which clock is it? (a).*

Answers

2 a 3 d 4 c



Writing Class: writing the time

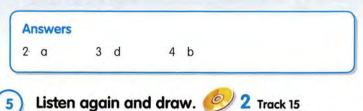
Look at the examples.

- Read the example sentences with the class. Draw their attention to the highlighted words and make sure the children understand how they are used.
- Ask the children to look again at Kit's homework and to circle the time phrases. In their notebooks or on a piece of paper, ask the children to draw a clock face showing each time they have circled in the text. Ask them to write the time under each clock.
- Check the activity by asking individual children to come to the board and draw/write the times in the text.

Listen and match. 🥏 2 Track 14

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see.
- Play the first part of the CD. Ask the children to point to the example answer as they listen.

- Play the CD all the way through, pausing to give the children time to match the photos and the pictures.
- Check the answers.



Ask the children to look at the timetable. Ask *Where is the (avitar lesson)?* Elicit the answer *In the music room.*

- Play the first part of the CD again and ask the children to follow in their books. Ask *What time does Kit have a guitar lesson?* Elicit the answer *At quarter to four.*
- Play the rest of the CD, pausing for the children to draw the time for each activity.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 ten past four
- 3 twenty past five
- 4 five to six

6

Choose from 4 and write. Then act it out.

- Read the speech bubbles aloud with the class. Ask them to use the information from Exercises 4 and 5 to complete the speech bubbles as they wish.
- Ask the children to work in pairs. One asks the questions and the other answers. Encourage them to act out the dialogue. They can do this more than once, substituting other activities and times as they wish.
- Ask volunteers to act out their dialogues in front of the class.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 58–59 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 20 Skills on their CD-ROM.

FlyHigh File

Objective: read about clothes in different centuries; write about your favourite clothes

Vocabulary: breeches, cap, trainers, tunic, apron, ordinal numbers (11th to 21st)

Review: clothes

Grammar review: There were, past simple

Materials: paper; photos of clothes from magazines (optional)

Warm-up

 Revise clothes vocabulary with the class. Point to yourself and ask What am I wearing? What colour is my (skirt)? etc. Point to various children and ask What's he/she wearing? Elicit known vocabulary, e.g. trousers, jeans, skirt, dress, trainers, shoes, hat, shirt.

Optional activity

To make the activity more fun and to revise more vocabulary, you could use pictures cut out from magazines. Put several pictures around the classroom and describe the clothes in one of the pictures. Ask the children to point to the correct picture. Repeat with other pictures.

Review

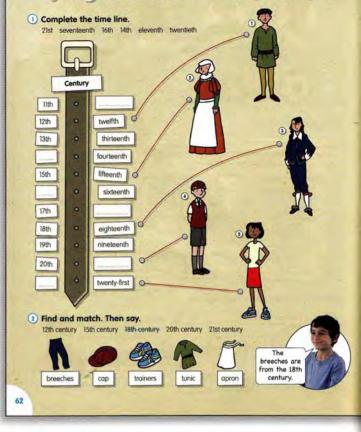
1

• Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Complete the time line.

- Say Open your book at page 62.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the time line and the pictures. Ask them to tell you which picture represents clothes today (5).
- Write the current year on the board. Ask the children What year is it? What century is it? Say It's (2012). It's the 21st century. Write other years on the board and ask the children which century they were in.
- Ask the children to look at the timeline on the page. Read the first number (11th) and ask the children to find the matching word in the word bank (*eleventh*). Ask them to complete the time line using the words and numbers in the word bank.

FlyHigh File: Clothes through the ages



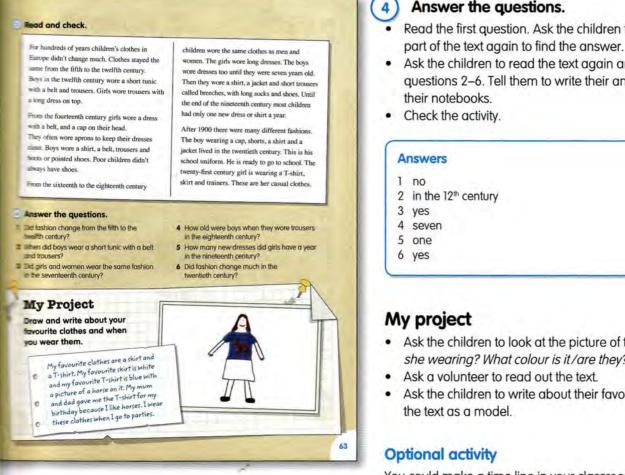
Answers	
eleventh	
14 th	
16 th	
seventeenth	
twentieth	
21 st	

2) Find and match. Then say.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and read the captions. Say *Point to the (breeches)*.
- Ask the children to find each of the items of clothing in one of the pictures in Exercise 1 (e.g. the breeches in picture 3).
- Ask a volunteer to read the speech bubble aloud. Ask the children to work in pairs and to talk about which century the other clothes are from.

Answers

cap – 20th century trainers – 21st century tunic – 12th century apron – 15th century



Read and check.

- Ask the children to read the text on page 63 to find whether their answers in Exercise 2 were correct.
- Check the activity by asking When are the (breeches) from? . Ask the children to point to the part of the text where they found the answer.

Answers

3

breeches - 16th to 18th century. cap - 20th century. trainers - 21st century. tunic - 12th century. apron - 14th to 15th century.

Answer the questions.

- Read the first question. Ask the children to read the first part of the text again to find the answer. (No.)
- Ask the children to read the text again and answer questions 2-6. Tell them to write their answers in

- Ask the children to look at the picture of the girl. Ask What's she wearing? What colour is it/are they?
- Ask the children to write about their favourite clothes, using

You could make a time line in your classroom and ask the children to draw their own pictures of clothes from different centuries to stick on the time line. They could use the text on page 63 for ideas, or research some of their own ideas from books or the internet.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 60–61 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do the reading activity for this File on their CD-ROM.



Objective: compare vehicles

Vocabulary: van, motorbike, fire engine, scooter, helicopter

Grammar: comparatives with -er

Review: *There is /are,* present simple, present continuous

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 21 Flashcards

Warm-up

 Start drawing a simple car on the board. Ask the children to guess what you are drawing before you finish the picture. Brainstorm other ways of travelling, e.g. bike, bus, boat, plane, train. Then ask a volunteer to come up to the board and draw a vehicle. Ask the class to guess what it is as quickly as possible. Repeat with other volunteers.

Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥑 2 Track 16

- Say Open your book at page 64.
- · Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress in <u>motorbike, fire engine, scooter, helicopter</u>. Practise the schwa sound /ə/ at the end of scooter /'sku:tə/ and helicopter /'helikoptə/.

The red van is faster! 🥑 2 Track 16

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask questions, e.g. Who's on the motorbike? Is Aunt Sophie driving a fire engine? What's in front of/behind the van? What can you see at the airport?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask *Which van is faster? Is the motorbike faster than the van? Are there lots of planes at the airport? Is the yellow helicopter old or new? Can Aunt Sophie fly a helicopter?*



Learn with Oscar

- Ask a volunteer to read Oscar's thought bubble in the grammar box. Draw children's attention to the spelling of bigger and happier.
- Ask a volunteer to come to the front of the class. Stand next to him/her and say I'm (taller) than (Anna). Write other adjectives on the board, e.g. short, old, young, happy. Elicit sentences from the class comparing yourself and the volunteer.



Read the story and write True or False.

- Read the first sentence and the example aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to look again at the story on page 64 and decide whether sentences 2-6 are true or false.
- Check the activity.



Listen and tick the correct picture.

Then look and say. 🥏 2 Track 17

- Ask the children to look at the pictures. Say Point to a (red van). Ask How many (vans) are there in picture (1)?
- Play the CD. Ask the children to tick the picture the man . is describing. Play the CD again, pausing after each sentence so that the children can point to the vehicles and count them.

- Check the activity.
- Ask volunteers to read out the speech bubbles below the pictures. Ask the children to work in pairs. Tell one partner to describe one of the pictures and their partner auesses which one. They then swap roles.

Answer

Picture 2

Look at Picture 2 in 2. Circle. 3

- Ask the children to look again at Picture 2 in Exercise 2. Read the example sentence aloud and ask them to point to the black and blue scooters.
- Ask the children to look at Picture 2 and circle the correct word in sentences 2-6.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 faster
- 3 slower
- 5 taller

6 happier

4 cleaner

- Ask the children to complete pp. 62-63 in their Activity . Book.
- The children can do Lesson 21 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

They are the silliest people in the world!

Objective: compare people and places

Vocabulary: silly, catch, runner, noisy, light

Review: helicopter, country

Grammar: superlatives with -est

Review: could/couldn't, have to, past simple, comparatives with -er

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 21 Flashcards

Warm-up

 Use the flashcards from Lesson 21 to revise transport vocabulary. Say, e.g. *The scooter is bigger than the car*. Ask the children to say *True* or *False*. Use the opportunity to revise known adjectives, e.g. *big, small, fast, slow, heavy, quiet*.

Review

- · Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 6, What about you? Write full answers.

Vocabulary 🥑 2 Track 18

- Say Open your book at page 66.
- Present the new vocabulary with the pictures on page 66.
- Use extra repetition to practise the short vowel sounds /1/ and /i/ in silly, /œ/ in catch and /A/ in runner. Practise the diphthongs /ɔ1/ in noisy and /a1/ in light.

They are the silliest people in the

world! 🥑 2 Track 18

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the picture. Ask questions, e.g. Who can you see? Who's flying Jack and Kelly's helicopter? Who's in the yellow helicopter? Who is Kelly talking to?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Which helicopter is the fastest? Is Toto happy? Which river can they see? Is it the longest in Europe?



Read and circle.

- Ask a volunteer to read out the example.
- Ask the children to read the story again and circle the correct answer in numbers 2–5
- Check the activity.

Answers

1

2 b 3 b 4 a 5 b

		Ches
Time a for runner. K Staster Coose and write.	than noisy noisiest	 2 Choose Ask a vo Ask the optimized opt
unner heavy noisy light silly		Answers
I con't like clowns. I think they're silly		
Sets a good	at school.	2 runner
school bag has got ten books in it. It's really		3 heavy
I noven't got any books in my bag. It's		
By brother is playing the drums. I can't hear you. It's very		
But other cats can't do what Oscar can do.	est. What's the highest mountain in the world?	 Write Read the follow th Ask the ousing the to the an Check th Ask volu the child the place
He always makes us laugh when we're sad and blue. He's a little bit silly and he can't catch mice, But we don't mind because we think he's very nice. He's a little bit lazy and a little bit fat. But we think Oscar is the (6) cat!		7 Answers 2 longest 3 fastest 4 biggest 5 smalles 6 biggest
earn with Oscar		6 bigges

- Ask a volunteer to read out Oscar's thought bubble in the grammar box.
- Draw three circles on the board, one small, one medium and one large. Point to the small circle and say It's small. Point to the medium circle and say This circle is bigger. Point to the large one and say This circle is the biggest.
- Write on the board big, small, heavy, light, old, new. Pick . up several classroom objects, e.g. a bag, a book, a pencil. Ask the children to compare the objects using the word prompts, e.g. The bag is the biggest. The pencil is the smallest. Do this orally first, then ask volunteers to write some of their sentences on the board.

Optional activity

1

z 3

Make the practice more personalised to engage the children. Ask three children to come to the front of the class. Ask them to stand in order of tallest to shortest. Elicit sentences, e.g. Anna is taller than Max. John is the tallest. Anna has got the longest hair. Max is the oldest, etc.

se and write.

- olunteer to read out the example sentence.
- children to use the words at the top of the activity plete numbers 2-5.

4 light 5 noisy

he activity.

2	runner	
3	heavy	

and match. Then ask and answer.

- e example aloud with the class and ask them to he matching line.
- children to complete the remaining sentences ne word prompts. They then match each sentence nswer.
- he activity.
- unteers to read out the speech bubbles. Then ask dren to work in pairs. They ask and answer about ces and animals in Exercise 3.
 - t/e
 - / d
 - st / f
 - st / a
 - st / c

Listen and write. Then sing. 🧼 2 Track 19 4



- Ask the children to look at the picture and tell you what they can see. Ask what they know about Oscar. (He's funny/lazy/friendly.)
- Read the example sentence. Then ask the children to use the words at the top of the activity to fill the gaps in the text.
- Play the CD and tell the children to check their answers.
- Play the CD again and ask the children to sing the song.

Answers

- 2 bigger 3 faster
- 5 funnier 6 cleverest
- 4 sweeter

- Ask the children to complete pp. 64-65 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 22 Vocabulary and Learn with . Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Oscar has got the most comfortable bed!

Objective: compare objects and sports

Vocabulary: expensive, soft, comfortable, modern, dangerous, exciting, tobogganing

Grammar: comparatives and superlatives with *more* and the *most*

Review: *There was,* present simple, past simple, comparatives with *-er,* superlatives with *-est*

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 23 Flashcards, magazine pictures of sports (optional)

Warm-up 🥏 2 Track 19

 Play the CD and ask the children to sing the song from the previous lesson.

Review

- · Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 7, Write about your friends in your class.

Vocabulary 🧼 2 Track 20

- Say Open your book at page 68.
- · Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress and pronunciation of *expensive* /ik'spensiv/, *modern* /'modn/ (silent r), *exciting*, /ik'saitin/, *toboganning* /tə'bogənin/, *comfortable* /'kʌmftəbl/ and *dangerous* /'deindʒərəs/.

Oscar has got the most comfortable bed! 2 Track 20

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask questions, e.g, What are the hotels called? (Posh, Trendy). Which hotel are Jack and Kelly staying in? What's the weather like? What's Oscar doing?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.



Oscar has got the most comfortable bed! 🥏



What a beautiful placel' soid Kelly. They were in the mountains and there was lots of snow. Where are we now?' asked Jack. "We're in Ukraine,' soid Dr Wild. "Where are Claudia and Magnus?' They went into that big hotel,' soid Jack. They've got more money than us!' soid Kelly. "Yes,' soid Dr Wild. "We haven't got much maney. That hotel is the most expensive in the town.' T think this hotel is better,' soid Jack. Tt's more comfortable too,' soid Kelly. 'Look at Oscar. He's got the softest bed! It's the most comfortable! This hotel is more modern too,' soid Kelly. 'Look at Oscar. He's got the softest bed! It's the most comfortable! This hotel is more modern too,' soid Kelly. 'It's exciting.' Look at those people skiing,' soid Kelly. 'It's exciting.' T like tobogganing better,' soid Jack. 'I think it's more exciting than skiing. Skiing is more dangerous too.'

 Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Which country are they in? Are Claudia and Magnus in the same hotel as Jack and Kelly? Have Jack and Kelly got a lot of money? Is there a computer in every room? Does Jack like skiing or tobogganing?

Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the grammar box.
- Draw three items, e.g. a book, a ball, a pencil on the board. Add three price tags with different prices, e.g. 2 euros, 5 euros, 20 euros. Point to each item and ask *How much is it?*
- Write on the board *The (pencil) is ______than the book. The book is ______than the pencil.* Ask a volunteer to fill the gaps.
- Change the prices on the items. Elicit other similar comparisons, using the new prices.



Optional activity

Ask the children to do the same activity in pairs. They each draw three items with price tags and make comparisons, using cheaper than/more expensive than and the cheapest/ the most expensive.

Read the story and write True or False.

- Read the example aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to look again at the story on page 68 and to decide whether sentences 2–5 are true or false.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 False 3 False 4 False 5 True

Choose and write.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see.
- Read the example sentences. Ask the children to look at the pictures and to complete the sentences in 2–4, using the word prompts at the top of the activity.
- Check the answers.

Answers

- 2 more expensive / the most expensive
- 3 more comfortable / the most comfortable
- 4 more modern / the most modern

) Think and write with Dr Wild.

- Ask the children to look at the picture of Dr Wild and ask a volunteer to read out her speech bubble.
- Read the vocabulary prompts aloud with the class and read the example sentence.
- Then ask the children to write sentences about different sports using the word prompts. Monitor and offer help as necessary.
- Invite individual children to read out their sentences.

Before asking children to write, show them some pictures of different sports cut out from magazines, e.g. skiing, football, running, swimming, walking, cricket. Elicit sentences, e.g. *Playing football is more exciting than walking. Skiing is the most exciting.* This will help to give the children ideas for writing. Alternatively, brainstorm different sports with the class and write them on the board. The children can then use the words as prompts for writing.

Homework

- Ask the children to complete pp. 66–67 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 23 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Quiz 6

You can now use the photocopiable **Quiz 6**. See the **Active Teach** Resources section.



Objective: read an advertisement; listen for information; compare items in a shop

Grammar review: comparatives and superlatives

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

 Draw a picture of a bike on the board. Ask What's this? and elicit It's a bike. Ask several children Have you got a bike? What colour is it? Do you like cycling? Where do you ride your bike? etc. Write prompts for the questions on the board, e.g. got/bike? colour? like/cycling? where/ride? Ask the children to ask and answer the questions in pairs or groups.

Review

- · Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 6, Answer the questions.

Read and complete. Write the names of the bikes.

- Say Open your book at page 70.
- Pre-reading: ask a volunteer to read out Kit's speech bubble. Ask the children to look at the pictures and read the names of the bikes aloud with the class. Ask questions, e.g. How much is the (red) bike? Which bike is the biggest/cheapest? Which is the most expensive? Which one do you like best?
- Ask the children to look at the pictures of the bike parts and read the labels. Say *Point to the (handlebars)* etc.
- Ask the children to read the text quickly and to write the names of the bikes.
- · Check the activity.

Answers

- 1 Sunny Friend
- 2 King of the Road
- 3 Red Storm



2) Look, read and answer.

- Read out the first question and example answer. Ask the children to point to the answer in the text.
- Ask the children to work in pairs and to answer questions 2–6.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 King of the Road
- 5 Red Storm
- 6 King of the Road
- Sunny Friend
 King of the Road



Writing Class: adjective order

3 Look at the examples.

- Read the example sentence with the class. Draw their attention to the order of the highlighted adjectives.
- Ask the children to look again at the advertisement and to ٠ find adjectives in the text. Tell them to write the adjectives in the correct order in their notebooks. e.g. nice, big, black saddle. Encourage the children to work in pairs so that they can help each other.
- Check the activity.

Write the prices in order.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask What are these? How much are the (white) trainers? Which trainers are the most expensive/the cheapest?
- . Ask the children to write the prices in order from the most expensive to the cheapest.
- Check the activity.

Answers				
€215	€150	€87	€45	

Listen, circle and write. 🥑 2 Track 21



- Play the first part of the CD. Read the first sentence and the example answer.
- Play the CD all the way through, pausing to give the children time to circle the correct word in sentences 2-4 and write the correct word in sentence 5.
- Check the answers.

Encourage the children to guess what Mel thinks before they listen, by reading the sentences and looking at the pictures. Predicting the answers before listening will help to motivate the children and give them a reason to listen.

Answers

2 yellow white

3

4 purple 5 pink

Choose and write. Then act it out.

- Read the speech bubbles aloud with the class. Ask them to use the word prompts, the information from Exercise 4 and their own preferences to complete the speech bubbles.
- Ask the children to work in pairs. One asks the questions and the other answers. Encourage them to act out the dialogue. They can do this more than once, substituting other colours and prices as they wish.
- Ask volunteers to act out their dialogues in front of the class.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 68-69 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 24 Skills on their CD-ROM.

FlyHigh File

Objective: read and write about the planets Vocabulary: planet, rock, ring, gas, star, ice, furthest Review: quickly Grammar review: comparatives and superlatives Materials: paper for project

Warm-up

• Do a short quiz with the class to revise language from previous lessons. Divide the class into two teams and ask questions, e.g. What's the highest mountain in the world/ in Europe? What's the longest river in the world/Europe? What's the fastest animal in the world? What's the biggest animal? What's the biggest/smallest country? etc. The team who get most correct answers are the winners.

Review

1

- Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 6, Choose your favourite kite and write.

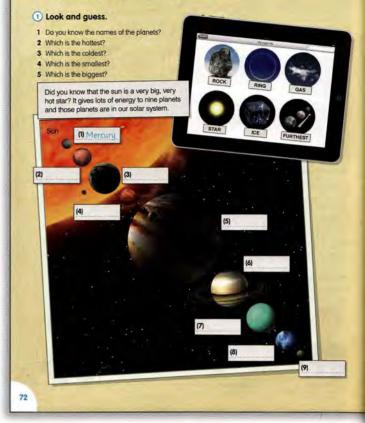
Look and guess.

- Say Open your book at page 72.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the picture and tell you what they can see (*The Solar System/planets*). Ask questions to find out what the children know about the solar system: *How many planets are there? What are they* called? What planet do we live on? Is the sun a planet? etc. Invite the children to tell you anything else they know about the planets in the Solar System.
- Read the questions in Exercise 1 and ask volunteers to answer. Encourage the children to make guesses.
- Ask a volunteer to read the information about the sun. Ask the children to point to the sun in the picture. Ask them to guess which planet is Earth.

Answers

- 1 yes/no 2 Venus
 - enus
- 4 Pluto
- 5 Jupiter
- 3 Pluto

FlyHigh File: Planets



Read and check. Then label the planets.

- Teach the vocabulary in the box before the children read. They can use the word/picture bank to help them understand the text while they read.
- Ask the children to read the text quickly to find the names of the planets and circle them in the text. Give them a time limit and tell them they do not need to understand every word of the text at this stage.
- Ask the children to tell you the names of the planets. Ask them to read the text again, more slowly this time, to check whether their guesses in Exercise 1 were correct.
- Ask the children to label planets 2–9.
- Check the activity.

Read and check. Then label the planets. The planet nearest to the sun is Mercury. It's moons is Saturn. It's got more than sixty moons! me fastest planet. It goes around the sun very It's the sixth furthest from the sun and there are anickly. But it is not the hottest planet. Venus rings round it. They're rings of ice! is the hottest planet and it is second nearest to Next is Uranus. It's four times bigger than Earth. the sun. The third planet is Earth. It's the most Then comes Neptune. It's blue and beautiful. beautiful planet in the solar system. The next There are often storms on Neptune. The last planet is Mars, It's smaller than Earth planet, furthest from the sun, is Pluto. Pluto is The first four planets are made of rock. Next to the smallest planet. It's smaller than our moon Mars is the biggest planet, Jupiter. It's made of and it's the coldest planet too. Some people think ms. not rock. Jupiter hasn't got one moon like Pluto isn't a planet because it's very small. Earth, it's got sixteen! The planet with the most Read and write the name of the planet. ch planet ... 1 is nearest to the sun? Mercury 4 is the stormiest? 5 has got the most moons? 2 is furthest from the sun? 3 is the fastest? 6 is the most beautiful? My Project Choose a planet and write about it. Neptune Jupiter Venus 02 A 1 Bade of eptune is a beautiful, F blue planet. 5 It's made of gas and it's very cold. It's very stormy Other 0 3 14 matic 73



Read and write the name of the planet.

- Read the first question and the example answer. Ask the children to read the text in Exercise 2 again and answer questions 2–6. Encourage them to work in pairs so that they can help each other.
- Check the activity.

Answers

3

- 2 Pluto
- 3 Mercury
- 4 Neptune
- 5 Saturn
- 6 Earth

My project

- Ask the children to look at the chart. Ask questions, e.g. What's (Jupiter) made of? Is it hot or cold on (Venus)? Which planet is (cloudy)? etc.
- Ask a volunteer to read out the text about Neptune.
- Ask the children to choose a planet they want to write about. Tell them to write the name of the planet in the empty column of the chart, and to complete the other information about their chosen planet. Ask them to write about their planet using this information, using the text about Neptune as a model.

Optional activity

Make a 'solar system' display for the classroom. Ask the children to draw pictures of the planets and cut them out. Stick the planets on the wall in the correct order from the sun and ask the children to label them. Then stick some of the texts the children have written next to the planets.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 70–71 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do the reading activity for this File on their CD-ROM.

The FlyHigh Review

Objective: review Lessons 17–24 Vocabulary review: vocabulary from Lessons 17–24. Grammar review: grammar from Lessons 17–24. Materials: Class CD

Warm-up 🥏 2 Track 12

 Sing the song from Lesson 18 to energise the children and to prepare them for the lesson.

Review

1

· Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Say it with Aunt Sophie.

a) Listen and point to the silent letter. Then

repeat. 🥑 2 Track 22

- Say Open your book at page 74.
- Play the CD. Ask the children to point to the words as they listen. Ask them to repeat the words, focussing on the pronunciation. Draw their attention to the silent letter in each word.

b) Listen and circle the silent letter. Then repeat.

🥑 2 Track 22

 Play the second part of the CD. Pause after the first word and ask the children to repeat it. Then ask them to look at the circled silent letter 't'. Play the rest of the CD pausing after each word for the children to repeat the word and circle the silent letter.

6 S

8 h

7 g

Check the activity.

Answers

2

2 k 3 b 4 l 5 w

What about you? Circle and write.

- Ask a volunteer to read the example. Ask the children to circle have to or don't have to in sentences 2–6 and to use the words at the top of the activity to complete the sentences about themselves.
- Check the activity by asking several children to read their completed sentences.

	and point to the silent l repeat.		isten and circ hen repeat.	le the silent le	etter.	
Au	wedne	esday		°	P	•
E	hour		castle	know	climb	•
			write	island	light	gł
-	about you? Circle an					
	/ don't have to get up		4 I have to for my lur	/ don't have to the to school.		r
	/ don't have to	a bus	5 We have	to / don't have rk every day.	to	1.111000
3 I have to at schoo	/ don't have to	a tie		/ don't have to		t
	the questions. Then biners gloves jacket	complete the	answers.			
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	. It's		C		C.	-
They're o	ur	re			0	-

2	catch	5 do
3	wear	6 go
4	bring	
4	bring	

3) Write the questions. Then complete the answers.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and identify the items.
- Ask a volunteer to read out the example question and answer. Then ask the children to complete the remaining questions and answers.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 jacket / hers
- 3 Whose is it? / belt / his
- 4 Whose are they? / trainers / ours



Look, choose and write.

- Ask the children to look at the picture and identify the places.
- Ask a volunteer to read the 'To do' list. Then read the example sentence aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to write a sentence about each thing on the 'To do' list, using the example sentence as a model.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 the post office to send a letter.
- 3 He went to the café to have lunch.
- 4 He went to the art gallery to look at the pictures.
- 5 He went to the shop to buy a scarf.
- 6 He went to the garage to hire a van.

Write.

- Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence.
- Ask the children to use the word in brackets to compare the vehicles in each sentence.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 more expensive
- 3 noisier
- 4 more comfortable
- 5 more exciting 6 bigger
 - bigger

Write true sentences.

- Read the example sentence aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to write complete sentences for numbers 2–5. Encourage them to work in pairs so that they can help each other.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 Pluto is the furthest planet in the solar system.
- 3 Hippos are the most dangerous animals in the world.
- 4 Earth is the most beautiful planet in the solar system.
- 5 Ducks have got the softest feathers.

Review of Cycles 5 and 6

You can now review the language the children have learned in Cycles 5 and 6, in the following ways.

Word List

 Ask the children to review the vocabulary from Lessons 17–24. Tell them to use the Word List on p. 125 of their Pupil's Book.

Activity Book

• Do the **My English** section on p. 73 together in class. See Introduction p. ii for guidance.

Homework

- Tell the children to complete pp. 72–73 in their Activity Book for homework
- The children can do the activity for Review 3 on their CD-ROM.

Progress Review 3

 You can now use photocopiable Progress Review 3 as a test in class. See the Active Teach Resources section.



Objective: read and listen to a story

Vocabulary: palace, poor, beg, gates, soldiers, beggar, rich, servant, cheap, pauper

Grammar review: Present simple, past simple, infinitives of purpose, *have to*

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

 Revise known adjectives and their opposites to prepare for the story. Elicit some known adjectives by miming or drawing, e.g. *happy, beautiful, clean, big, expensive, old.* Write each adjective on the board in a list. Then ask volunteers to come up and write the opposite adjectives, e.g. *sad, ugly, dirty, small, cheap, new.*

Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

(1)

If you have a copy of *The Prince and the Pauper*, bring it into class to show the children. You can talk about the pictures on the front and back covers, and about any other pictures inside. You can also talk about other features of real books, e.g. the title, the author, the blurb on the back cover. This will help motivate the children to read. The Prince and the Pauper

🕦 Read and listen. 🤣



Every day Tom went to the **palace** where the King of England lived. Tom was **poor** and he **begged** on

the way and sometimes got money. More often he got a kick. Then one day Tom saw a boy in the palace. He looked

at the boy's beautiful clothes and he knew. It was Prince Edward, the king's son! He ran to the **gates**.

'I want to see the prince,' he cried. One of the **soldiers** hit Tom. Tom fell and everybody

laughed. But the prince saw and was very angry. "Why did you hit that poor boy?" he shouted at the

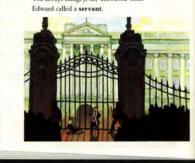
soldiers. 'Open the gates. Bring him in.'

'But sir ...,' said the soldier. 'He's only a poor, dirty beggar.'

'My father is king of **rich** people and poor people, answered Prince Edward. 'Bring in the boy.'

The prince took Tom inside the palace, up some stairs and into one of his rooms.

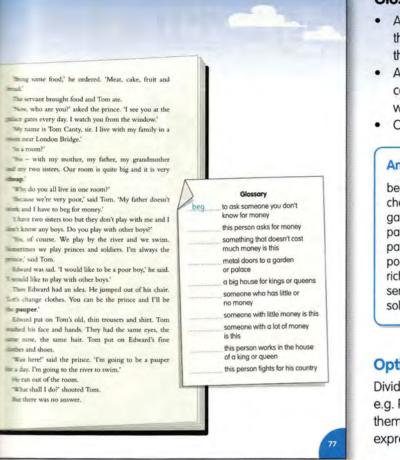
'Are you hungry?' he asked. 'I'm always hungry, sir,' answered Tom



1) Read and listen. 🥑 2 Track 23

Say Open your book at page 76.

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see. Point to the photo of the prince and say He's a prince. Ask What's he wearing? Where do you think he lives? Has he got lots of money? What does he do every day? Is he happy? etc. Encourage the children to make guesses.
- Say This is the story of The Prince and the Pauper. Ask whether any children have read the book in their own language. If so, encourage them to share what they can remember with the class (use L1 if necessary). Ask questions to prompt the children about the story: Do you know the story of The Prince and the Pauper? What happened?



Glossary

- Ask the children to look at the Glossary on page 77. Read the example sentence and answer. Ask the children to find the word *beg* in the story text.
- Ask them to read the other definitions and find the corresponding words in the text. Tell them that all the words they need to find are in bold in the text.
- · Check the activity.

Answers	
beggar cheap gates palace	
pauper poor rich	
servant soldier	

Optional activity

Divide the class into groups of four. Give each child a role, e.g. Prince Edward, Tom, the soldier, the narrator. Encourage them to act out the story. Encourage them to put as much expression into their reading as they can.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 74–75 in their Activity Book.
- Play the CD. Ask the children to follow the story in their books as they listen.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Where did the prince live? Did the prince have a lot of money? Where did Tom live? Did Tom have a lot of money? Was the prince happy? Why do you think he wanted to change clothes with Tom?

25) I want to join in.

Objective: talk about what people want to do Vocabulary: join in, fancy dress, costume, alien, superhero, pop star Review: tobogganing, detective. Grammar: want to + infinitive

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

 Ask questions to remind the children of the Fly High story so far. Ask Where did Claudia and Magnus go on the train? Did Jack and Kelly follow them? Who can fly a helicopter? Did Claudia and Magnus fly in the fastest helicopter? Where did they stay in Ukraine? etc.

Review

· Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥑 2 Track 24

- Say Open your book at page 78.
- Present the new vocabulary with the pictures on page 78.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress in join in, fancy dress, costume, alien, superhero and pop star. Practise the diphthongs /e1/ in alien, /o1/ in join in and /1ə/ and /əu/ in hero.

I want to join in. 🥏 2 Track 24

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask questions, e.g. Where are Jack and Kelly? What costumes can you see? What costume is Jack wearing? Who's got Oscar?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask *Who's the alien? What does Jack want to be? What does Kelly want to be? Is Oscar safe?*



- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the grammar box.
- Write on the board I..... to be a pop star. Kelly
- *to be a pop star.* Ask a volunteer to fill the gaps. Ask the children to look again at the pictures on page 78
- Ask the children to look again at the pictures on page 78
 and tell you what costumes they can see. Write a list on
 the board (alien, pirate, spy, clown, spaceman, pop star,
 superhero, Dracula). Ask individual children What do you
 want to be? Encourage them to answer I want to be a
 , choosing a costume from the list on the board.
- Say (Maria) wants to be a (clown). Then ask the children to remember what other children in the class want to be and elicit similar sentences.



Optional activity

You can personalise this further by asking the children to talk about what they want to do after school. Brainstorm various activities, e.g. go to the park, tobogganing, play football, go shopping. Ask the children to talk about what they want to do in pairs.

Read the story and match.

- Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence and ask the children to follow the matching line.
- Ask the children to look again at the story and match the remaining sentences.
- Check the activity.

1

Answers 2 f 3 d 4 b 5 c 6 a

Listen and match. Then write. 🥏 2 Track 25

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and identify the costumes.
- Play the CD, pausing after the first part. Ask the children to follow the example line. Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence.
- Play the CD all the way through and ask the children to draw matching lines from each character to a costume. Then ask them to complete sentences 2–4.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 spy
- 3 pop star
- 4 superhero

Ask and answer.

- Ask the children to look at the picture. Ask volunteers to read out the question and answer in the speech bubbles.
- Invite the children to ask and answer similar questions in pairs about all the characters in the picture. Tell them to use the words in the word bank as prompts.
- Check the activity.

Answers

Claudia – take the cat home Kelly – eat an ice cream Aunt Sophie – take photos Magnus – make a phone call Jack – have a drink

- Ask the children to complete pp. 76–77 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 25 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.



Objective: ask about what people like doing; write about what people are good at

Vocabulary: ice skating, surfing, skateboarding, rock climbing, cycling, fishing

Review: tobogganing

Grammar: like +ing; be good at +ing; I'm happy when I'm +ing

Review: Superlative, past simple, somebody

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 26 Flashcards

Warm-up

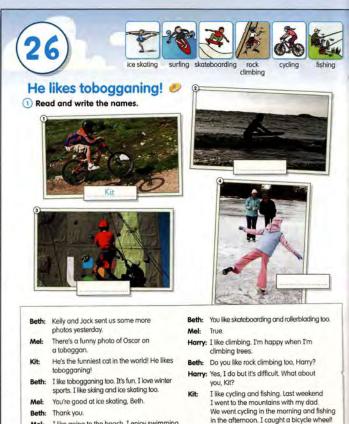
- Revise known sports and activities. Mime e.g. skiing, and elicit the word. Give the children one minute to write down as many sports as they can think of. They can do this in pairs.
- Ask various pairs to read out their lists.

Review

- Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 5, What about you? Answer the questions.

Vocabulary 🧼 2 Track 26

- Say Open your book at page 80.
- · Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress in <u>ice skating, surfing, skateboarding, rock</u> climbing, <u>cycling</u> and <u>fishing</u>. Practise the diphthong /aɪ/ in *ice* /aɪs/, cycling /'saɪklıŋ/ and climbing /'klaımıŋ/.



Mel: I like going to the beach. I enjoy swimming and surfing.

He likes tobogganing! 🥏 2 Track 26

Read and write the names.

3 Harry

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photos. Ask What's he/she doing?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.

I'm not very good at fishing.

- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask *Does (Oscar) like tobogganing? Does (Mel) like ice skating?* etc. Then ask the children to write a name under each photo.
- Check the activity.

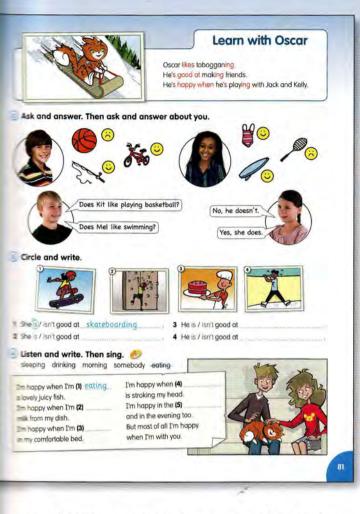
Answers

80

2 Mel

4 Beth

- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the grammar box.
- Elicit some sports, e.g. cycling, fishing, surfing and write them on the board. Put a smiley face next to e.g. cycling



and fishing and a sad face icon next to surfing. Write on the board I like and I Ask volunteers to fill the gaps.

Ask individual children Do you like (cycling)? Are you good at (cycling)? Are you happy when you're (cycling)? Elicit Yes, I do./No, I don't. and Yes, I am./No, I'm not. Write on the board (Anna) (cycling). She good at . She happy when she . Ask volunteers to fill the gaps.

Ask and answer. Then ask and answer about you.

- Ask volunteers to read the speech bubbles. Tell the children to point to the pictures as they listen.
- Ask the children to work in pairs. They ask and answer about the pictures using the questions in the speech bubbles as a model.
- Check the activity by asking volunteers to say their dialogues aloud.
- Invite the children to ask and answer about what they like/ don't like doing in pairs.

Before starting the personalised pairwork, tell the children that they will need to remember one or two things to tell the class about their partner, e.g. He/She likes (fishing). This will motivate them to listen to their partner's responses and will give them a reason for listening.

Circle and write. 3

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and name the activity. Read the example sentence aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to circle the correct verb in numbers 2-4 and to complete each sentence.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 isn't / rock climbing
- 3 is / making cakes
- 4 isn't / ice skating

Listen and write. Then sing. 🥏 2 Track 27 4

- Ask the children to look at the picture. Ask When is Oscar happy? Encourage guesses, e.g. He's happy when he's drinking milk.
- Ask a volunteer to read the first line of the sona. Ask the children to complete the text using the words at the top of the activity.
- Play the CD. Ask the children to listen and check their answers. Play the CD again and ask them to sing the song.

Answers

- 2 drinking
- 3 sleeping
- 4 somebody
- 5 morning

Optional activity

Ask the children to write an additional verse for the song, describing when they're happy. They can sing their personalised verses using the karaoke version of the song, or read them out aloud to the class.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 78–79 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 26 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

27) What shall we do?

Objective: talk and write about plans for the future Vocabulary: use, escape, reach, borrow, hold Vocabulary review: alien, rescue, helicopter Grammar: Shall we? What about ...ing? Grammar review: have to, be good at ... +ing, past simple Materials: Class CD; Lesson 27 Flashcards

Warm-up 🥏 2 Track 27

Play the CD and ask the children to sing the song from the previous lesson.

Review

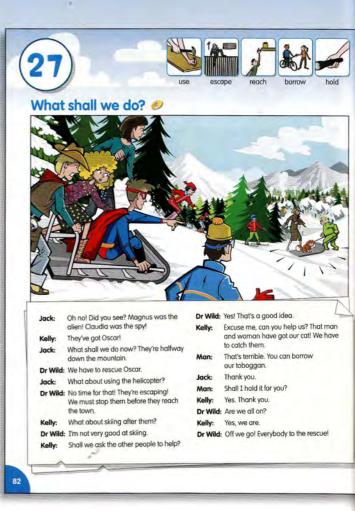
- · Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 6, What about you? Complete with your own ideas.

Vocabulary 🥑 2 Track 28

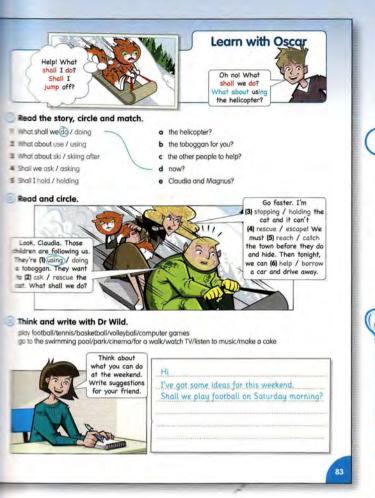
- Say Open your book at page 82.
- · Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress and the diphthongs /ei/ in escape /i'skeip/ and /əu/ in borrow /'borəu/ and hold /həuld/.

What shall we do? 🥏 2 Track 28

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the picture. Ask questions, e.g. Where are Jack, Kelly and Aunt Sophie? What's Oscar doing? Who is he with?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Who was the spy? Who was the alien? Is Dr Wild good at skiing? Whose is the toboggan?



- Ask volunteers to read out the text in the grammar box.
- Write other prompts on the board, e.g. It's hot/raining/cold. Ask volunteers to make suggestions about what to do.



Read the story, circle and match.

- Ask a volunteer to read out the example question.
- . Ask the children to look again at the story on page 82 and to circle the correct word and complete the question in numbers 2-5.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 using/a
- 3 skiing after / e
- 4 ask / c
- 5 hold / b

Read and circle.

Ask the children to look at the picture and tell you what they can see.

- Read the example sentence aloud. Ask the children to read the text and circle the correct word in each sentence.
- Check the answers.

Answers

2 rescue 3 holding 5 reach

escape 4

6 borrow

Think and write with Dr Wild. 3

- Ask the children to look at the picture of Dr Wild and ask a volunteer to read out her speech bubble.
- Read the vocabulary prompts aloud with the class and . read the example sentence.
- . Ask the children to write three or four ideas about what they and their family or friends could do at the weekend, using the word prompts. Monitor and offer help as necessary.
- Invite individual children to read out what they have written. .

Do the activity orally with the class first. This will help to prepare the children for writing. Encourage the children to share their ideas with the class, e.g. Shall we (watch TVI? Encourage the class to answer Yes, good idea. or No, what about (going to the park)?

Homework

- Ask the children to complete pp. 80-81 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 27 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Quiz 7

You can now use the photocopiable Quiz 7. See the Active Teach Resources section.



Objective: read an email; listen for information; suggest activities for a holiday

Vocabulary review: vocabulary from Lesson 26, toboganning

Grammar review: grammar from lessons 25–27

Materials: Class CD, Lesson 26 Flashcards

Warm-up

 Use the flashcards from Lesson 26 to revise sports. Show each flashcard and elicit the word. Then show the flashcards again and ask individual children *Do you like (rock climbing)? Are you good at (cycling)?* etc. Encourage the children to ask each other similar questions.

Review

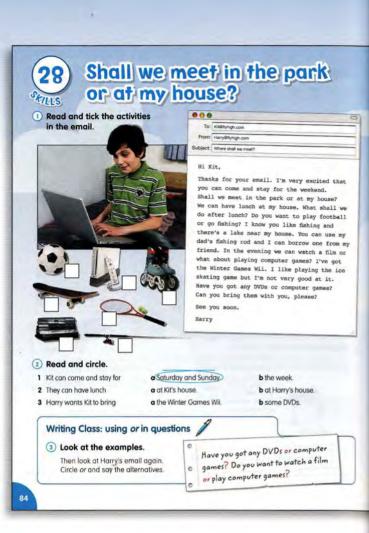
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- · Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 6, Read and make your own suggestions. Use Shall we ...? or What about ...?

Read and tick the activities in the email.

- Say Open your book at page 84.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photo and ask What is Harry doing? Who is he writing to? What's the subject of the email?
- Ask the children to read the text quickly and tick the activities that are mentioned in the email.
- Check the activity.

Before they read, ask the children to predict what questions they think Harry asks Kit in the email. e.g. *Shall we play football? What about playing tennis?* This will give them a reason to read, i.e. checking their predictions.



Answers

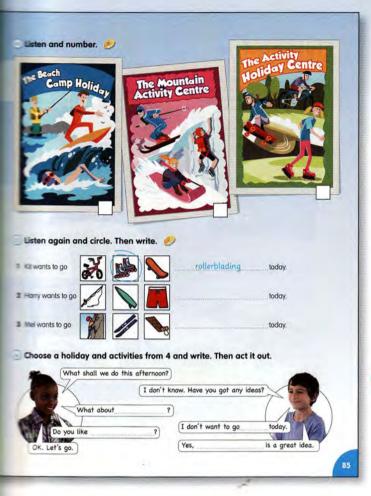
play football play computer games watch films go fishing

2) Read and circle.

- Ask a volunteer to read out the example sentence. Ask the children to read Harry's email again and circle the correct answer in numbers 2 and 3.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 b 3 b



Writing Class: using or in questions

Look at the examples. 3

- Read the example sentences with the class. Draw their attention to the highlighted words and make sure the children understand how they are used.
- . Ask the children to look again at Harry's email and to circle or and say the alternatives.
- Check the activity.

4

Listen and number. 🥑 2 Track 29

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see.
- Play the first part of the CD. Ask the children to tell you the picture it describes and to write the number 1 in the correct tick box.
- Play the CD all the way through, pausing to give the children time to number the pictures.
- Check the answers.

Answers

5

- 1 The Activity Holiday Centre
- 2 The Beach Camp Holiday
- The Mountain Activity Centre 3

Listen again and circle. Then write.

0 2 Track 30

- Ask the children to look at the pictures. Play the first part of the CD. Read the example answer aloud with the class.
- Play the rest of the CD again and ask the children to circle • the correct activity and complete the sentences.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 fishing

3 tobogganing

Choose a holiday and activities from 4 and 6 write. Then act it out.

- Read the speech bubbles aloud with the class. Ask them to work in pairs and use the information from Exercise 4 to complete the speech bubbles as they wish.
- Encourage the children to act out the dialogue. They can do this more than once, substituting other activities as they wish.
- Ask volunteers to act out their dialogues in front of the class.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 82-83 in their Activity Book
- The children can do Lesson 28 Skills on their CD-ROM. •

FlyHigh File

Objective: read and write about sporting legends

Vocabulary: football player, score, goal, world record, Olympic flag, gold medal, medicine, compete, train

Review: need, expensive, ice-skating

Grammar review: Present simple, past simple, superlatives, *be good at* ... +*ing*

Materials: paper for the project, pictures from magazines (optional)

Warm-up

 Ask the children to think about their favourite sports people. Elicit and write some names on the board and ask Where is he/she from? What is he/she good at? Why do you like him/her? Encourage the children to talk in pairs about their favourite sports star.

Bring some pictures cut out of magazines to prompt the children and to engage them.

Review

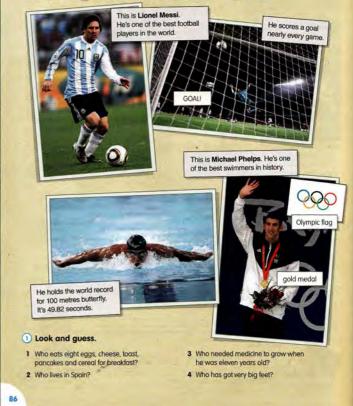
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Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Look and guess.

- Say Open your book at page 86.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photos. Ask *Who's this?* Ask the children to look very quickly at the texts and tell you the names of the men.
- Ask the children to tell you anything they know about Lionel Messi and Michael Phelps. Prompt them with questions if necessary, e.g. Where's he from? How old is he? Is he good at (playing football)? Ask volunteers to read out the captions.
- Then ask them to read the questions in pairs and guess the answers.

FlyHigh File: sporting legends



Answers

- 1 Michael Phelps
- 2 Lionel Messi
- 3 Lionel Messi
- 4 Michael Phelps

2) Read and check.

- Ask the children to read the text quickly and find out whether their guesses in Exercise 1 were correct.
- · Check the activity.

Read and check.

Local Messi always wanted to be a football payer. He was born in Argentina in 1987 and he payed for his first team in 1992 when he was five years old.

By cleven he was very good at football but there was a problem. He was short and he wasn't growing taller. He needed medicine to grow but it was expensive. When he was thirteen, his family moved to Spain and the Barcelona football club paid for his medicine.

Today he plays for FC Barcelona and for Argentina. He's a brilliant goal scorer and one of the best football players in the world.

Read and answer.

- Inhere was Lionel Messi born? Argenting
- How old is he?How did Barcelong help him?
- # What teams does Messi play for?
- 5 What nationality is Michael Phelps?

My Project

Find out and write about a sporting legend from your country.

Have ice skating and I'm quite good at it. I go to the ice rink every day after school and train for an hour. I want to be as good & Oksana Domnina and Maxim Shabalin. They're Russian ice dancers. They won the World Championship for ice dancing in 2020.

Read and answer.

- Read the example question and answer. Ask the children to find the answer in the text.
- Ask the children to read the text again and answer questions 2–8.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 (as applicable)
- 3 They paid for his medicine.
- 4 FC Barcelona and Argentina
- 5 American
- 6 He competed in the 2000 Olympics.
- 7 fourteen
- 8 a lot / the same as five men

Michael Phelps is an amazing American swimmer. When he was fifteen, he competed in the 2000 Olympics. The same year he broke a world record. He's got fourteen Olympic gold medals – more than anybody in the world. He wants to win more medals so he works very hard. Every day he swims for about five hours.

He's tall with a long body and big feet and he needs to eat a lot. He eats a very big breakfast, He likes eating lots of pasta and sandwiches for lunch. For dinner he has another enormous meal. He eats the same as five men every day.

He loves his sport and he's happy when he's swimming. Some people think he's the best swimmer in history.

6 What did he do when he was fifteen years old?

Optional activity

If you want to make the activity more communicative, divide the class into two groups. Ask one group to read the text about Lionel Messi and to answer questions 1–4 about him. Ask the other group to read and answer questions 5–8 about Michael Phelps. Then put the children in pairs, with one partner from each group. They tell each other about the sports star they have read about, using the questions as prompts.

My project

- Ask the children to look at the photo. Ask What are they doing? Are they good at it? Do you know who they are/ where they're from?
- Ask a volunteer to read out the text.
- Ask the children to write about a famous sporting legend from their country.

Brainstorm ideas before the children write. Elicit the names of famous sports people from your country and write them on the board. Ask the class to share anything they know about them. This will give the children more ideas for writing and will help those children who don't know much about the subject.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 84–85 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do the reading activity for this File on their CD-ROM.





Objective: describe a room; read and write about what someone is going to do

Vocabulary: knock over, lamp, curtain, rug, sofa, cushion, prison

Grammar: future: affirmative with going to

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 29 Flashcards

Warm-up

 Talk about objects that can be found in the home to prepare for the lesson. Draw a room outline on the board and say *This is the living room*. What's in your living room? Ask volunteers to come and draw objects in the room, e.g. *TV, door, books, table, chairs, sofa*. Ask them to say the words they know.

Review

· Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥏 2 Track 31

- Say Open your book at page 88.
- Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the final schwa sound /ə/ in over /'auva/, curtain /'ka:tan/, sofa /'saufa/, cushion /'kuʃan/ and prison /'prizan/.

I'm going to phone the police!

🥏 2 Track 31

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask questions, e.g. Where are Claudia and Magnus going? Where are they in picture 3? Where's Toto? Where's Oscar?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Who did Aunt Sophie phone? Where did Jack look? Who knocked over the lamp? Where are Claudia and Magnus going to go?



- Ask volunteers to read the sentences in the grammar box.
- Ask the class to remember and say what other children are going to do, using the models on the board.



Read the story and correct one word.

- Read the example sentence aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to look again at the story on page 88 and correct one word in sentences 2-5.
- Check the activity.

Answers

1

- 2 sleep look
- 3 Kelly Magnus
- 4 playing hiding
- 5 school prison

Listen and circle. Then look and say.

🥑 2 Track 32

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and ask volunteers to read the captions aloud.
- Play the CD. Ask the children to listen and circle *Magnus's* or *Claudia's* for each room.
- Check the activity.
- Ask a volunteer to read out the boy's speech bubble. Ask the children to work in pairs. They take turns describing each room.

Answers

2

1st picture – Magnus's room 2nd picture – Claudia's room

3) Choose and write. Then match.

- Ask the children to look again at the pictures. Read the example sentence aloud and ask them to point to correct picture (c).
- Ask the children to complete sentences 2-4 and match each sentence to one of the pictures.
- · Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 're / to write / d
- 3 'm / to give / a
- 4 's / to have / b

- Ask the children to complete pp. 86-87 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 29 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Are they going to come home now?

Objective: ask about what people are going to do

Vocabulary: plan, picnic, invitation, banner

Grammar: Future: negatives and question with going to

Review: going to ..., Shall we ...?

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

• Talk about what the children are going to do this weekend. Ask What are you going to do this weekend? Elicit sentences, e.g. I'm going to go shopping. I'm going to visit my grandma. I'm going to play football. etc.

Review

· Check the homework from the previous lesson.

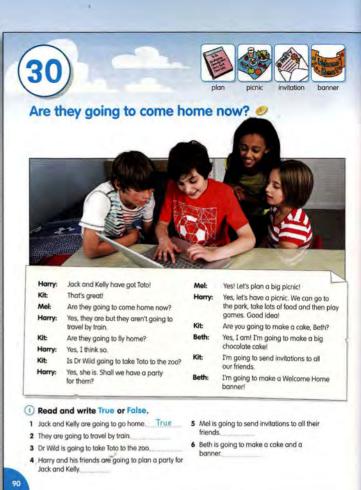
Vocabulary 🥑 2 Track 33

- Say Open your book at page 90.
- Present the new vocabulary with the pictures on page 90.
- Use extra repetition to practise the initial vowel sounds /p/ in *picnic, plan* and /b/ in *banner*. Practise the schwa sound /ə/ at the end of *banner* /'bænə/ and *invitation* /mvrterʃən/.

Are they going to come home now?

🥑 2 Track 33

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photo. Ask questions, e.g. Who can you see? What are they doing?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Who has got Toto? How are Jack and Kelly going to come home? Who's going to make a cake? Who's going to send party invitations?



1) Read and write True or False.

- Ask a volunteer to read out the example sentence.
- Ask the children to read the story again and decide whether sentences 2-6 are true or false.
- · Check the activity.

Answers

2 False 3 True 4 True 5 False 6 True

we going to go home now?	Learn with Oscar
I Am I going to my friends ag Yes, I am.	
to by Yes, we are.	to go He isn't going to go They aren't going to fly by train. in a plane.
e Yes or No for you. Then ask and	answer.
Yes	
you going to watch TV this evening?	No, I'm not. I'm going to read a book.
e and write.	
make eat drink write make	1 They aren't going to have a picnic. 2 The boy is / isn't going to a banner. 3 The girl is / isn't going to a cake. 4 Dad is / isn't going to invitations. 5 They are / aren't going to sandwiches. 6 They are / aren't going to milk.
n and circle. Then sing. 🥏	
	*
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Are you going to (1) come be to our party? It's going to (2) look / be just great.	We're going to (4) get / make some pizza. We've got lats of (5) things / work to do.

Learn with Oscar

- Ask volunteers to read out the speech bubbles in the grammar box. Read the other questions and sentences in the grammar box aloud.
- Write on the board I'm going to go home now. Then write . going to go home now? Yes, I ... No, the children's attention to how the question and short answer are formed.
- Say, e.g. He's going to go home now. Elicit the question Is he going to go home now? Do the same for statements and questions with She/It and You/We/They. Elicit the short answer form each time.
- Practise negative statements in the same way.

Write Yes or No for you. Then ask 2 and answer.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and name the activities.
- Ask volunteers to read Harry and Mel's speech bubbles. Then ask the children to write Yes or No under each activity depending on whether they are going to do it or not.
- Ask the children to work in pairs, asking and answering . about what they are going to do that evening.
- Check the activity by asking volunteers to tell the class what they are/aren't going to do.

Circle and write. 3

- Ask the children to look at the picture. Read the example sentence aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to circle the correct words and write the verbs in sentences 2-6.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 is / make
- 3 isn't / make
- 4 isn't / write
- 5 are / eat 6 aren't / drink
- Listen and circle. Then sing. 🧼 2 Track 34 4



- Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence. Ask the children to circle the correct words in the song text.
- Play the CD and tell the children to check their answers.
- Play the CD again and ask the children to sing the song.

Answers

2 be	5	things	
3 have	6	be	
4 get	7	come	

- Ask the children to complete pp. 88-89 in their Activity Book. .
- . The children can do Lesson 30 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

31 Why did they want Toto?

Objective: talk about why people do/did things

Vocabulary: rare, robber, steal, jewellery, valuable, painting, diamond

Review: prison, helpful

Grammar: Why? Because

Review: going to, present simple, past simple, There were, be good at ... +ing, I'm happy when I'm ... +ing

Materials: Class CD 2 and 3, Lesson 31 Flashcards

Warm-up 🥑 2 Track 34

 Play the CD and ask the children to sing the song from the previous lesson.

Review

- · Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 5, What about you? Tick or cross. Then write true sentences.

Vocabulary 🥮 3 Track 02

- Say Open your book at page 92.
- Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress and pronunciation of *jewellery* /'dʒu:əlri/, *valuable* /'væljuəbl/ and *diamond* /'darəmənd/. Practise the weak schwa sound /ə/ in *robber* /'rɒbə/ and the silent 'r' in *rare* /reə/.

Why did they want Toto? 🥏 3 Track 02

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the picture. Ask questions, e.g. Are Toto and Oscar safe? Where are Claudia and Magnus?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Are Claudia and Magnus going to go on holiday? What did Claudia collect? Did she buy rare birds? What did the police find in Claudia and Magnus's house?



Why did they want Toto? 🥌



- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the grammar box.
- Ask Why did Claudia take Oscar? Elicit the answer Because she liked him.
- Write on the board ______ did Claudia like Oscar? Because ______. Ask a volunteer to fill the gaps, then invite volunteers to tell you their ideas. e.g. Because he was soft/cute/friendly/clever. Ask the children other questions, e.g. Do you like birds/cats/spiders? Why? Why not? Encourage them to answer using Because.

m	Learn with Oscar
Why did Claudia want me and Toto? Because she liked us!	Why didn't we
	like Claudia? Because she was a robber!
Read the story and match.	
Why aren't Claudia and Magnus in the hotel? -	Because they were brave and helpful.
Why did Claudia want Toto? Why did she want Oscar?	 b Because they are going to go to prison. c Because they are robbers.
Why didn't they buy some animals?	 d Because she collects rare birds.
Why did the policeman thank Kelly and Jack?	e Because she liked him.
Choose and write. paintings valuable rebbers diamonds jew	allers, sheallers
Think and write with Dr Wild.	They found many (2) things there. Under the bed there was a big bag of (3)
your favourite hobby. Tick the things you like about it and write.	like swimming because I'm good at it
an do it with my friends.	I get lots of fresh air.
an do it at home. I like collecting	
and an	en I'm doing it. I'm good at it.
and an	en I'm doing it I'm good at it I learn lots of new things

Read the story and match.

- Ask volunteers to read out the example question and answer.
- Ask the children to look again at the story on page 92 and to match the remaining questions and answers.
- Check the activity.



Choose and write.

- Ask the children to look at the picture and tell you what they can see.
- Read the example sentence. Ask the children to look at the picture and to complete the text, using the words at the top of the activity.
- Check the answers.

Answers

3

2 valuable

- 3 diamonds
- 5 paintings 6 stealing

4 jewellery

Think and write with Dr Wild.

- Ask the children to look at the picture of Dr Wild and ask a volunteer to read out her speech bubble.
- Ask the children to think about their favourite hobby and to tick the things they like about it. Ask volunteers to tell you what they like and why.
- Then ask the children to write sentences about their hobby using the phrases they have ticked. Monitor and offer help as necessary.
- Invite individual children to read out their sentences.

Homework

- Ask the children to complete pp. 90–91 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 31 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Quiz 8

• You can now use the photocopiable **Quiz 8**. See the **Active Teach** Resources section.



Objective: invite someone to a party

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

 Say It's my birthday. I'm going to have a party. Ask What do you want to do at my party? Elicit as many ideas from the children as possible, e.g. I want to dance/play games/ eat cake/talk to friends, give presents. etc.

Review

1

- Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 5, Choose and write.

Read and answer.

- Say Open your book at page 94.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the picture and ask What is it? (an invitation). Who is it from/to?
- Read the example question and answer aloud. Ask the children to read the invitation and Roz's email to find the answers to questions 2–5.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 at Greenwoods Park
- 3 at 3 o'clock
- 4 Yes, she is.
- 5 She's going to take sandwiches, crisps and juice.

To Ro The Boother The Boother The Boother The Boother	A Welcome Home picnic for Jack and Kelly 3.00 in the afternoon 5 asturday August 8th 6 Greenwoods Park 8 KT 7855021 Emails kit@flyhigh.co
I've got an invitation from Kit!	000
	To: Kt0tlyhigh.com
Dand and summer	From: Rozentyhigh.com
Read and answer.	Subject: Party Invitation
1 What is the occasion?	Dear Kit,
A Welcome Home picnic for Jack and Kelly	Thank you for the invitation to
2 Where is the party? 3 What time is it?	the Welcome Home picnic for Jac and Kelly. I'd love to come. I can't wait to see them and hear
	all their news. The last time I saw them was on May 22nd and it
4 Is Roz going to go?	August 3rd now! Would you like me to bring some food and drink to the picnic? I'll bring some
5 Is she going to take anything to the picnic?	sandwiches, crisps and juice. Love, Roz
Writing Class: writing dates	
	May 22nd
 Look at the example. 	0
Then look at the invitation and message	

Writing Class: writing dates

2) Look at the example.

 Read the example date with the class. Draw their attention to the way the date is written.

- Ask the children to look again at Kit's invitation and Roz's email and to find three dates. Tell them to write the dates in the correct order. i.e. May 22nd, August 3rd, August 8th. Encourage the children to work in pairs so that they can help each other.
- Check the activity.

	1	2	3
Occasion	Birthday party Fancy dress party	Birthday party Fancy dress party	Picnic School dance
Date	Saturday September 15th Saturday September 5th	Friday October 31st Friday October 3rd	Wednesday March 5th Wednesday March 25th
Time	7.30 5.30	3.45 4.15	7.30 5.30
Place	Peter's house The park	The school Tom's house	The school Kate's house
WOULD To The occasion: The time:	ty from 3 and completer to COME 1	TO MY	
WOULD J To The occasion: The time: The time: The date: The place:	YOU LIKE TO COME T	TM OT	
WOULD	POU LIKE TO COME T PARTY?	Thank y	
WOULD	PARTY?	Thank y	vou. Yes, I'd love ne. When is it? time is it? Where is it?

Listen and circle. 🥑 3 Track 03 3

- Ask the children to look at the chart. Ask volunteers to read the dates and times aloud.
- Play the first part of the CD. Read the example answer aloud with the class.
- Play the CD all the way through, pausing to give the children time to circle the correct answers for each dialogue.
- Check the answers.

Answers

- 1 Saturday September 5th / 5.30 / Peter's house
- 2 Fancy dress party / Friday October 31st / 4.15 / Tom's house
- 3 School dance / Wednesday March 25th / 7.30 / The school

Choose a party from 3 and complete.

- Ask the children to look at the invitation. Do the activity orally first. Choose one of the parties from Exercise 3 and ask volunteers to tell you the occasion, time, date and place.
- Ask the children to work individually. Tell them to choose a party and complete the invitation.
- Check the activity.

5

Write. Then act it out.

- Ask volunteers to read out the speech bubbles.
- Ask the children to complete the speech bubbles individually. Then encourage them to act out the dialogues in pairs. They can do this again, substituting other dates, times and places as they wish.
- Ask volunteers to act out their dialogues in front of the class.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 92–93 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 32 Skills on their CD-ROM.

FlyHigh File

Objective: read about the Duke of Edinburgh's Award; write about your own plans

Vocabulary: award, physical, volunteering, skills, expedition, photography, sewing, knitting, DJ

Review: cycling

Grammar review: Present simple, comparatives, superlatives, *going to*

Materials: paper for project

Warm-up

 Talk about the children's hobbies to prepare them for the lesson. Write on the board *Have you got a hobby? What is it? Why do you like it?* Ask the children to ask each other the questions in pairs. Then ask volunteers to tell the class about their own or their partner's hobby.

Review

1

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Read and number the photos.

- Say Open your book at page 96.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photos and tell you what they can see. Ask What's she doing? What are they doing? Do you like (playing basketball)? etc.
- Read the title of the website and ask What's an award? When do you get an award? Encourage the class to guess. Invite the children to tell you if they have any awards and what they were for (use L1 if necessary).
- Ask the children to read the information in Exercise 1 and number the photos 1-4.
- Ask the children some comprehension questions to check understanding and to engage them, e.g. How old do you have to be? How long does it take? How many sections are there?

Answers

Left to right, top to bottom: 2 3 4 1

FlyHigh File: Duke of Edinburgh's Award



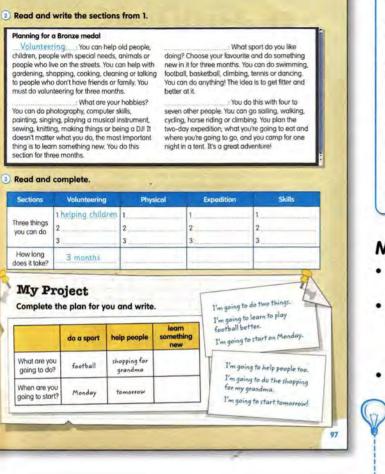
1) Read and number the photo:

You have to do something from each of these sections: 1 Physical: getting better at a sport or dancing 2 Volunteering: helping other people or animals 3 Skills: learning how to do something new 4 Expedition: going on a two-day trip and staying one night in a tent

Tell the children they don't need to understand every word of the text at this stage. Encourage them to use key words in the text to match the text to the photos, e.g. *1 sport, 2 helping people, 3 learning, 4 a trip.*

2) Read and write the sections from 1.

- Ask a volunteer to read out the first paragraph and the example Volunteering.
- Ask the children to read the remaining text and write a heading for each paragraph, using the words from Exercise 1.
- Ask the children questions to check comprehension, e.g. Who can you help when you're volunteering? How long do you have to do each section for? Where do you sleep in the Expedition section?
- Check the activity.



Answers

3

paragraph 2: Skills paragraph 3: Physical paragraph 4: Expedition

Read and complete.

- Read the first part of the chart and the example answers. Ask the children to read the text in Exercise 2 again and to complete the chart. Encourage them to work in pairs so that they can help each other.
- Check the activity.

Suggested Answers

Volunteering 2 helping old people	3 help with gardening
Physical 1 swimming 2 football	3 basketball three months
Expedition 1 sailing 2 walking	3 cycling two days
Skills 1 photography 2 computer skills	3 painting three months

My project

- Ask the children to look at the plan. Ask volunteers to read out the sentences on the right.
- Ask the children to write their own plan for learning something new. Tell them to write notes in the chart first, then to write their plan in their notebook, using the example texts as a model. Monitor and offer assistance as necessary.
- Ask volunteers to read out their plans.

Remind the children about their plans to learn something new in the following days and weeks. Ask children to share their achievements with the class and give an award to children who fulfil their plan, e.g. a certificate or a special sticker.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 94–95 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do the reading activity for this File on their CD-ROM.



Objective: review Lessons 25–32 Vocabulary review: vocabulary from Lessons 25-32 Grammar review: grammar from Lessons 25-32 Materials: Class CD 2 and 3

Warm-up 2 Track 34

Sing the song from Lesson 30 to energise the children and • to prepare them for the lesson.

Review

- Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have . written for Exercise 6. What about you? Complete.

Say it with Aunt Sophie 1

a) Listen and point. Then repeat. 🥮 3 Track 04

- Say Open your book at page 98.
- Play the CD. Ask the children to point to the words as they listen. Ask them to repeat the words, focussing on the pronunciation.

b) Listen and circle. Then say all the words.

🥏 3 Track 05

- Play the CD. Pause after the first word and ask the children to repeat it. Show them the circled example. Play the rest of the CD pausing after each word for the children to repeat the word and circle the correct word.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2	their
6	teeth

2

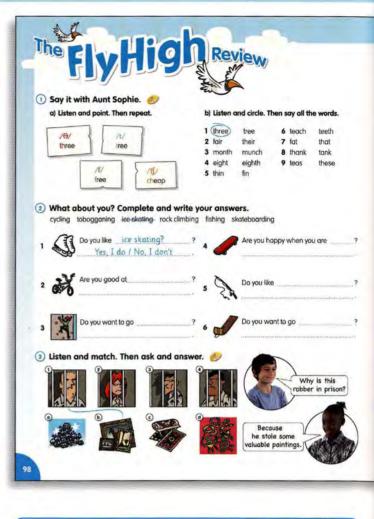
```
3 munch
              4 eighth
7 that
              8 tank
```

9 teas

5 thin

What about you? Complete and write your answers.

- · Ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask volunteers to read the example question and answer aloud.
- Ask the children to complete each question using the words at the top of the activity. They then answer about themselves.
- Check the activity by asking several children to read their completed sentences.



Answers

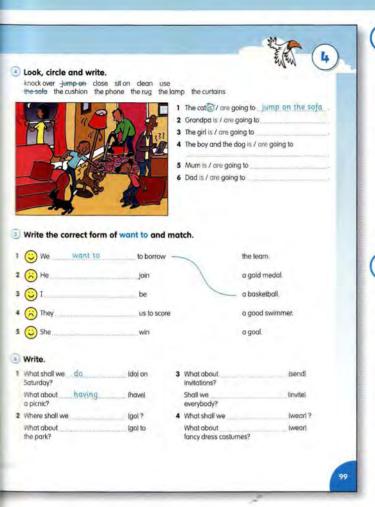
- 2 cvcling
- 3 rock climbing
- 5 fishing
- 4 skateboarding
- 6 tobogganing

Listen and match. Then ask and answer. 3

3 Track 06

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see.
- Play the first part of the CD and ask the children to follow the example line. Play the CD all the way through, pausing after each part so that the children can match the pictures in the top and bottom rows.
- Check the activity.
- Ask volunteers to read out the speech bubbles. Then ask the children to work in pairs, asking and answering about the robbers.

Answers			
2 d	3 c	4 a	



Look, circle and write.

- Ask the children to look at the picture. Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence aloud.
- Ask the children to circle the correct word in numbers 2-6 and to complete each sentence using the verbs and nouns at the top of the activity.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 is / use the phone
- 3 is / sit on the cushion
- 4 are / knock over the lamp
- 5 is / close the curtains
- 6 is / clean the rug

Write the correct form of want to and match.

- Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence.
- Ask the children to write want to /don't want to or wants to /doesn't want to in each gap and to complete each sentence by drawing a matching line.
- Check the activity.

Answers

5

- 2 doesn't want to / the team
- 3 want to / a good swimmer
- 4 don't want / a goal5 wants to / a gold medal

6) Write.

- Read the example questions aloud with the class.
- Ask the children to use the correct form of the verb in brackets to complete the questions in 2–4.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 go / going

3 sending / invite 4 wear / wearing

Review of Cycles 7 and 8

You can now review the language the children have learned in Cycles 7 and 8, in the following ways.

Word List

 Ask the children to review the vocabulary from Lessons 25-32. Tell them to use the Word List on pp. 125-6 of their Pupil's Book.

Activity Book

• Do the **My English** section on p. 97 together in class. See Introduction p. ii for guidance.

Homework

- Tell the children to complete pp. 96–97 in their Activity Book for homework.
- The children can do the activity for Review 4 on their CD-ROM.

Progress Review 4

 You can now use photocopiable Progress Review 4. See the Active Teach Resources section.



Objective: read and listen to a story

Vocabulary: sailor, voyage, dangerous, captain, ship, sail, wood, afraid

Review: nothing, nobody, windy, rich, journey, country

Grammar review: Present simple, past simple, There were

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

- Draw some waves on the board and elicit It's the sea. Ask individual children Do you like the sea? Why? Why not? Encourage the children to answer using Because.
- Ask What can you do in the sea? Encourage children to tell you what activities you can do on or in the water, e.g. surfing, swimming, water skiing. Ask individual children Can you (sail)? Do you like (sailing)? Why/Why not?

Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

If you have a copy of *The Voyages of Sindbad the Sailor*, bring it into class to show the children. You can talk about the pictures on the front and back covers, and about any other pictures inside. You can also talk about other features of real books, e.g. the title, the author, the blurb on the back cover. This will help motivate the children to read.



🕦 Read and listen. 🤌

the Sailor-



I am Sindbad the Sailor. This is the story of my sixth voyage. 'I will make one last voyage,' I thought.

It was a long and **dangerous** voyage. It was very windy. We were lost. The **captain** pointed to a mountain in front of us.

'Can you see that mountain?' the captain shouted. There is a cave at its foot. The sea will take our **ship** into it. I cannot stop it now. There is no way out of the cave. When a man goes in there, he dies!'

The sailors tried to sail the ship out of the fast water but they could do nothing. The mountain came nearer and nearer. Suddenly the water carried our ship into the care. Inside, the ship hit the walls and broke. There were men and wood everywhere in the water.

'Where are you?' I called.

The Voyages of Sindbad

I listened but nobody answered. I could do nothing to help my friends. The water was fast and it carried me through the cave on some wood from the ship.

My journey through those black caves was very long. I was tired and afraid. I fell asleep.

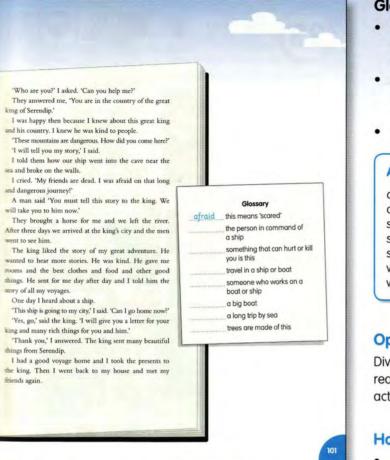
I woke to the sound of shouts. I opened my eyes and looked around me. I was next to a great river. People looked down on me. The noise came from them.



(1)



- Say Open your book at page 100.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see. Elicit known vocabulary, e.g. *boat, sail, whale, sea, storm, island.*
- Say This is the story of Sindbad the Sailor. Ask questions to
 prompt the children about the story: Do you know the story
 of Sindbad the Sailor? What do you think happened to
 him? Encourage the children to make guesses about the
 story. Ask whether any children have read the books about
 Sindbad in their own language. If so, encourage them to
 share what they can remember with the class (use L1
 if necessary).



Glossary

- Ask the children to look at the Glossary on page 101. Read the example sentence and answer. Ask the children to find the word *afraid* in the story text.
- Ask them to read the other definitions and find the corresponding words in the text. Tell them that all the words they need to find are in bold in the text.
- Check the activity.

Answers		
captain dangerous sail sailor ship		
voyage wood		

Optional activity

Divide the class into groups of four. Ask the group to take turns reading the story. While one child reads, the others mime the actions in the story.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 98–99 in their Activity Book.
- Play the CD. Ask the children to follow the story in their books as they listen.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Why did the ship go into the cave? What happened to it? Who did Sindbad meet? Was the king kind? What did he give Sindbad to take home?

3 Jack has disappeared!

Objective: talk about what has happened recently

Vocabulary: disappear, explain, return, hot air balloon, trip

Review: rescue, need, use, invitation

Grammar: Present perfect: affirmative (recent events)

Review: somebody

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 33 Flashcards

Warm-up

Ask questions to remind the children of the Fly High story so far. Ask Where are Claudia and Magnus going to go? Did Jack and Kelly find Toto? Why did Claudia and Magnus want Toto? What did the police find in Claudia's house? etc.

Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Vocabulary 🥑 3 Track 08

- Say Open your book at page 102.
- Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress in disappear, explain, return and hot air balloon. Practise the diphthongs /1ə/ in disappear and /e1/ in explain, and the /3:/ sound and silent 'r' in return.

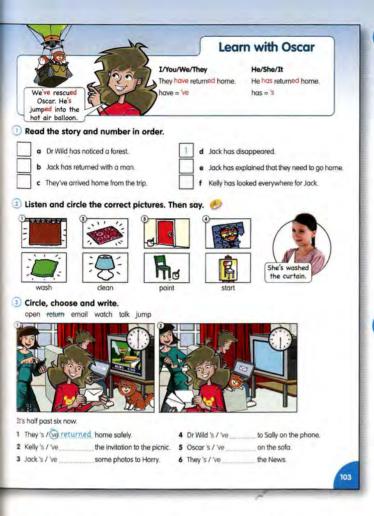
Jack has disappeared! 🤗 3 Track 08



- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask questions, e.g. Where's Jack? Who's got Toto? What do Jack and Kelly fly in? Where do you think they are going?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask Can Aunt Sophie fly a hot air balloon? Where are they going in the hot air balloon? Did they have a good trip?



- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the arammar box.
- Walk over to the door and open it. Write on the board I open the door. Ask a volunteer to close the door. Write on the board (Paul) close . the door. Ask volunteers to fill the gaps.
- Write some verb prompts on the board: walk to school, open my book, listen to a story, answer a question, talk to a friend, play in the playground. Encourage the children to say what they've done today so far, e.g. I've listened to a story. Elicit sentences around the class, then ask the children to talk in pairs.



Read the story and number in order.

- Ask a volunteer to read the sentence numbered 1, and ask the children to find this sentence in the story on page 102.
- Ask the children to look again at the story and number the remaining sentences 2–6, according to the order they appear in the story.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2 f

1

- 3 b
- 4 e 5 a
- 6 c
- _

Listen and circle the correct pictures. Then say.

🥑 3 Track 09

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see.
- Play the CD, pausing after the first part. Ask What has Claudia washed? Elicit the curtain. Ask the children to circle the picture of the curtain in their Pupil's Book.
- Play the CD all the way through and ask the children to circle the correct picture each time.
- Check the activity.

Answers

2

1 the currtain the lamp 3 the chair 4 the jigsaw puzzle

3) Circle, choose and write.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask questions, e.g. What time is it in picture (1)? What is Aunt Sophie doing in picture (1/2)? Where is Oscar in picture (1/2)? What has Kelly got in picture (1)? What's she doing in picture (2)? etc.
 Focus on the differences between pictures 1 and 2.
- Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence. Do the rest of the activity orally first with the class. Then ask the children to complete the exercise individually in their Pupil's Book.
- · Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 's / opened
- 3 's / emailed
- 4 's / talked
- 5 's / jumped
- 6 've / watched

In order to consolidate the concept of the present perfect tense, encourage the children to focus on the changes between picture 1 and 2. e.g. the invitation is closed in picture 1 and open in picture 2.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 100–101 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 33 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

34 Have you seen these photos?

Objective: ask about what people have done

Vocabulary: horse riding, camping, canoeing, Chinese, restaurant

Review: trip, hot air balloon

Grammar: Present perfect: negatives and questions (life experiences)

Review: Present perfect: affirmative

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 34 Flashcards

Warm-up

- Talk about what the children like doing when they're on holiday. Encourage the children to say *I like (swimming)*. etc. Write a list of activities on the board and ask the children to talk in pairs about which ones they like doing.
- Ask various pairs to tell the class what they like doing.

Review

- Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 6, What about you? Tick the activities you have done today. Then write.

Vocabulary 🥑 3 Track 10

- Say Open your book at page 104.
- · Present the new vocabulary with the lesson's flashcards.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress in <u>horse riding, camping, canoeing, Chinese</u> and <u>restaurant</u>. Practise the long vowel sounds /ɔ:/ in *horse*, /u:/ in canoeing and /i:/ in Chinese.

Have you seen these photos?



Read and answer.

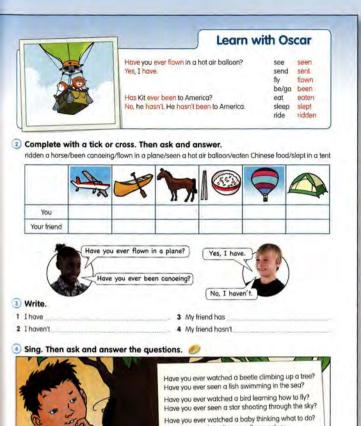
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photos and pictures and tell you what they can see.
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.



- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Say *Has Beth been in a hot air balloon? Has Kit been to America?* etc.
- Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence in Exercise 1. Ask the children to read the dialogue again and circle the correct answer in numbers 2–6.
- Check the activity.

An	swers							
2	b	3	b	4	a	5	b	6 a

- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences in the grammar box.
- Write on the board *I've been to England. He's been to America.* Then write you ever to England? he ever to America? Ask volunteers to come up and fill the gaps.



 Ask individual children Have you ever been to (America)? Ask more questions, using the irregular participles in the grammar box. e.g. Have you ever flown in a helicopter? Have you ever eaten English food? Have you ever ridden a bike? Have you ever sent an email? Have you ever slept at your friend's house? Encourage them to answer Yes, I have./No, I haven't.

There's so much to discover all around you.

Complete with a tick or cross. Then ask and answer.

2

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and say the activity, e.g. *fly in a plane*.
- Tell the children some true sentences about yourself, e.g. *I've flown in a plane. I haven't been canoeing.* Ask the children to look at the chart and tick the activities they have done and put a cross against those that they haven't done.
- Ask volunteers to read out the speech bubbles below the chart. Invite the children to ask and answer in pairs about the activities in the chart and complete the *Your friend* part of the chart with a tick or a cross.
- Ask several pairs to tell the class about what they have done and what their partner has done.

Practise the questions as a whole class before the children work in pairs. Point to each picture and ask *Have you ever (been canoeing)?* Ask the whole class to repeat the question. This will give the children more confidence when they work in pairs.

Write.

3

105

- Ask the children to look at their completed chart in Exercise 2.
- Ask them to complete each sentence, using the information in the chart.
- Check the activity.

4) Sing. Then ask and answer the questions.

🖉 3 Track 11

- Play the CD. Ask the children to listen and follow the words in their Pupil's Book. Play the CD again and ask them to sing the song.
- Invite the children to ask each other the questions in pairs.
- Ask volunteers to tell you what they and their partner have done, e.g. I've seen a fish swimming in the sea. (Alex) has watched a baby.

Optional activity

Ask the children to write an additional verse for the song, asking more *Have you ever...?* questions. They can sing their personalised verses using the karaoke version of the song. Alternatively they can ask the questions of the class.

- Ask the children to complete pp. 102–103 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 34 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

5 I haven't brushed Oscar yet!

Objective: ask if things have happened yet Vocabulary: *brush, polish, change* Grammar: Present perfect with *yet* Review: Present perfect (recent events), *anybody* Materials: Class CD

Warm-up 🥏 3 Track 11

 Play the CD and ask the children to sing the song from the previous lesson.

Review

- · Check the homework from the previous lesson.
- Invite some of the children to read aloud what they have written for Exercise 6, What about you? Write the questions and answer for you.

Vocabulary 🥑 3 Track 12

- Say Open your book at page 106.
- Present the new vocabulary with the pictures on page 106.
- Use extra repetition to practise the /ʃ/ sound in brush and polish, and the /tʃ/ and /dʒ/ sounds in change.

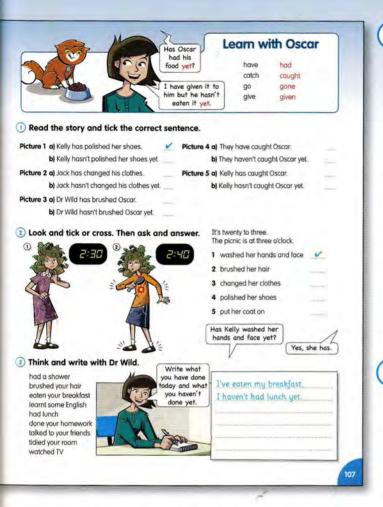
I haven't brushed Oscar yet!

🥑 3 Track 12

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the picture. Ask questions, e.g. What's Kelly wearing? Where is Jack's T-shirt? Where is Oscar? Why do you think he jumped out of the window?
- Follow the steps for presenting stories see Introduction, p. v.
- Ask some questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask *Has Kelly polished her shoes? Has Aunt Sophie brushed Oscar? Does Oscar like the brush? Why did Oscar hide?* etc.



- Ask volunteers to read out the text in the grammar box.
- Depending on whether you have a morning or afternoon class, ask *Have you had your lunch/dinner yet*? Elicit the answer *No, I haven't*. Write on the board ______you ______your (lunch) _____? I haven't _____my (lunch) _____. Ask a volunteer to fill the gaps.
- Write other prompts on the board, e.g. done your homework, had a Maths lesson, had a shower, brushed your teeth, eaten breakfast, had dinner. Ask volunteers to say what they have done and what they haven't done yet today. e.g. I've brushed my teeth but I haven't done my homework yet.



Read the story and tick the correct sentence.

- Ask the children to look at frame 1 of the story on page 106. Ask a volunteer to read out the example sentence for picture 1.
- Ask the children to look again at the story and to tick the correct sentence for each frame.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- Picture 2 b
- Picture 3 b
- Picture 4 b
- Picture 5 a

Look and tick or cross. Then ask and answer.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask What's the time in picture (1)? What's Kelly wearing in picture (2)? Are her shoes clean in picture (1)? etc.
- Read the example answer aloud. Ask the children to tick the other things that Kelly has done and put a cross against the things that she hasn't done yet.
- Ask volunteers to read out the speech bubbles. Then ask the children to ask and answer in pairs about what Kelly has/hasn't done yet, using the speech bubbles as a model.

Answers

2 × 3 ✓

2

- 41
- 5 X

3

Think and write with Dr Wild.

- Ask the children to look at the picture of Dr Wild and ask a volunteer to read out her speech bubble.
- Read the list of prompts aloud with the class and ask individual children *Have you (had a shower) yet?* Ask the children to tick the things in the list that they have done and put a cross next to those they haven't done yet.
- Ask a volunteer to read the example sentences aloud. Encourage the children to write three or four sentences about themselves, using the activities they have ticked or crossed. Monitor and offer help as necessary.
- Invite individual children to read out what they have written.

Homework

- Ask the children to complete pp. 104–105 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 35 Vocabulary and Learn with Oscar on their CD-ROM.

Quiz 9

• You can now use the photocopiable **Quiz 9**. See the **Active Teach** Resources section.



Objective: read a postcard; listen for information; talk about going on holiday, write an address

Vocabulary review: rescue, helpful, trip, hot air balloon

Grammar review: Present perfect, present simple

Materials: Class CD; Lesson 34 Flashcards

Warm-up

• Use the flashcards from Lesson 34 to ask about what the children have done. Show each flashcard and elicit the activity. Ask individual children *Have you ever (been camping/eaten in a Chinese restaurant)?* etc. Encourage the children to ask each other the questions either around the class or in pairs.

Review

1

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Read and tick the animals Sally has seen.

- Say Open your book at page 108.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photos and identify the animals. Ask them to look at the text and ask What's this? Elicit a postcard. Ask Who is it to /from?
- Ask the children to read the text quickly and tick the animals that Sally has seen.
- Check the activity by eliciting sentences, e.g. She's seen (hippos).

Answers

hippos zebras giraffes elephant lions rhino



2) Read and answer.

- Ask a volunteer to read out the first question. Ask the children to find the answer in Sally's postcard as quickly as they can.
- Check the activity.
- Ask the children to read Sally's postcard and answer questions 2–5.

Answers

- 1 Aunt Sophie has talked to Sally.
- 2 He's in the zoo.
- 3 She's in South Africa.
- 4 No, they don't.
- 5 She wants to go in a hot air balloon.

Writing Class: writing an address

3) Look at the example.

- Read the example address with the class.
- Ask the children to look again at the address on Sally's postcard and to answer the questions.
- Check the activity.

	KI O	Beth Harry
Ireland USA		Turkey Spain
sten again and complet		
Where is he/she going?	How long is the trip?	What should he/she take?
Where is he/she going?		What should he/she take?
Where is he/she going? 1 the A/England 2 Ukraine / Turkey	How long is the trip?	
Where is he/she going?	How long is the trip?	

Answers

- 1 Miss K and Mr J Wild (Kelly and Jack)
- 2 8 Tower Street
- 3 Bristol
- 4 BR8 1JP

Optional activity

Ask the children to work in pairs. One child tells their partner their address and their partner writes it down and reads it back to them. Alternatively you could invent some English addresses and dictate them to the class. e.g. 12 West Street, Bristol, B3 6EM. 73 Church Road, London, N2 4RM.

Listen and match. 🥏 3 Track 13 4

- Ask the children to look at the maps of the countries. Ask volunteers to read the captions.
- Play the first part of the CD. Ask the children to follow the matching line.

- Play the CD all the way through, pausing to give the children time to draw matching lines between Kit, Beth and Harry and the countries.
- Check the answers.

Answers 2 c 3 d 4 a

Listen again and complete the chart. 5

🥏 3 Track 14

- Ask the children to look at the chart. Play the first part of the CD. Read the example answers aloud with the class.
- Play the rest of the CD and ask the children to circle the correct country and write the correct answers in the chart.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 Turkey / 2 weeks / sun cream
- 3 Spain / 1 week / a coat
- 4 Ireland / 10 days / an umbrella

Choose from the ideas in 5 and write. 6 Then act it out.

- Read the speech bubbles aloud with the class. Ask them to use the information from Exercise 5 to complete the speech bubbles as they wish.
- Ask the children to work in pairs. Encourage them to • act out the dialogue. They can do this more than once, substituting other countries and details as they wish.
- Ask volunteers to act out their dialogues in front of the class.

Homework

- Ask the children to complete pp. 106–107 in their Activity Book.
- The children can do Lesson 36 Skills on their CD-ROM.

FlyHigh File

Objective: read about the Arctic and Antarctic; write about a country

Vocabulary: North Pole, South Pole, Arctic, Antarctic, scientist, light, dark, polar bear, walrus, seal, fox

Grammar Review: Present simple, comparatives, superlatives

Materials: pictures from magazines, paper for the project

Warm-up

 Draw a sun and a snowflake on the board in 2 columns.
 Point to each one and ask *Is it hot or cold?* Ask *What* animals live in hot/cold places? Give the children two minutes to think of as many animals as they can which live in hot or cold places. Invite volunteers to tell you their lists and write them on the board.

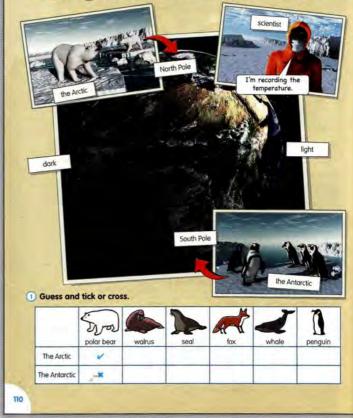
Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Guess and tick or cross.

- Say Open your book at page 110.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photos and tell you what they can see. Elicit known vocabulary, e.g. snow, ice, cold, penguins, bears, Earth, sea. Ask volunteers to read the captions. Ask questions, e.g. Is the Arctic in the North or South Pole? Ask them to tell you anything else they know about the Arctic or Antarctic.
- Ask the children to look at Exercise 1. Read the animal names aloud with the class. Ask *Do (polar bears) live in the Arctic or Antarctic? (The Arctic).*
- Ask the children to complete the chart. Tell them to guess if they don't know the answer.

FlyHigh File: The Arctic and Antarctic



Answers

The Arctic: walrus, seal, fox, whale. The Antarctic: seal, whale, penguin.

2) Read and check.

- Ask the children to read the text quickly and find out whether their guesses in Exercise 1 were correct.
- · Check the activity.

(2) Read and check on 21st July 1983 the temperature was minus 89°C. The Arctic and Antarctic are the coldest places on This is the lowest temperature ever recorded. It's the Farth There's a lot of snow and ice and it's always coldest, windiest and driest continent on the planet. cold. In summer it's light all day and all night. In The Antarctic has about 90% of the world's ice. winter it's dark all the time. There are very few people in the Antarctic - only The Arctic is an exciting place full of animals, a few scientists visiting the Research Stations birds and people. There are small towns with shops, However, you can travel there for a holiday. People cafés, libraries and schools, Whales, walruses, seals, go to the Antarctic because it's very beautiful and foxes and polar bears live near the North Pole. there are a lot of birds and animals to see. There In winter many animals, such as foxes and birds, aren't any polar bears, foxes or walruses but there change colour. They change from brown to white so are whales and seals and seventeen different kinds they can hide in the snow from other animals. of penguin. It's an amazing place. In the Antarctic there are no trees or flowers . because it's too cold. It's colder than the Arctic, and 3 Read and write Arctic or Antarctic. 1 The South Pole is in the middle of this continent. 5 You can see polar bears and walruses here . 2 It's the windiest place in the world. 6 It has the coldest temperature ever recorded 3 Animals change colour in winter 7 People live here 8 Scientists visit here to do research Homework 4 Penguins live here. . My Project Book. Design and make a poster about your country for a visitor. CD-ROM. Ireland is a small island. There are a lot of hills and rivers in Ireland. It's very green because it

111

Read and write Arctic or Antarctic.

- Read the first sentence and the example answer. Ask the children to find the answer in the text.
- Ask the children to read the text again and answer questions 2-8.
- Check the activity.

rains a lot. You can see a lot of birds and farm animals. There are cows, sheep and horses in the

fields. It's very pretty.

3

Answers

- 2 Antarctic
- 3 Arctic
- 4 Antarctic
- 5 Arctic

- 6 Antarctic
- 7 Arctic
- 8 Antarctic

My Project

- Ask the children to look at the photo and map. Say This is Ireland. Ask individual children Have you ever been to Ireland? If anyone in the class has visited Ireland, encourage them to tell the class about their trip.
- Ask a volunteer to read out the text.
- Ask the children to choose a country they want to write about. It can be their own country or another country they are interested in. Tell them to make a poster, using the text about Ireland as a model.
- Have the children make posters in groups so that they can share their ideas about the design and content of their posters.
- Ask the groups to present their completed posters to the class. Display the finished posters around the class.
- Ask the children to complete pp. 108–109 in their Activity
- The children can do the reading activity for this File on their

Goodbye

Objective: talk about the Fly High story; sing a song

Vocabulary review: trip

Grammar Review: past simple

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

 Review the Fly High story. Ask questions, e.g. What happened to Claudia and Magnus? How did Jack and Kelly get home? Are Toto and Oscar safe now? Are they happy to be home?

Review

· Check the homework from the previous lesson.

Party time!

- Say Open your book at page 112.
- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the picture on pages 112-3. Ask questions, e.g. Where are Jack and Kelly? What are they doing? Who are they talking to? Are they excited? What's Oscar doing? Is he happy?

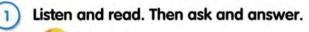


Party time!



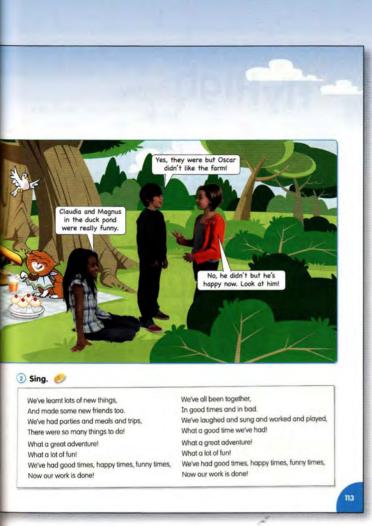
1) Listen and read. Then ask and answer. 🥏





3 Track 15

- Play the CD and ask the children to follow in their Pupil's Book. Ask questions to check understanding and to engage the children. Ask What was Jack's favourite part of the trip? Did Kelly like it? Did Oscar like the farm? What was Mel's favourite part of the story?
- Tell the children to look back through their Pupil's Books to find their favourite episode/s of the story and to re-read it. This will help to jog their memory.
- Ask individual children around the class What was your favourite part of the story? Then invite the children to ask each other the same question in pairs. Ask volunteers to share their answers with the class.



Optional activity

Ask the children to act out the dialogue in groups of seven. Allocate the roles of Beth, Kelly, Kit, Harry, Jack, Kelly and Aunt Sophie. Encourage the children to mimic their character's voice and to read with expression. Ask volunteers to perform their dialogues at the front of the class.



- Play the CD and ask the children to follow in their Pupil's Book.
- Play the CD again and ask them to sing along.



Objective: review Lessons 33–36 Vocabulary review: vocabulary from Lessons 33-36. Grammar review: grammar from Lessons 33-36. Materials: Class CD

Warm-up 🧼 3 Track 16

. Play the CD and ask the children to sing the song from the previous lesson.

Say it with Aunt Sophie.

a) Listen and point. Then repeat. 🥝 3 Track 17

- Say Open your book at page 114. ٠
- Play the CD. Ask the children to point to the words as they listen. Ask them to repeat the words, focussing on the pronunciation.

b) Listen and write the correct letters.



1

Then repeat. 🥏 3 Track 18

- Play the CD. Pause after the first two words and ask the children to repeat them. Show them the example. Play the rest of the CD pausing after each word for the children to write the correct letter in the gap.
- Check the activity.

Answers

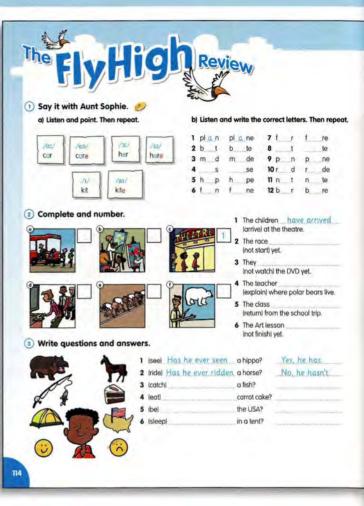
2 i 3 a 4 U 5 O 6 i 7 a 8 a 9 i 11 o 12 a 10 o

Adding an 'e' to the end of a word changes the previous vowel sound in the word. Tell the children this is the 'magic 'e'. This will make it more memorable and fun for them.

2

Complete and number.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence aloud. Ask the class to point to the correct picture (c), numbered 1.
- Ask the children to complete the sentences using the words in brackets. Tell them to number the pictures 2-6 accordingly.
- Check the activity.



Answers

3

- 2 hasn't started / e
- 3 haven't watched / d
- 5 has returned / a
- 6 hasn't finished / b
- 4 has explained / f
- Write questions and answers.
- Ask the children to look at the pictures. Ask volunteers to read the example questions and answers. Then ask the children to complete each question and write the answer.
- Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 Has he ever caught / Yes, he has,
- 4 Has he ever eaten / No, he hasn't.
- 5 Has he ever been to / No, he hasn't.
- 6 Has he ever slept / Yes, he has.



Look and write should and the correct verb.

- Ask the children to look at picture 1. Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence aloud.
- Ask the children to complete sentences 2–5 using should and a verb from the word bank.
- Check the activity.

Answers

4

5

- 2 should wash
 3 should change
- 4 should polish 5 should have

Listen and tick or cross. Then write

about their holiday plans. 🥑 3 Track 19

- Ask the children to look at the pictures and ask a volunteer to read the captions.
- Play the first part of the CD and ask the children to point to the example answers as they listen. Play the rest of the CD, pausing so that they can tick or cross the pictures.
- Read the example sentences aloud with the class. Then ask them to complete the sentences about Beth, Harry and Kit. Check the activity.

Answers

- 2 Beth is going to go canoeing. She isn't going to go sailing.
- 3 Harry and Kit are going to go camping. They aren't going to go horse riding.

) What about you? Write your holiday plans.

- Read the first question aloud and ask volunteers to answer.
- Ask the children to read the remaining questions and answer about themselves.
- Check the activity by asking several children to read out their answers.

Optional activity

 Ask the children to work in pairs. They can ask each other the questions about their holiday plans. Encourage them to remember their partner's answers so that they can tell the class.

Review of Cycle 9

You can now review the language the children have learned in Cycle 9, in the following ways.

Word List

 Ask the children to review the vocabulary from Lessons 33–36. Tell them to use the Word List on p. 126 of their Pupil's Book.

Activity Book

• Do the **My English** section on p. 111 together in class. See Introduction p. ii for guidance.

Homework

- Tell the children to complete pp. 110–111 in their Activity Book for homework.
- The children can do the activity for Review 5 on their CD-ROM.

Progress Review 5

 You can now use photocopiable Progress Review 5. See the Active Teach Resources section.

End-of-Year Test

• You can now use photocopiable **End-of-Year Test**. See the **Active Teach** Resources section.

The FlyHigh Show

Objective: consolidate vocabulary and grammar in an enjoyable way

Vocabulary review: vocabulary from Fly High Pupil's Book 4

Grammar review: grammar from Fly High Pupil's Book 4

Materials: Class CD; thick paper or card to make masks

You may want to prepare the children to act out The amazing adventure! for the school or a parents' evening. The number of lessons needed for presenting and practising the play will vary, so the suggested procedure may need to be amended for your teaching situation. Depending on the amount of time available, and the level of the children, you could encourage them to learn their parts by heart. If that is not possible, they should at least be able to sing the songs by heart. The whole class should take part in the performance; those who don't have roles can join in with the songs. Essential props are chairs and dinosaur masks. A large picture of the front of a train, on a piece of cardboard, is optional.

Warm-up

- Write on the board Who is your favourite character in the book? Why? Which was your favourite lesson in the book? Why? Which was your fovourite song? Why? Ask the children to read and think about the questions.
- Put the children in small groups. They take turns asking . and answering the questions on the board.

Review

Check the homework from the previous lesson.

The FlyHigh Show



Child 1:	What shall we do today?
Child 2:	I don't know. What's the weather like?
Child 3:	It's raining.
Child 4:	Do we have to do our homework?
All:	No! It's Saturday!
All sing:	What do you have to do today? (Lesson 18)
Child 5:	There are big black clouds in the sky and it's raining a lat now!
Child 6:	It's very windy too.

Child 1: I like storms! Child 2: What did you do yesterday? Did you d anything exciting? All sing: Did you have a good day yesterday? (Lesson 10) Child 3: Well, we had a good day yesterday. Child 4: But it wasn't very exciting. Child 5: We went to school Child 6: I helped my parents All sina: Yesterday I stayed at home. (Lesson 6) Child 1: I played with my old toys Look. This is my old train. I loved this when I was younger. It was my favourite toy. Child 2: Look! Can you see what I can see? Child 3: It's a train! Child 4: Where did it come from? Child 5: It came with the storm! Child 6: Look. There's a train driver She's coming here.



The amazing adventure! (2) 3 Track 20

- Tell the children they are going to read a play. Say Open your book at page 116. Use the pictures to help them predict what the play is about. Ask questions, e.g. How do the children feel in picture 1? What are they doing in picture 2? Where do you think they're going? How do they feel in picture 3? What are the animals? (dinosaurs) Where do you think they are?
- Play the CD section by section and let the children listen and follow in their books. After each section, ask questions to check comprehension e.g. What day is it? (Saturday) What's the weather like? (stormy) What are the children travelling on? (a train) What animals can they see? (dinosaurs) Where are they? (in the past) Was the adventure wonderful? (Yes.)
- Play the music for each song and ask the children if they can remember any of the words. Let them look back at the words of the song in their books if necessary. Encourage them to sing along to the music and perform actions as appropriate.



Girl train	driver:	The train has stopped.	Girl train		Time to go home!
		We've arrived.	Child 1:	Can we	stay here a bit longer?
Child 2:	Where a	re we?	Girl train	driver:	I'm afraid not. Your parents will
Child 3:	I can see	e the sea and some animals.			be worried. Everybody back on the train.
Child 4:	Are they	cows or horses?			
Child 5:	No, I this	nk they're	All childr		odbye dinosaurs.
All childre	en: Din	osaurs!			quietly while the other children
Child 6:	We're in	the past!	are not lo	ooking)	
Girl train	driver:	Don't be scared. We can see	Child 2:		
		the dinosaurs but they can't see us.	Child 3:	Thank y advent	you. That was a wonderful ure.
Child 1:	The wor	ld looks different.	Child 4:	Where's	s the train driver?
Child 2:	Yes, it de	bes. Some of the dinosaurs are	Child 5:	She's g	onel
	flying, si	ome are swimming.	Child 6:	Did tha	t really happen? Did we really go
Child 3:	Take a p	photo.		on a tra	ain and see dinosaurs?
Child 4:	I haven	't got my camera!	Child 1:	I don't	know. I'm confused!
Child 5:	This is a	mazing.	Child 2:	But we	had great fun.
Girl train	driver:	Yes. Planet Earth is amazing	All child	ren: Ye	s, we did!
		and full of surprises!	All sing:	We've l	earnt lots of new things.
All sing:		ou ever watched a beetle g up a tree? (Lesson 34)	ran santy.	Goodb	

- Allocate roles around the class for the seven main characters in the show; Child 1, Child 2, Child, 3, Child 4, Child 5, Child 6 and the girl train driver. Play the CD again and let the children repeat their lines, paying attention to the correct pronunciation and intonation.
- Divide the children into groups of seven and let them practise reading their parts in their groups. Give them plenty of time to practise.
- When they are ready, ask each group to stand up in turn and act out a section of the play. Play the CD for the songs, and invite the whole class to join in.
- If the children are going to perform the play for an audience, you can either select one group to play the seven main characters, while the rest form the 'choir' to join in with the songs, or involve more of the children in different scenes. Make sure to have a full 'dress rehearsal' so everyone knows where to stand and what to do with the props.

Teacher's Day

Objective: talk about Teacher's Day

Vocabulary: Ancient Greece, wax, stick, wrestling, strict, hit

Review: wood, eighteenth

Grammar Review: present simple, past simple

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

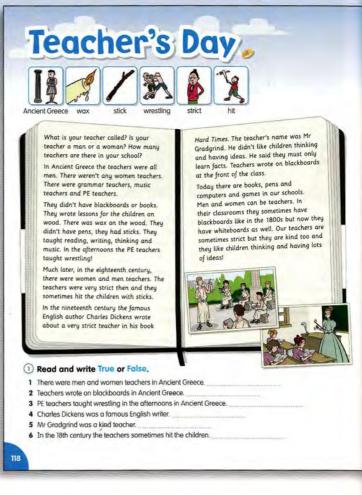
 Write School on the board. Ask the children to work in pairs. Give them one minute to think of as many words as they can connected with School, e.g. teacher, student, books, pens, pencils, desks, computer, learn, read, write, Maths, English, lessons, white/blackboard. Ask volunteers to tell you their words and write them on the board.

Vocabulary 🥑 3 Track 21

- Say Open your book at page 118.
- Present the new vocabulary with the pictures on page 118.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct stress and pronunciation of <u>Ancient Greece</u> /'emfənt 'gri:s/ and <u>wrestling</u> /'reslm/. (Draw attention to the silent 'w'.)

Read and write True or False.

- Pre-reading: Ask the children to look at the pictures and tell you what they can see. Ask questions, e.g. *Is it the 21st century? Is the teacher a man or a woman? What are the children writing on? What is the woman teacher holding? What do you think it's for?* etc.
- Ask volunteers to read the first paragraph and encourage the class to answer the questions aloud.
- Ask the children to think about the words on the board from the Warm-up. Ask *Did children in Ancient Greece* have (computers)? etc. Encourage the children to guess.
- Ask the children to read the rest of the text silently.
- Read the first sentence in Exercise 1 and ask volunteers whether it is true or false (*false*). Ask the children to read sentences 2–6 and to decide whether they are true or false.
- · Check the activity.



Answers

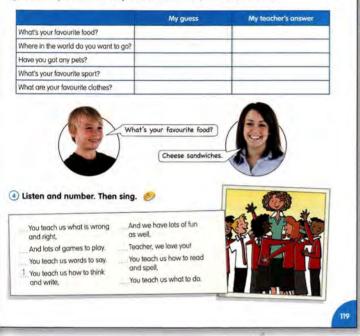
1 False 2 False 5 False 6 True

3 True 4 True

Before reading, give the children as much opportunity as possible to think about the subject. This will activate vocabulary and motivate them to read. The first time the children read the text, write a question on the board to give a focus to their reading. e.g. *Did teachers in the past have whiteboards?*

0		-					
2	Listen and circle.	e					
1	Mrs Baker teaches	a (English)	b Moths	5.	c	Science.	
2	Her favourite food is	a chicken sandwiches.	b chicke	en and salad.	c	chicken and chips.	
3	She would like to go to	a England.	b Russia	1	c	India.	
4	She's got a	a white cat.	b big ca	t ·	с	white dog.	
5	Her favourite sport is	a football.	b walkin	ng.	c	swimming.	
6	Her founi irite clothes are	n rad skirt / black sweater	h rod su	wonter / black skirt	~	rad drass / black shoos	

What do you know about your teacher? Guess, then ask and write.



Listen and circle. 🥝 3 Track 22

- Tell the children they are going to listen to a student talking to their teacher. Play the first part of the CD. Read the example answer aloud with the class.
- Play the CD all the way through, pausing to give the children time to circle the correct answer in each sentence.
- Check the answers

Ar	swers								
2	b	3	с	4	a	5	с	6	b

- What do you know about your teacher? Guess, then ask and write.
- Ask volunteers to read the rubric and the questions in the chart aloud.
- Ask the children to write their guesses about you in the first column.
- Invite the children to ask you the questions aloud. Answer the questions and tell the children to write your answers in the chart. Ask them if their guesses were correct.

Listen and number. Then sing. 🥏 3 Track 23



- Ask a volunteer to read out the example sentence, numbered 1. Ask the children to read the other lines of the song and number them 2-8. Encourage them to work in pairs and make guesses.
- Play the CD and ask the children to check their answers.
- Play the CD again and ask the children to join in and sina.

Answers

You teach us how to think and write. You teach us words to say. You teach us what is wrong and right, And lots of games to play.

You teach us how to read and spell, You teach us what to do. And we have lots of fun as well, Teacher, we love you!

Valentine's Day

Objective: read about Valentine's Day Vocabulary: message, rose, violet, heart Grammar Review: Present simple, past simple, somebody

Materials: Class CD, card for Valentine's Day card

Warm-up

• Talk about family and friends with the class to prepare them for the lesson. Ask *Who is in your family? How do you show your (mum and dad) that you love them? Who's your best friend? Why? How do you show your friends that you like them?* etc. Encourage them to talk about how people show they care for each other. (use L1 if necessary).

Vocabulary 🥑 3 Track 24

- Say Open your book at page 120.
- Present the new vocabulary with the pictures on page 120.
- Use extra repetition to practise the diphthongs /au/ in rose and /aia/ in violet, and the sound /a:/ in heart. Practise the sound /id3/ at the end of message.

Guess and circle. Then read and check.

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photo and tell you what they can see. Tell them they are going to read about Valentine's Day. Ask the class to tell you what they know about Valentine's Day (use L1 if necessary).
- Ask volunteers to read the questions in Exercise 1 aloud. Encourage the children to guess the answers.
- Ask the children to read the text about Valentine's Day and see if their guesses were correct.
- Check the activity.

Answers

1

- 1 February 14th
- 2 600 years old
- 3 cards
- 4 flowers

Valentine's Day,



() Guess and circle. Then read and check.

- 1 When is Valentine's Day?
- 2 How old is Valentine's Day?
- 3 What do people send on Valentine's Day?4 What do people give on Valentine's Day?





February 14th is a special day. It's Valentine's Day. It's a day to tell somebody that you love them. This tradition started in Europe more than 600 years ago. About 200 years ago. people started sending Valentine's cards. The cards have messages of friendship and love. Sometimes the cards do not say who they are from. It's a secret and the person never knows who sent the card. Today people send cards or give presents, such as flowers and chocolates, on Valentine's Day.

② Listen to the traditional Valentine's messages and circle.

My love is like a (4) carrot / cabbage Cut up into (5) two / three (3) Sugar / Honey is sweet And so are you. 120

2) Listen to the traditional Valentine's

messages and circle. 🥑 3 Track 25

- Ask the children to read the Valentine's messages. Tell them to guess the correct words and to circle them.
- Play the CD and tell the children to check their answers.
- Play the CD again and ask the children to join in and say the messages.

Answers

1 Roses

2

- Violets
- 6 leaves

5 two

- 7 heart
- 3 Sugar 4 cabbage

120



Read and tick the Valentine's Day messages.

- Ask a volunteer to read out the first message. Ask *Is it a Valentine's message? (No).*
- Ask the children to read the other messages and tick the ones that are Valentine's Day messages. Tell them to work in pairs so that they can help each other.
- Check the activity.

Answers

3

I love you. Be my Valentine. I give you my heart. Be mine. Happy Valentine's Day.

Choose a message and make a Valentine card for your friend.

- Ask the children to look at the pictures of the cards. Ask volunteers to read the messages aloud.
- Distribute the card and invite the children to make their own Valentine's Day card for a friend. Tell them to choose one of the messages from Exercise 3, or to write their own message.
- Monitor and offer assistance as necessary.
- Ask the children to finish their cards at home if there is no time to do this in class.

If you have any, bring some Valentine's cards into class for the children to look at and get ideas from.

Read and learn the poem.

- Read the poem aloud and ask the children to follow it in their Pupil's Book. Then ask the whole class to read the poem aloud with you.
- Tell the children to practise reading the poem aloud in pairs. Encourage them to learn the words.
- Invite volunteers to recite the poem in front of the class.

Tell the children than Robert Burns was a famous Scottish poet. Ask if they know of any other famous poets who wrote about love. Encourage the children to read the poem with feeling and with rhythm.

The Queen's Birthday

Objective: read about the Queen's birthday Vocabulary: gun salute, garden, midday, parade Grammar Review: Present simple, past simple, comparatives, superlatives

Materials: Class CD

Warm-up

 Talk about birthdays to prepare the children for the lesson. Ask individual children When is your birthday? What do you do on your birthday? What did you get for your last birthday? etc. Encourage the children to talk about how they usually celebrate their birthday.

Vocabulary 🥮 3 Track 26

- Say Open your book at page 122.
- Present the new vocabulary with the pictures on page 122.
- Use extra repetition to practise the correct word stress in <u>gun</u> salute, <u>garden</u>, <u>midday</u> and <u>parade</u>. Practise the /ei/ sound in <u>midday</u> and <u>parade</u>. Practise the /a:/ sound in <u>garden</u>.

Read and complete.

1

- Pre-reading: ask the children to look at the photos and tell you what they can see. Ask the class to tell you what they know about the Queen. Ask, e.g. What's her name? How old is she? Where does she live? What does she do? (use L1 if necessary).
- Tell the children they are going to read about the Queen's birthday. Ask them to guess how the Queen celebrates her birthday.
- Ask the children to read the text quickly to see if their guesses were correct.
- Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence in Exercise 1. Ask the children to read the text again and complete sentences 2–5.
- Check the activity.

The Queen's Birthday,





The kings and queens of the United Kingdom celebrate two birthdays every year. Queen Elizabeth II was born on April 21st 1926. This is her real birthday. She also has an official birthday on a Saturday in June.

A 21-gun salute

On April 21st the Queen spends a quiet day with her family and friends. At midday there are gun salutes in London – a 41-gun salute in Hyde Park, a 21-gun salute Tower of London. On special birthdays the National Anthem is played on the radio. There aren't any big celebrations in April. The main celebrations are in Junc, because the weather is usually better than in April. On her

in Windsor Great Park and a 62-gun salute in the



soldiers in a parade called the Trooping of the Colour. Thousands of people from around the world watch the Birthday Parade with her. This tradition started in 1748. It's the biggest royal celebration of the year in Britain.

1) Read and complete

- 1 The Queen was born in April
- 2 The Queen's official birthday is in
- 3 On the Queen's real birthday there are gun salutes in
- 4 The Trooping of the Colour for the King or Queen's birthday started in
- 5 The Birthday Parade is the biggest



Answers

- 2 June
- 3 London
- 4 1748
- 5 royal celebration of the year

2) Listen and circle. 🥑 3 Track 27

- Ask the children to look at the photo and tell you what they can see. Tell them they are going to listen to the boy talking about going to the Queen's Birthday Parade. Ask them to predict what he is going to see, e.g. *Queen, soldiers, horses, people, flags.*
- Ask volunteers to read out the sentences and ask the class to guess the answers before they listen. Play the CD and ask them to circle the correct option in each sentence.
- Play the CD again, pausing so that the children can tell you the correct answer in each sentence.

2 Listen and circle. 🛃



- 1 It's June 12th / June 14th. 2 At twenty to eleven the Queen leaves the Tower of London / Buckingham Palace
- 3 The parade starts at
- eleven o'clock / half past eleven.
- 4 The foot soldiers and the soldiers on horses follow the Queen / the bands
- 5 The parade lasts about an hour / two hours.
- 6 The planes fly past Buckingham Palace at
- half past twelve / one o'clock

(3) Listen to the British National Anthem and number the lines in order.

- Long to reign over us God save the Queen
- Long live our noble Queen!
- Happy and glorious,
- 1 God save our gracious Queen!
- Send her victorious.
- God save the Queen



(4) Choose and make an official birthday programme. Then ask and answer.

When is your official birthday?

	My official birthday is on December 1st.
What kind of celebration are you going to have?	On my birthday I want to have a snow party in the forest.
Where is it going to be?	I'm going to invite my friends.
Who are you going to invite?	We're going to make a snowman. Then we're going to go for a ride on a dog sled.
What are you going to do?	Afterwards we're going to cook sausages in a tent.

Answers

- 1 June 14th
- 2 Buckingham Palace
- 3 eleven o'clock
- 4 the bands
- 5 an hour
- 6 one o'clock

Listen to the British National Anthem and 3 number the lines in order. 🥏 3 Track 28

123

- Ask a volunteer to read the first line of the national anthem, numbered 1. Ask the children to read the other lines and quess the order.
- Play the CD and ask the children to number the remaining lines from 2-7.
- Play the CD and ask the children to follow in their books. They can sing along if they wish.

Answers

- 1 God save our gracious Queen!
- 2 Long live our noble Queen!
- 3 God save the Queen.
- 4 Send her victorious,
- 5 Happy and glorious,
- 6 Long to reign over us
- 7 God save the Queen.

4 Choose and make an official birthday programme. Then ask and answer.

- Ask a volunteer to read the text aloud. .
- . Ask the children to imagine they are the King/Queen. Ask them to think about how they would like to celebrate their birthday. Ask them to read and answer the questions on the left. Then ask them to write about their official birthday programme, using the text in the Pupil's Book as a model.
- Monitor and offer assistance as necessary. .
- Ask the children to ask each other in pairs about their birthday programme. Ask volunteers to read their programmes aloud.

Activity Book Answer Key

Lesson 1

Pages 4-5

- 1 2 detective 3 nephew 4 niece
- 2 b She's friendly. c She's clever. d He's helpful.
- 3 2 Does/No, she doesn't. 3 Is/Yes, he is. 4 Does/Yes, he does. 5 Do/Yes, they do. 6 Do/Yes, they do.
- 4 2 works 3 finds 4 help 5 play 6 eats 7 drinks
- 5 2 No, she doesn't work in a zoo.
 3 No, she doesn't find missing cars.
 4 No, they don't do their homework with Oscar.
 5 No, he doesn't eat lots of salad.
 6 No, he doesn't drink orange juice every day.
- 6 2 Are 3 Are 4 Do 5 Do Children's own answers.

Lesson 2

Pages 6-7

- 1 2 torch 3 binoculars 4 laptop 5 can opener 6 passport 7 compass
- 2 1 compass 2 is packing binoculars
 3 is packing a can opener 4 is packing a diary and a torch
- 3 1 water 2 needs/ball/boots 3 need/oranges/peaches 4 needs/cheese/bread/tomato 5 need/swimsuits/sun cream
- 4 2 Mary and Ken 3 Tom 4 Katy 5 Jim
- 2 No, he isn't. 3 No, she isn't. 4 Yes, they are. 5 He's wearing trousers and a T-shirt. 6 They're cooking burgers. 7 He's eating a sandwich. 8 No, they aren't.
- 6 2 Katy is wearing a T-shirt. 3 Mary and Ken are cooking burgers. 4 Jim is reading a book.

Lesson 3

Pages 8-9

- 1 2 quietly 3 quickly 4 slowly 5 well 6 badly carefully
- 2 2 quickly 3 carefully 4 happy 5 well 6 quiet 7 slowly
- 3 2 c/slowly 3 d/quietly 4 a/happily
- 4 2 is/carefully 3 are/happily 4 is/well 5 is/badly 6 is/quietly 7 are/slowly
- 5 do my homework carefully, tidy my bedroom slowly, play football – well
- 6 Children's own answers.

Lesson 4

Pages 10-11

- 1 2 I'm eleven years old and I live in Bristol.
 - 3 I'm not very tall and I've got short brown hair.
 - 4 I've got a big family, my mum, my dad, two brothers and one sister.
 - 5 What do you do at the weekends?
- 2 2 e 3 g 4 d 5 c 6 a 7 b Children's own answers.
- 3 Children's own answers.
- 4 2a 3a 4b
- **5** 1 057662 2 411036 3 779201
- 6 2a 3f 4b 5e 6d
- 7 2 Where are you? 3 What are you doing?4 Do you want to have

Fly High File: Countries and nationalities

Pages 12-13

- 1 2 flag 3 country 4 capital city 5 language
- 2 1 Capital city 2 Language 3 Poland 4 Polish 5 Polish 6 white and red 7 Kiev 8 Ukrainian 9 Ukrainian 10 blue and yellow 11 Argentina 12 Buenos Aires 13 blue and white 14 Russia 15 Moscow 16 Russian 17 white, red and blue
- 3 1 Scotland 2 Wales 3 Northern Ireland 4 London
 5 Edinburgh 6 Cardiff 7 Belfast 8 red 9 white 10 blue
 11 English 12 English
- 4 Children's own answers.

Lesson 5

Pages 14-15

- 1 2 next 3 front 4 behind
- 2 2 next/d 3 front/a 4 behind/b
- 3 rainy, snow, storm, sunny, windy 2 rainy 3 cloud 4 windy 5 sunny 6 storm
- 4 2 was 3 was 4 was 5 weren't 6 was 7 were 8 was 9 were 10 wasn't
- 2 Were/No, there weren't. 3 Were/Yes, there were.
 4 Was/No, there wasn't. 5 Were/Yes, there were.
 6 Was/No, there wasn't.
- 6 Children's own answers.

Pages 16-17

- 1 2 town hall 3 police station 4 pet shop 5 museum 6 café
- 2 2 museum 3 town hall 4 aquarium 5 pet shop 6 café
- 3 2 Yesterday afternoon, they painted dinosaurs in the museum.
 - 3 Yesterday evening, they helped their mum at home. 4 Last night, they looked at the stars in the sky.
- 4 2 walked 3 painted 4 skipped 5 played 6 talked 7 looked 8 jumped
- 5 2 looked/at the books 3 visited/the museum 4 asked/ about the dinosaurs 5 played/with Oscar 6 watched/TV
- 6 2 He cleaned a bucket and spade.
 3 She dropped an ice cream.
 4 He jumped in the sea.

Lesson 7

Pages 18-19

- 1 2 nose 3 thin 4 moustache 5 beard 6 face
- 2 Yes, he does. 3 No, he doesn't. 4 No, he doesn't. 5 Yes, he does.
- 3 Name: Jess Ollie Lucy Nationality: Russian, English, French Personality: helpful, friendly, kind
- 4 2 A car didn't stop near Kelly in the morning.
 3 The boy didn't notice a cat in the car.
 4 The boy didn't look at Magnus's face.
 5 The boy talked to Kelly and Jack.
 6 They didn't follow the boy.
- 5 2 waited 3 climbed 4 argued 5 wanted 6 didn't 7 played 8 stayed 9 watched 10 walked 11 talked 12 asked
- 6 2 Yes, they did. 3 Yes, she did. 4 No, they didn't. 5 Yes, he did. 6 No, he didn't.
- 2 Did Jess and Paul argue?/Yes, they did.
 3 Did Paul play with the other children?/No, he didn't.
 4 Did the boy and girl ask questions about Jess?/No, they didn't.

Lesson 8

Pages 20-21

- 1 2 but 4 and 5 but
- 2 2 In the morning I played tennis with my friend but I didn't play well.
 - 3 In the afternoon my dad and I visited the aquarium and we visited the café.
 - 4 I liked the dolphins but I didn't like the octopus.
 - 5 Then we walked to the bus stop and we waited for a bus.
 - 6 At home, my dad cooked some pasta and I helped him.
- Children's own answers.

- 4 2 Yes, I'd like tickets for the museum, please.
 - 3 The museum. Certainly. How many would you like?
 - 4 Two tickets, please. One adult and one child.
 - 5 That's twelve euros.
 - 6 Thank you.
- 5 2 I'd like 3 please 4 How many 5 tickets 6 Thank you
- 6 2 Danny, X, Max 3 Danny, Max, X

Fly High File: Hurricanes

Pages 22-23

- 1 a hurricane b tornado c flood
- 2 2 last 3 die 4 travel 5 destroy
- 3 2 travelled 3 lasted 4 floods 5 died 6 destroyed
- 4 a money ✓ b radio ✓ c food ✓ d mobile phone ✓ f water ✓ i clothes ✓ j torch ✓
- 5 2 make plans 3 a safe room 4 week 5 town 6 pets
- 6 Tuesday/cloudy, Wednesday/rainy, Thursday/stormy, Friday/windy

The Fly High Review 1

Pages 24-25

- 1 Children's own drawings
- 2 Are they going to the town hall? No, they aren't. They're going to the cinema./Is it rainy? No, it isn't. It's snowy.
 - 3 Are they going to the park? No, they aren't. They're going to the aquarium./Is it snowy? No, it isn't. It's windy.
 - 4 Is he going to the police station? No, he isn't. He's going to the museum./Is it windy? No, it isn't. It's stormy.
- 3 2 friendly 3 helpful 4 clever
- 4 2 There were two torches. There's one torch.
 - 3 There was a diary. There isn't a diary.
- 5 2 played football
 - 3 Did Amy climb a mountain? No, she didn't. She climbed a tree.
 - 4 Did the dog jump in the pool? Yes, it did.
 - 5 Did they listen to the band? Yes, they did.

My English: Children's own answers.

Storytime: Robinson Crusoe

Pages 26-27

- 1 1 knife 2 tent 3 island 4 gun 5 footprint 6 tools 7 cave
- 2 2h 3g 4f 5c 6a 7e 8b
- 3 Picture 2 e Picture 3 g Picture 4 h Picture 5 a Picture 6 c Picture 7 b Picture 8 f
- 4 2 True 3 True 4 False 5 False 6 False
- 5 2c 3a 4e 5b

Pages 28-29

- 1 2 horse 3 grass 4 cow 5 pond 6 farm 7 owl
- 2 2 yesterday/every day 3 every day/yesterday 4 every day/ yesterday 5 yesterday/every day 6 yesterday/every day
- 3 2 drove 3 slowly 4 pond 5 wasn't
- 4 have/had/spaghetti for lunch fall/fell/in the river/off my bike go/went/to school/to the park see/saw/a funny film on TV/a white cat in the garden hear/heard/some music on the radio/a good song
- 5 2 My brother had a party
 3 We heard a bird
 4 My dad fell off a horse
 - 5 I saw my grandma
- 6 2 fell 3 had 4 heard 5 went 6 saw
- 7 Children's own answers.

Lesson 10

Pages 30-31

- 1 2 confused 3 scared 4 unhappy
- 2 2a 3a 4b
- 3 2 Did you see the pond?3 Did you fall in the pond?4 Did you get wet?
- 4 b5 c4 d2 e3
- 5 2 No, he didn't. 3 Yes, he did. 4 No, he didn't. 5 No, he didn't. 6 Yes, he did.
- 6 Children's own answers.

Lesson 11

Pages 32-33

- 1 2 cold 3 well 4 stomachache 5 earache 6 sore throat
- 2 cold/couldn't 3 well/could 4 stomachache/couldn't 5 earache/could 6 sore throat/couldn't
- 2 He couldn't eat his dinner.
 3 He could watch TV.
 - 4 He could read books.
 - 5 He couldn't play football.
 - 6 He could phone his friends.
- 4 2 It was windy. We could fly our kite.
 3 It wasn't rainy. They could play in the garden.
 4 It wasn't sunny. She couldn't wash her car.
 5 It wasn't snowy. They couldn't make a snowman.
- 5 2 couldn't 3 couldn't 4 can't 5 couldn't 6 could/couldn't
- 6 2 He could throw a ball./a
 - 3 He couldn't read./c
 - 4 He couldn't swim.b
 - 5 He could talk./f
 - 6 He couldn't make a cake./e

Lesson 12

Pages 34-35

- on: Wednesday, Saturday

 in: the evening, the morning, the afternoon
 at: half past eleven, twelve o'clock, eight o'clock
- 2 2 at 3 in 4 at 5 in 6 on 7 at 8 in 9 on
- 3 Children's own answers.
- 4 2 a 3 d 4 e 5 c
- 5 2f 3b 4d 5a 6c
- Picture 1: 2 I had a stomachache.
 Picture 2: 1 I'm sorry I couldn't come to the museum.
 2 I had a sore throat.

Fly High File: Dinosaurs

Pages 36-37

- 1 2 land 3 lizards 4 plants
- 2 2 legs 3 neck 4 was 5 walked 6 couldn't 7 plants 8 didn't 9 had 10 long 11 could 12 eat 13 lizards
- 3 2 No, it couldn't. 3 No, it didn't. 4 Yes, it did. 5 Yes, it could.
- 4 Sauropods: on land; no; no; four; plants Pterosaurs: in the air; yes; yes; two; fish and insects
- 5 They lived on land. They couldn't swim and they couldn't fly. They had two big legs and two small legs. They ate other dinosaurs, insects and eggs.

Lesson 13

Pages 38-39

- 1 2 road 3 market 4 castle 5 bridge 6 hotel
- 2 2 hotel 3 castle 4 road 5 bridge 6 train station
- 3 2 through 3 along 4 across 5 past
- 4

Claudia and Magnus are here.



They are going to the train station.

- 5 2 through the forest
 - 3 It went past a house.
 - 4 It went around the lake.
 - 5 It went along the river.
- 6 Children's own answers.

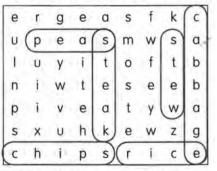
Pages 40-41

- 1 2 seat 3 look after 4 searching 5 money 6 carriages
- 2 How much were the binoculars? They were fifteen euros.
 3 How much was the torch? It was eight euros.
 4 How much were the sunglasses? They were twelve euros.
 5 How much was the guitar? It was thirty-five euros.
 6 How much was the watch? It was twenty-eight euros.
 I've got twelve euros.
- 3 2b 3c 4a 5c 6a
- 4 2 False 3 True 4 False 5 False 6 False 7 True
- 5 2 There's a lot of
 - 3 There are a few
 - 4 There's a little
 - 5 There's a lot of
 - 6 There's a lot of
 - 7 There are a few
- 6 1 aren't/many 2 isn't/much 3 isn't/much; is 4 aren't/many; are

Lesson 15

Pages 42-43

1 2 chips 3 rice 4 steak 5 stew 6 cabbage



- 2 He's eating rice, stew and cabbage.
 3 She's eating steak, chips and peas.
 4 He isn't eating anything.
- 3 2 anybody 3 nothing 4 something 5 Somebody 6 Nobody
- 4 2 somebody for help 3 anybody outside the door 4 nobody saw them 5 anything to do 6 something to eat
- 5 2 a 3 a 4 c 5 b 6 b
- 6 2 She's playing with something.
 - 3 She's phoning somebody.
 - 4 He isn't eating anything.
 - 5 She isn't reading anything.
 - 6 He isn't listening to anybody.

Lesson 16

Pages 44-45

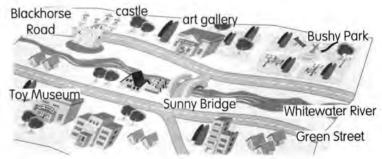
- 1 2 First/castle 3 Then/lunch in a café 4 Afterwards/the Great Park 5 Finally/to the shop
- 2 First we went to the museum and looked at the trains.
 3 Then we had lunch in a park.
 4 Afterwards we visited a castle.
 5 Finally we walked along the city walls.
- 3 Children's own answers.
- 4 meat: chicken, steak vegetables: carrots, potatoes, peas drinks: milk, water, orange juice fruit: peaches, cherries, apples sweet: cake, ice cream, chocolate
- 5 a, c
- 6 2 And to drink? 3 Would you like anything else?

Fly High File: London bus tour

Pages 46-47

- 1 2 theatre 3 art gallery 4 cathedral 5 Big Wheel 6 double-decker bus 7 hill
- 2 a4 b3 c5 e2
- 2 cathedral 3 theatre 4 art gallery 5 River
- 3 2 They went on a tour in a bus.
 - 3 They saw some black birds at the Tower of London.
 - 4 They went on a boat along the River Thames.

4

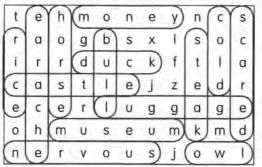


5 Children's own answers.

The Fly High Review 2

Pages 48-49

1 1 cold 2 castle/museum 3 horse/bull 4 steak/rice 5 money/luggage 6 duck/owl 7 nervous/scared



- 2 2 There were a lot of potatoes. There aren't many potatoes now.
 - 3 There was a lot of cabbage. There isn't much cabbage now.
 - 4 There was a lot of water. There isn't much water now.
 - 5 There were a lot of peas. There aren't many peas now.
- 3 2 There weren't many cars on the road.
 - 3 There was a bridge over the river.
 - 4 Nobody was on the bridge.
 - 5 The road went past the hotel.
 - 6 There were a lot of people in the market.
- 4 Children's own answers.

My English: Children's own answers.

Storytime: Alice in Wonderland

Pages 50-51

- 1 2 wine 3 hare 4 polite 5 tea 6 wide 7 angrily
- 2 2b 3a 4b
- 3 2a 3a 4b 5b 6a
- 4 2 False 3 False 4 True 5 False 6 True
- 5 2c 3a 4b

Lesson 17

Pages 52-53

- 1 Children colour the picture following the instructions.
- 2 2 his 3 his 4 hers 5 his 6 hers
- 2 is it/It's his. 3 is it/It's hers. 4 is it/It's hers.
 5 are they/They're hers. 6 are they/They're his.
- 4 2 No, but that's mine. 3 They're ours. 4 That's hers. 5 We can't find his. 6 Have you got theirs?
- 5 2 yours 3 mine 4 glasses 5 hers 6 his 7 Whose 8 are
- 2 Whose cat is it?/e/It's mine. 3 Whose rabbits are they?/c/ They're theirs. 4 Whose bird is it?/a/It's hers.
 5 Whose mice are they?/b/They're his.

Lesson 18

Pages 54-55

- 1 1 arrive 2 start/finish 3 bring/take 4 lose/find
- 2 2 started 3 left 4 arrived 5 visited 6 had 7 lost 8 met 9 had 10 found 11 took 12 finished
- 2 has to tidy her room.
 3 has to feed the cat.
 4 have to go shopping.
 - 5 have to make my bed.
 - 6 have to water the plants.
- 4 1 You have to listen
 2 He has to run/He has to throw
 3 She has to invite/She has to buy
 - 4 They have to pack/They have to walk
- 5 2 have to walk with their bikes?/they don't
 3 Does he have to put litter in the bin?/Yes, he does.
 4 Does she have to stay off the grass?/No, she doesn't.
 5 Does he have to wear a uniform?/Yes, he does.
 6 Does she have to water the plants?/Yes, she does.
- 6 Children's own answers.

Lesson 19

Pages 56-57

- 1 2 library 3 garage 4 bank 5 café 6 post office market/buy food
- 2 1 to buy some apples 2 garage/to hire a car 3 post office/ to send a letter 4 library/to read a newspaper 5 café/to have a drink 6 pet shop/to buy a rabbit
- 3 2f 3d 4b 5a 6e
- 4 2 d/to tidy my clothes 3 e/to have a shower 4 b/to cook the dinner 5 a/to watch TV
- 5 2 she went to the post office to send a parcel
 3 she went to the toy shop to buy a present
 4 she went to the supermarket to buy some milk
 5 she went to the library to hire a DVD
- 6 Children's own answers.

Lesson 20

Pages 58-59

- 1 2a 3d 4b
- 2 2 five/two 3 twenty-five/four 4 quarter/five
- 3 2 I arrive at school at quarter to nine.
 - 3 The first lesson starts at five past nine. 4 We have lunch at ten past twelve.
 - 4 we have lunch at ten past twelve.
 - 5 The afternoon lessons start at one o'clock.
 - 6 School finishes at twenty past three.

7 After school I go to the swimming pool for my swimming lesson.

- 4 Children's own answers.
- 5 a3 b4 d2
- 6 2 a/What for?
 - 3 c/I've got a swimming lesson.
 - 4 b/What time does it start?
 - 5 f/At quarter to six.
 - 6 d/See you later.
- 7 2 a trumpet lesson./ At ten past four.

Fly High File: Clothes through the ages

Pages 60-61

- 1 a trainers b dress c apron d tunic
- 2 The apron is from the fourteenth century.
 3 The dress is from the eighteenth century.
 4 The tunic is from the twelfth century.
 5 The trainers are from the twelfth century.
- 5 The trainers are from the twenty-first century.
 2 fourteenth/an apron, a shirt, trousers and boots
 3 eighteenth/a dress and a hat
 4 twenty-first/a cap, a T-shirt, shorts and trainers
- 4 2 work 3 uniform 4 nurses 5 name 6 shoes
- 5 1 firefighters, police officers, nurses and school children 2 No
 - 3 the name and logo of the school
 - 4 children at secondary school
 - 5 a jacket

6 It's in the school colours.

6 T-shirt, shorts, jacket, cap, trainers

Lesson 21

Pages 62-63

- 1 2 airport 3 fire engine 4 helicopter 5 scooter 6 van
- 2 cleaner than the van.
 - 2 The fire engine is bigger than the van. The van is smaller than the fire engine.
 - 3 The motorbike is faster than the scooter. The scooter is slower than the motorbike.
 - 4 The helicopter is older than the ambulance. The ambulance is newer than the helicopter.
- 3 2 False 3 True 4 False 5 True 6 True
- 4 2 taller 3 older 4 younger 5 happier 6 bigger 7 dirtier
- 5 2 My sister is younger than me.
 - 3 My mum is shorter than my dad.
 - 4 I'm taller than my sister.
 - 5 My bedroom is bigger than my sister's.
 - 6 I'm happier today than I was yesterday.
- 6 Children's own answers.

Lesson 22

Pages 64-65

- 1 2 light 3 catch 4 silly 5 runner
- 2 My brother is the noisiest person in our family.
 3 Whales are the heaviest animals in the world.
 4 The Volga is the longest river in Europe.
 5 My friend has got the longest hair in the school.
 6 I'm the fastest runner in my class.
- 2 Yes, she is. 3 No, she isn't. 4 Yes, he is.
 5 No, she hasn't. 6 No, he hasn't.
- 4 2 heavier 3 silliest 4 funniest 5 noisier
- 5 2 Mont Blanc 3 The Elbrus 4 The Dom 5 is higher than Mont Blanc
- 2 Poppy is the silliest child in the class.
 3 Katya is the shortest child in the class.
 4 Ben is the tallest child in the class.
 5 Betsy has got the longest hair in the class.
 6 Tony has got the shortest hair in the class.
- 7 Children's own answers.

Lesson 23

Pages 66-67

- 1 2 soft 3 dangerous 4 tobogganing 5 exciting 6 modern 7 expensive
- 2 cheap/the cheapest, more dangerous/the most dangerous, beautiful/more beautiful, interesting/the most interesting, more exciting/the most exciting, boring/the most boring, funny/funnier, more comfortable/the most comfortable, soft/the softest, more modern/the most modern
- 3 B €89 C €150 2 C 3 Yes, it is. 4 No, it isn't.
- 4 comfortable: 2 comfortable 3 most comfortable interesting: 1 is an interesting book 2 is more interesting than Book A 3 is the most interesting book modern: 1 is a modern living room 2 is more modern than Living room A 3 is the most modern living room
- 5 2 bigger/smaller than Hotel Posh
 3 noisier/quieter than Hotel Posh
 4 the most expensive/the cheapest hotel in town
 5 the worst/best hotel in town
- 6 Children's own answers.

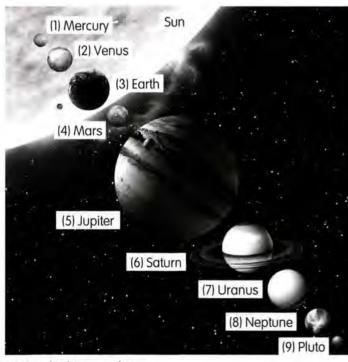
Pages 68-69

- Opinion: expensive, beautiful, great, interesting, dangerous Size: small, short, big, tall, high Colour: purple, orange, white, black, yellow
- 2 Children's own answers.
- 3 Children's own answers.
- 4 the cheapest Sunshine, the biggest Rainbow Star, the smallest – Sunshine, the longest tail – Green Dragon, the shortest tail – Sunshine, the strongest – Rainbow Star
- 5 1 Rainbow Star 2 has/Green Dragon 3 exciting/children's own answer 4 best/children's own answer
- 6 Children's own answers

Fly High File: Planets

Pages 70-71

1 1 rock 2 rings 3 ice 4 furthest 5 stars 2



- 3 2 is the biggest planet
 - 3 is the coldest planet
 - 4 is the nearest planet
 - 5 is the furthest planet
 - 6 is the smallest planet
- 4 2 No, you can't. 3 No, it doesn't. 4 a full moon 5 on July 20th 1969
- 5 1 rings/very cold 2 Mars/cold 3 Mercury/hot/rock 4 Saturn/very cold/gas/ice

The Fly High Review 3

Pages 72-73

- 1 2 scarf 3 jacket 4 tie 5 apron 6 belt 7 dress 8 gloves trainers/feet
- 2 Whose fire engine is it?/d/It's theirs.
 3 Whose van is it?/a/It's hers.
 - 4 Whose scooter is it?/c/It's his.
- 3 2 the coldest 3 more expensive than 4 the most expensive
- 4 2 looked for some wood to make a fire.
 3 needed some fish to cook for dinner.
 4 brought a guitar to sing songs in the evening.
 5 took binoculars to watch the birds.
- 5 2 Do you have to play games?
 - 3 Do you have to work hard?
 - 4 Do you have to paint pictures?
 - 5 Do you have to listen to your teacher?
 - Children's own answers.

My English: Children's own answers.

Storytime: The Prince and the Pauper.

Pages 74-75

- 1 2 gate 3 soldier 4 beggar 5 servants 6 pauper
- 2 2h 3g 4b 5f 6d 7a 8e
- 3 Picture 2 d Picture 3 f Picture 4 c Picture 5 h Picture 6 e Picture 7 b Picture 8 g
- 4 2 False 3 True 4 False 5 False 6 True
- 5 2 sisters 3 room 4 poor 5 palace 6 servants 7 rich 8 food 9 boys 10 day

Lesson 25

Pages 76-77

- 1 2 alien 3 costumes 4 superhero 5 pop star 6 fancy dress
- 2 2 a 3 e 4 c 5 d
- 3 2 She wants to ride
 - 3 They want to fly
 - 4 She wants to make
 - 5 They want to play
- 6 It wants to chase
- 4 2 want to go to bed
 - 3 She wants to make a cake.
 - 4 They want to climb the tree.
 - 5 He doesn't want to carry the bag.
- 5 Children's own answers.

Pages 78-79

- 1 3 fishing 5 rock climbing 6 skateboarding 9 surfing 12 ice skating
- 2 2 surfing 3 cycling 4 ice skating 5 rock climbing 6 fishing
- 2 is happy when he's watching TV
 3 are happy when they're playing games
 4 is happy when she's talking
 5 is happy when it's singing
 5 'm happy when I'm painting
- 4 3 He likes rollerblading.
 4 She isn't good at skateboarding.
 5 He's good at diving.
 6 She doesn't like swimming.
 7 He likes painting.
 8 They're good at drawing.
- 5 2 I'm good at skateboarding.
 3 He's happy when he's fishing.
 4 She doesn't like rock climbing.
 5 They're good at ice skating.
 6 Do you like playing volleyball?
- 6 Children's own answers.

Lesson 27

Pages 80-81

- 1 2 borrow 3 escaping 4 hold 5 using 8 reaching
- 2 Shall we borrow a torch?
 3 What about escaping through that gate?
 4 Shall I hold the boat for you?
 5 What about using a spade?
 6 What about reaching the bridge before we stop for lunch?
 - a 4 b 5 d 6 e 3 f 2
- 2 What about using the compass?3 What about looking at the map?4 Shall we go home now?
- 4 2 Shall we/f 3 Shall we/a 4 What about/e 5 What about/c 6 Shall we/d
- 5 1 watching a different film
 2 c/jump across/finding a bridge
 3 a/go home/standing under the slide
- 6 Children's own answers.

Lesson 28

Pages 82-83

- 2 swimming or ice skating 3 cycling or fishing 4 skateboarding or rock climbing
- 2 2 Do you want to play tennis or football in the morning?
 - 3 Do you want to have lunch at my house or in a café?
 - 4 Do you want to go to the museum or the cinema in the afternoon?
 - 5 Do you want to watch TV or play on the computer in the evening?

- 3 Children's own answers.
- 4 2 I don't know. Have you got any ideas? 3 What about surfing?
 - 4 I don't want to go surfing today.
 - 5 Do you like rock climbing?
 - 6 Yes, rock climbing is a great idea.
 - 7 OK. Let's go.
- 5 2 know 3 What about 4 want 5 Do 6 great idea
- 6 1 surfing 2 rock climbing 3 swimming 4 fishing

Fly High File: Sporting legends

Pages 84-85

- 1 2 world record 3 football player 4 gold medal 5 score a goal
- 2 1 go swimming/swimmer 2 play basketball/basketball player 4 go running/runner 5 play football/football player
- 3 2 tennis player 3 play football 4 play basketball 5 swimmer
- 4 2 used 3 swimming 4 competed 5 gold 6 won 7 Olympic 8 records
- 5 2 False 3 False 4 False 5 True 6 True 7 False
- Favourite player: Serena Williams. Nationality: American Age: as applicable Titles and medals: 25 Grand Slam titles, two Olympic gold medals

Lesson 29

Pages 86-87

1 2 curtain 3 vase 4 rug 5 lamp 6 sofa

c	U	r	t	a	i	n
U	w	U	Y	i	k	0
s	V	g	b	S	е	r
h	a	с	(L	a	m	p
i.	s	х	U	z	a	j
0	e	m	w	е	е	a
n	s	0	f	a)	g	t

- 2 b3 c4 d6 e5 f1
- 3 2 d/a party 3 e/some more cushions 4 a/some stew 5 c/some new ones
- 4 3 is going to hide 4's going to take 5 are going to catch 6're going to go
- 5 2 I'm going to look after my little brother.
 - 3 We're going to play a game.
 - 4 He's going to hide somewhere.
 - 5 I'm going to look for him.
 - 6 It's going to be fun.

Pages 88-89

- 1 fancy dress 2 plan 3 join in 4 banner 5 picnic 6 invitations
- 2 2 Is/b 3 Are/e 4 Is/f 5 Is/d 6 Are/a
- 3 2 Are they going to take photos? No, they aren't.
 3 Is the dog going to swim in the river? Yes, it is.
 4 Is she going to climb a tree? No, she isn't.
 5 Is he going to play tennis? No, he isn't.
- 4 2 I'm not going to make a cake. I'm going to make invitations.
 - 3 He isn't going to play the guitar. He's going to play the drums.
 - 4 She isn't going to tidy the living room. She's going to tidy the bedroom.
 - 5 We aren't going to play basketball. We're going to play football.
 - 6 They aren't going to paint the walls. They're going to paint the banner.
- 5 Children's own answers.

Lesson 31

Pages 90-91

- 1 2 Diamonds 3 paintings 4 rare 5 robber 6 steal 7 jewellery
- 2 1 robbers 2 Why/steal/Because/rare 3 paintings/Why/ because/valuable 4 jewellery/Why/Because/diamonds
- 3 2d 3a 4b 5e 6c
- 4 2f3d4h5c6g7b8e
- 5 Children's own answers.

Lesson 32

Pages 92-93

- 2 February 3 March 4 April 5 May 6 June 7 July 8 August 9 September 10 October 11 November 12 December
- 2 2 a 3 e 4 b 5 f 6 d 7 i 8 j 9 g 10 l 11 h 12 k
- 3 2 April 30th 3 August 2nd 4 December 5th
- 4 Children's own answers.
- 5 2f 3a 4g 5c 6d 7e
- 6 2 I'd love to 3 It's on Friday. 4 What time is it? 5 Where is it? 6 It's at my house. 7 See you then.
- 7 1 like to come to my party 2 is it 3 on Saturday May 27th 4 It's at five o'clock. 5 is it 6 in the park

Fly High File: Duke of Edinburgh's Award

Pages 94-95

- 1 a Physical b Expedition d Volunteering e Award
- 2 2 fourteen 3 four 4 sports 5 help 6 animals 7 learn 8 photography 9 trip 10 tent
- 3 2a 3c 4c
- 4 Volunteering: because old people need a lot of help Skills: take photos/because he wants to learn to take good photos

Physical: swimming/because he loves swimming and he wants to get better and faster

Expedition: ride his bike along the River Thames/because he likes riding his bike

- 5 Expedition: walk up a mountain Volunteering: help animals, help children Physical: swim, play tennis Skills: paint, write a story
- 6 Children's own answers.

The Fly High Review 4

Pages 96-97

- 2 buy/diamond/jewellery 3 use/compass/lost 4 knock over/lamp/chasing 5 borrow/tools/escape 6 have/picnic/birthday
- 2 2 He wants to eat a sandwich.
 - 3 She wants to open the window.
 - 4 He wants to drink some water.
 - 5 They want to go to bed.
- 2 skiing 3 playing tennis 4 go rock climbing 5 to dive
 6 cycling
- 4 2 Shall 3 want to 4 going to 5 What about 6 costume 7 be 8 Why 9 pop star 10 Because

My English: Children's own answers.

Storytime: The Voyages of Sindbad the Sailor

Pages 98-99

- 1 2 ships 3 captain 4 voyages 5 dangerous 6 afraid 7 wood
- 2 2 a 3 b 4 b 5 a 6 b
- 3 2 couldn't 3 a river 4 kind 5 liked 6 went
- 4 2 False 3 False 4 True 5 False 6 False
- 5 2 captain 3 ship 4 afraid 5 sailors 6 dangerous 7 through 8 stories 9 letter

Pages 100-101

- 1 2 trip 3 hot air balloon 4 explain 5 disappear
- 2 2 f/have 3 a/have 4 c/has 5 b/have 6 d/has
- 3 2's knocked over 3's disappeared 4's landed
- 4 2 've phoned/d 3 's returned/a 4 've explained/f 5 's cleaned/b 6 's disappeared/e
- 5 6 He's cooked lunch.

1 She's returned from a trip.

- 3 He's dropped a glass.
- 5 She's opened a window.
- 2 They've washed and dried the dishes.
- 6 Children's own answers.

Lesson 34

Pages 102-103

- 1 1 horse riding 5 camping 3 restaurant 2 Chinese
- 2 2 Chinese 3 horse riding, canoeing, camping
- 3 flown, eat, ride, slept, sent, been, see
- 4 2 Has/eaten/has 3 Have/ridden/haven't 4 Has/slept/hasn't 5 Has/seen/has 6 Have/been/have
- 5 2 He hasn't flown in a helicopter. He's flown in a plane.
 3 She hasn't slept in a tent. She's slept in a castle.
 4 They've seen an owl. They haven't seen a snake.
- 6 2 Have you ever sent a letter?
 3 Have you ever climbed a tree?
 4 Have you ever been horse riding?
 5 Have you ever been canoeing?
 6 Have you ever eaten Chinese food?
 Children's own answers.

Lesson 35

Pages 104-105

- 1 2 Lucy 3 Annie 4 Sonia 5 Jen 6 Rosie
- 2 2 given 3 painted 4 caught 5 gone 6 flown 7 eaten 8 opened 9 had
- 3 5/Yes, he has. 4/No, they haven't. 1/Yes, she has. 2/Yes, they have.
- 4 2 hasn't put his bag in the car yet. 3 haven't seen them yet. 4 haven't looked at them yet.
- 5 2 Have the police caught the thief yet?
 3 Claudia and Magnus have gone to prison.
 4 Toto has flown around the garden.
 5 Have they been to the zoo yet?
 6 Dr Wild has given Toto back to the zoo.
- 6 3 She's polished her shoes.
 4 She's washed her hair.
 - 5 She hasn't packed her bag yet.
 - 6 She hasn't given a present to Anna yet.

Lesson 36

Pages 106-107

- 1 1 Dr Sophie Wild 8 Duke Street Bristol BS17 3DY
- 2 Mr M Wolf Tower Prison Newgate Road London SW25 4QZ
- 2 Children's own answers.
- 3 Children's own answers.
- 4 1 You should take an umbrella.2 You should take some sun cream./You should take a hat.
- 3 You should take a camera./You should take your diary.5 2 first visit 3 How long 4 Five days 5 pretty country
- 6 good idea6 July 21st–July 26th/She's going for five days.
 - 3 video camera/She's going to take a video camera.

Fly High File: The Arctic and Antarctic

Pages 108-109

- 1 4 walrus 6 penguin 7 polar bear 9 fox 11 whale
- 2 2 dark 3 temperature 4 continent 5 light 6 scientist
- 3 2 Father Christmas 3 day 4 winter 5 icy 6 snow 7 skiing 8 forests 9 never 10 reindeer
- 4 1911/Roald Amundsen, 1929/Richard E Byrd, 1978/Emilio Marcos Palma
- 5 2 True 3 False 4 True 5 False 6 False

The Fly High Review 5

Pages 110-111

- 1 2 The polar bear hasn't caught a seal. 3 They've eaten Chinese food.
- 2 Have you ever seen a penguin?
 3 Have you ever polished shoes?
 4 Have you ever been sailing?
 - 5 Have you ever sent a Valentine's Day card? 6 Have you ever scored a goal?
- Children's own answers.
- 2 You should play football.
 3 You should go to school by bike every day.
 4 You should do your homework at home.
 5 You should go to bed early.
 - 6 You should sleep ten hours every night.
- 4 2 No, there isn't. 3 Yes, they do. 4 Yes, she is. 5 Yes, there is. 6 No, he isn't 7 Yes, it does. 8 No, she can't.
- 5 Children's own answers.

My English: Children's own answers.

Audioscripts

Lesson 1 Exercise 2 CD 1 Track 05

Dr Wild: I love my niece, Kelly, and my nephew, Jack. They aren't lazy. They always help me in the house. They are very helpful. They like Oscar and they are always kind to him. They are very good children and they are clever too.

Oscar is so funny! He's a very clever cat but he is Kelly: lazy. He likes sleeping and eating! I love him.

Jack: Dr Wild is great. She's our Aunt Sophie and she's very clever. She's got a lot of books and she knows a lot! She's always kind to me and Kelly and we are always happy at her house. She is very helpful - she helps people find missing animals.

Lesson 4 Exercise 4

CD 1 Track 09 Narrator: What's your phone number, Mel? It's six, seven, five, double four, three, oh. That's Mel: six, seven, five, double four, three, oh. Narrator: What's your phone number, Beth? Beth: It's three, double two, oh, six, nine, eight. That's three, double two, oh, six, nine, eight. Narrator: What's your phone number, Harry? Harry: It's four, seven, three, double one, oh, nine. That's four, seven, three, double one, oh, nine. Narrator: What's your phone number, Kit? Kit: It's seven, eight, double five, oh, two, one. That's

seven, eight, double five, oh, two, one.

Lesson 4 Exercise 5 CD 1 Track 10

Harry: Let's phone Kit. What's his number? Beth: It's 7855021. Hi, Kit, it's Harry. Harry: Kit: Oh hi, Harry. Where are you? Harry: Kit: I'm at home. Harry: What are you doing? Kit: I'm watching TV. Harry: Do you want to go to the cinema later? Kit: Yeah. Great. Harry: OK, see you soon. Bye. Kit: Bye. Beth: Let's phone Mel. What's her number? Harry: It's 6754430. Beth: Hi, Mel, it's Beth. Mel: Oh hi, Beth. Beth: Where are you? I'm in town. Mel: Beth: What are you doing? Mel: I'm buying some new shoes. Beth: Do you want to go for a pizza later?

Mel: Beth: Mel:

Yeah. Great. OK, see you soon. Bye. Bye.

Lesson 5 Exercise 2

CD 1 Track 12

Narrator:	One
Man:	What was the weather like in Poland yesterday?
Woman:	It was very cold and there was a lot of snow.
Narrator:	Two
Man:	What was the weather like in Argentina yesterday?
Woman:	It was windy.
Narrator:	Three
Man:	What was the weather like in Russia yesterday?
Woman:	It was cold and there was heavy rain in the morning.
Narrator:	Four
Man:	What was the weather like in the Ukraine yesterday?
Woman:	It was stormy. There was a terrible storm with thunder and lightning in the night.
Narrator:	Five
Man:	What was the weather like in England yesterday?
Woman:	It was cloudy. The sky was grey all day.
Narrator:	Six
Man:	What was the weather like in Turkey yesterday?
Woman:	It was sunny and hot.

Lesson 6 Exercise 2

CD 1 Track 14

CD I HUCK I	
Narrator:	Claudia and Magnus were in town yesterday.
1	First Magnus asked for a map in the police station.
2	Then they visited the museum. They looked at the dinosaurs in the museum.
3	Claudia was thirsty and she wanted a drink in the café. The café was busy. She waited ten minutes for a table.
4	After that they visited the zoo. In the aquarium, they watched the sharks for a long time. Claudia loved the sharks.
5	There was a pet shop near the zoo. In the pet shop, Claudia played with a dog. She wanted the dog very much.
6	In the evening Claudia and Magnus listened to a talk about birds at the town hall. It was very interesting.
Lesson 8 Exe	ercises 4 and 5
CD 1 Tracks	17 and 18
Narrator:	One
Ticket seller:	Can I help you?
Harry:	Yes. I'd like tickets for the museum, please

Harry:	Yes, I'd like tickets for the museum, please.
Ticket seller:	The museum. Certainly. How many would you like?
Harry:	Two tickets, please. One adult and one child.
Ticket seller:	That's 10 euros.
Harry:	Thank you.

Narrator:	Two	Lessor
Ticket seller:	Can I help you?	CD 1T
Beth:	Yes, I'd like tickets for the concert at the town hall, please.	Claudia
Ticket seller:	The concert at the town hall. Certainly. How many would you like?	Magnu
Beth: Ticket seller: Beth:	Four tickets, please. Two adults and two children. That's 8 euros. Thank you.	Narrat Claudia Magnu
Narrator: Ticket seller: Kit:	Three Can I help you? Yes, I'd like tickets for the cinema, please.	Narrati Claudic Magnu
Kit: Ticket seller:	The cinema. Certainly. How many would you like? Five tickets, please. Five children. That's 20 euros.	Narrati Claudia Magnu
Kit: Narrator:	Thank you. Four	Narrat
Ticket seller: Mel:	Can I help you? Yes, I'd like tickets for the aquarium, please.	Magnu
Ticket seller:	The aquarium. Certainly. How many would you like?	Lessor CD 1 T
Mel: Ticket seller:	Three tickets, please. One adult and two children. That's 21 euros.	Narrate Harry:
Mel:	Thank you.	Boy: Harry:
The Fly High CD 1 Track 2	Review 1 Exercise 5	Boy: Harry:
Boy:	Last weekend my sister and I stayed with our grandma and grandpa. We were really busy.	Boy:
Narrator:	One	Narrate Beth:
Boy:	In the morning we walked to the pet shop but it wasn't open. So we visited the aquarium	Roz: Beth:
Narrator:	instead. I loved the fish. They were very pretty. Two	Roz: Beth:
Girl: Boy:	What about the afternoon? Did you stay in town? Yes, we did. We visited the museum. It was	Roz:
	wonderful. The dinosaurs were my favourite. At the end of the afternoon, I wanted a drink but	Mel: Girl:

watched the film at the cinema.

No, we didn't. There was a show at the town hall and there was a good film at the cinema. We didn't watch the show at the town hall. We

Narrator:

Narrator:

Girl:

Boy:

Girl:

Boy:

n 9 Exercise 2 Track 24

Claudia:	Where are we, Magnus? It's night. I can't see anything!
Magnus:	We're on a farm.
Narrator:	One
Claudia:	I heard a noise. What was it?
Magnus:	It's OK, Claudia. It's a cow.
Narrator:	Two
Claudia:	I heard another noise. What was it?
Magnus:	It's OK, Claudia. It's a horse.
Narrator:	Three
Claudia:	I heard another noise. What was it?
Magnus:	It's OK, Claudia. It's an owl.
Narrator:	Four
Claudia:	I heard another noise. What was it?
Magnus:	It's not OK, Claudia. It's a bull!

n 12 Exercises 4 and 5 Tracks 28 abd 29

CD I Track	s 28 abd 29
Narrator:	One
Harry:	I'm sorry I couldn't come to your party.
Boy:	That's OK. What happened, Harry?
Harry:	I was ill. I had earache.
Boy:	Are you all right now?
Harry:	Yes, thanks. Did you have a good time?
Boy:	Yes, I had a fantastic cake.
Narrator:	Two
Beth:	I'm sorry I couldn't come to the cinema.
Roz:	That's OK. What happened, Beth?
Beth:	I wasn't well. I had stomachache.
Roz:	Are you all right now?
Beth:	Yes, thanks. Did you have a good time?
Roz:	Yes, it was a really good film.
Narrator	Three
	I'm sorry I couldn't come to the shops.
1 Merel	That's OK. What happened, Mel?
	I was ill. I had a cold and a sore throat.
	Are you all right now?
Mel:	Yes, thanks. Did you have a good time?
Girl:	Yes, I bought some new shoes.
Narrator:	Four
Kit:	I'm sorry I couldn't come to the park.
Boy:	That's OK. What happened, Kit?
Kit:	I was ill. I had a headache.
Boy:	Are you all right now?
Kit:	Yes, thanks. Did you have a good time?
Boy:	Yes, I played football with Harry.
	Narrator: Harry: Boy: Harry: Boy: Harry: Boy: Narrator: Beth: Roz: Beth: Roz: Beth: Roz: Narrator: Mel: Girl: Mel: Girl: Mel: Girl: Mel: Girl: Narrator: Kit: Boy: Kit: Boy: Kit:

Lesson 13 Exercise 2

CD 1 Track 31

Claudia:	Magnus, you must go to the pet shop. We need some bird food.
Magnus:	OK. How do I go there?
Claudia:	Listen carefully. First, you walk along the road for 100 metres.
Magnus:	First, I walk along the road.
Claudia:	You will come to the train station. Go around the train station.
Magnus:	I go around the station.
Claudia:	Next, go past the hotel.
Magnus:	I go past the hotel.
Claudia:	Now, look for the bridge.
Magnus:	Do I go across the bridge?
Claudia:	Yes, walk across the bridge and then you will see the market. Walk through the market.
Magnus:	I walk through the market.
Claudia:	There are some shops in front of you. The pet shop's on the far right.
Magnus:	OK. See you later.
Claudia:	Don't forget to buy the bird food.

Lesson 16 Exercise 5

CD 2 Track 03

Narrator:	Harry
Teacher:	What would you like, Harry?
Harry:	I'd like stew, rice and cabbage please.
Teacher:	That's stew, rice and cabbage, Harry. And to drink?
Harry:	I'll have water, please.
Teacher:	OK. Water for Harry. Would you like anything else?
Harry:	Yes, I'd like chocolate cake, please.
Teacher:	Chocolate cake. It looks delicious. Thank you, Harry.
Narrator:	Kit
Teacher:	Kit, what would you like?
Kit:	I'd like steak, chips and peas, please.
Teacher:	Steak, chips and peas for Kit. And to drink?
Kit:	I'll have orange juice, please.
Teacher:	Kit would like orange juice. Would you like anything else?
Kit:	Yes, I'd like ice cream, please.
Teacher:	OK, ice cream for Kit. Thank you, Kit.
Narrator:	Mel
Teacher:	Mel, what would you like?
Mel:	I think I'll have a pizza, salad and bread, please.
Teacher:	Pizza, salad and bread for you, Mel. And to drink?
Mel:	I'll have milk, please.
Teacher:	Milk for Mel. Would you like anything else?
Mel:	Yes, I'd like strawberries, please.
Teacher:	Strawberries, fine. Thank you, Mel.

FlyHigh File: London bus tour Exercise 2 CD 2 Track 04

CD Z HOCK	.04
Boy:	I went on a sightseeing tour of London when I was in England.
Girl:	Was it good?
Boy:	It was great!
Girl:	What did you see?
Narrator:	One
Boy:	The Tower of London. Some of the kings and queens of England lived there.
Narrator:	Two
Boy:	Tate Modern. That's an art gallery.
Narrator:	Three
Boy:	The London Eye. That's a big wheel next to the river.
Narrator:	Four
Boy:	Big Ben and the Houses of Parliament. Big Ben is the name of a bell.
Narrator:	Five
Boy:	St Paul's Cathedral. That's a very old church.
	Boy: Girl: Boy: Girl: Narrator: Boy: Narrator: Boy: Narrator: Boy: Narrator: Boy: Narrator:

The FlyHigh Review 2 Exercise 4

CD 2 Track 07

Girl:	Everybody in my family was ill yesterday.
Boy:	What was the matter with your mum?
Girl:	She had an earache. She couldn't go to work.
Boy:	And your dad?
Girl:	He had a cold and a sore throat. He couldn't speak all day.
Boy:	Was your brother ill too?
Girl:	Yes, he had a stomachache. He couldn't eat anything. He spent the day in bed.
Boy:	And your sister?
Girl:	She wasn't well. She had a bad headache. She couldn't go to school.
Boy:	What about you?
Girl:	I was fine. I looked after them.

Lesson 17 Exercise 2

CD 2 Track 10

Narrator:	One
Dr Wild:	What a mess! Jack, Kelly, let's tidy up. Whose scarf is this? Jack, is it yours?
Jack:	No, it isn't mine. It's Kelly's.
Kelly:	Yes, it's mine, Aunt Sophie.
Narrator:	Тwo
Dr Wild:	What about these gloves?
Jack:	The gloves are hers too.
Kelly:	Yes, they're mine.
Narrator:	Three
Dr Wild:	Jack, is this belt yours?
Jack:	Yes, it's mine.
Kelly:	The tie is also his.

Narrator:	Four	Lesson 24	Exercis
Dr Wild:	Whose trainers are these? Kelly, are they yours?	CD 2 Track	(21
Kelly:	Yes, they're mine.	Harry:	Whi
Narrator:	Five	Mel:	The
Dr Wild:		Harry:	Yes.
	This jacket looks like yours too, Kelly. No, it isn't mine. It's his.		mos
Kelly: Jack:	Yes, it's mine. Thank you, Aunt Sophie.	Mel:	The
Jack:	res, it's mine. Thank you, Auth Sophie.	Harry:	The
Lesson 20	Exercises 4 and 5		stro
	s 14 and 15	Mel:	The
			bigg
Narrator:	One	Harry:	Whi
Kit:	I have to go to the music room now. What for?	Mel:	I do
Girl:		Harry:	Mel,
Kit:	I've got a guitar lesson.	Mel:	Fifty
Girl:	What time does it start?		
Kit:	At quarter to four.	Lesson 25	Exerci
Girl:	Quarter to four. OK. See you later, Kit.	CD 2 Track	25
Kit:	Bye.	Kit:	Yey!
Narrator:	Two	Beth:	The
Harry:	I have to go to the playing field now.		cost
Girl:	What for?	Mel:	Iwa
Harry:	I've got a football match.	Beth:	Who
Girl:	What time does it start?	Harry:	Iwa
Harry:	At ten past four.	Mel:	And
Girl:	Ten past four. OK. See you later, Harry.	Beth:	Iwa
Harry:	Bye.	Kit:	Tha
Narrator:	Three		go t
Mel:			
Girl:	I have to go to the swimming pool now. What for?	Lesson 28	Exerci
Mel:	I've got a swimming lesson.	CD 2 Track	(s 29 c
Girl:	What time does it start?	Narrator:	One
Mel:		Girl:	Whe
Girl:	At twenty past five. Twenty past five. OK. See you later, Mel.	Kit:	I do
		Girl:	Whe
Mel:	Bye.	Kit:	I do

Narrator:	Four
Beth:	I have to go to the school hall now.
Girl:	What for?
Beth:	I've got a dance lesson.
Girl:	What time does it start?
Beth:	At five to six.
Girl:	Five to six. OK. See you later, Beth.
Beth:	Bye.

Lesson 21 Exercise 2 CD 2 Track 17

Presenter:

Ladies and gentlemen, girls and boys, we are here at the Great Transport Race. I'm talking to you from the FHTV helicopter. Hello, everybody! There are two vans and three cars in the race. I can see two scooters and four motorbikes. A fire engine is waiting by the side and there are two ambulances. I hope we don't need them! And they're off!

se 5

Harry:	Which trainers do you like best?
Mel:	The pink ones look the most comfortable.
Harry:	Yes. They're the cheapest too. Which ones are the most modern?
Mel:	The yellow ones.
Harry:	They're the most expensive! Which ones are the strongest?
Mel:	The white ones. And the purple ones are the biggest and the highest.
Harry:	Which ones do you want?
Mel:	I don't know!
Harry:	Mel, how much money have you got?
Mel:	Fifty euros. So I can only buy the

se 2

Kit:	Yey! It's the fancy dress party today.
Beth:	There are a lot of costumes to choose from. What costume do you want to wear, Mel?
Mel:	I want to be an alien.
Beth:	What about you, Harry?
Harry:	I want to be a spy.
Mel:	And you, Beth? Which costume do you like?
Beth:	I want to be a pop star.
Kit:	That's a good idea. I want to be a superhero. Let's go together.

ses 4 and 5

Mel:

Boy:

and 30 at shall we do this afternoon, Kit? on't know. Have you got any ideas? at about skateboarding? on't want to go skateboarding today. Girl: Do you like rollerblading? Kit: Yes, rollerblading's a great idea. Girl: OK. Let's go. Narrator: Two What shall we do this afternoon, Harry? Girl: I don't know. Have you got any ideas? Harry: Girl: What about swimming? Harry: I don't want to go swimming today. Girl: Do you like fishing? Harry: Yes, fishing's a great idea. OK. Let's go. Girl: Narrator: Three Boy: What shall we do this afternoon, Mel? I don't know. Have you got any ideas? Mel: What about skiing? Boy: Mel: I don't want to go skiing today. Boy: Do you like tobogganing?

Yes, tobogganing's a great idea.

OK. Let's go.

Lesson 29 Exercise 2 CD 2 Track 32

- This prison is horrible! I don't like my room. It's Claudia: got one old, brown curtain. There isn't a sofa. There's a chair with an old cushion. The cushion is dirty. There's a rug but it's not a nice rug. It's yellow and brown. I've got a lamp but it's very small.
- Your room is better than mine! I haven't got a Magnus: rug. I've got curtains but they're short and black. I've got a sofa but it isn't comfortable and there's only one cushion! There's a lamp but there isn't a table. I don't like this prison!

Lesson 32 Exercise 3

CD 3 Track 03

Peter: Hi, Mel. Mel: Oh, hi, Peter. Peter: Would you like to come to my birthday party? Mel: Your birthday party? Yes, I would! When is it? Peter: It's on Saturday, September 5 th . Mel: Saturday, September 5 th . OK. What time is it? Peter: It's at half past five. Mel: Half past five. Peter: And it's at my house. Mel: Half past five. Peter: And it's at my house. Mel: Half past five. Peter: Great. Thanks. Bye Mel: Bye. Narrator: Two Tom: I'm fine, thanks. Harry, would you like to come to my fancy dress party? Harry: Hi Tom. How are you? Tom: I'f son Friday October 31 st . Tom: It's at quarter past four. Harry: Friday October 31 st . Harry: Friday October 31 st . Tom: It's at my house. Harry: Friday October 31 st . Tom: It's at my house. Harry: Friday October 31 st . Tom:	Narrator:	One
Mel: Oh, hi, Peter. Peter: Would you like to come to my birthday party? Mel: Your birthday party? Yes, I would! When is it? Peter: It's on Saturday, September 5 th . Mel: Saturday, September 5 th . Mel: Half past five. Mel: Half past five. Peter: And it's at my house. Mel: Half past five. Peter: And it's at my house. Mel: At Peter's house. Thanks, Peter. See you on September 5 th ! Peter: Great. Thanks. Bye Mel: Bye. Narrator: Two Tom: -Hi, Harry. It's Tom here. Harry: Hi Tom. How are you? Tom: I'm fine, thanks. Harry, would you like to come to my fancy dress party? Harry: Hi tom. How are you? Tom: I'f's on Friday October 31 st . Harry: Yes, that would be great. Thanks. When is it? Tom: It's at quarter past four. Harry: Friday October 31 st . Harry: At Tom's house. OK, See you on October 31 st . Thanks. Bye! Tom: Tom:	Peter:	Hi, Mel.
Mel:Your birthday party? Yes, I would! When is it?Peter:It's on Saturday, September 5th.Mel:Saturday, September 5th.Peter:It's at half past five.Mel:Half past five.Peter:And it's at my house.Mel:Half past five.Peter:And it's at my house.Mel:At Peter's house. Thanks, Peter. See you on September 5th!Peter:Great. Thanks. ByeMel:Bye.Narrator:TwoTom:- Hi, Harry. It's Tom here.Harry:Hi Tom. How are you?Tom:I'm fine, thanks. Harry, would you like to come to my fancy dress party?Harry:Yes, that would be great. Thanks. When is it?Tom:It's on Friday October 31th.Harry:Friday October 31th.Harry:Quarter past four.Harry:Quarter past four. Where is it?Tom:It's at my house.Harry:At Tom's house. OK, See you on October 31th.Thanks. Bye!Tom:Tom:Bye.Narrator:ThreeKate:Hi, Ben, it's Kate.Ben:Oh, hello, Kate.Ben:Ch, hello, Kate.Ben:The school dance? Yes, I'd love to. Thanks. When is it?Kate:It's on Wednesday March 25th.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:G		Oh, hi, Peter.
Mel:Your birthday party? Yes, I would! When is it?Peter:It's on Saturday, September 5th.Mel:Saturday, September 5th.Peter:It's at half past five.Mel:Half past five.Peter:And it's at my house.Mel:Half past five.Peter:And it's at my house.Mel:At Peter's house. Thanks, Peter. See you on September 5th!Peter:Great. Thanks. ByeMel:Bye.Narrator:TwoTom:- Hi, Harry. It's Tom here.Harry:Hi Tom. How are you?Tom:I'm fine, thanks. Harry, would you like to come to my fancy dress party?Harry:Yes, that would be great. Thanks. When is it?Tom:It's on Friday October 31th.Harry:Friday October 31th.Harry:Quarter past four.Harry:Quarter past four. Where is it?Tom:It's at my house.Harry:At Tom's house. OK, See you on October 31th.Thanks. Bye!Tom:Tom:Bye.Narrator:ThreeKate:Hi, Ben, it's Kate.Ben:Oh, hello, Kate.Ben:Ch, hello, Kate.Ben:The school dance? Yes, I'd love to. Thanks. When is it?Kate:It's on Wednesday March 25th.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:G	Peter:	Would you like to come to my birthday party?
Peter:It's on Saturday, September 5th.Mel:Saturday, September 5th. OK. What time is it?Peter:It's at half past five.Mel:Half past five.Peter:And it's at my house.Mel:At Peter's house. Thanks, Peter. See you on September 5th!Peter:Great. Thanks. ByeMel:Bye.Narrator:TwoTom:- Hi, Harry. It's Tom here.Harry:Hi Tom. How are you?Tom:I'm fine, thanks. Harry, would you like to come to my fancy dress party?Harry:Yes, that would be great. Thanks. When is it?Tom:It's on Friday October 31th.Harry:Friday October 31th.Harry:Guarter past four.Harry:Quarter past four.Harry:Quarter past four. Where is it?Tom:It's at my house.Harry:At Tom's house. OK, See you on October 31th. Thanks. Bye!Tom:Bye.Narrator:ThreeKate:Hi, Ben, it's Kate.Ben:Oh, hello, Kate.Ben:Wednesday March 25th.Ben:Wednesday March 25th.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:Half past seven.Ben:	Mel:	
Peter:It's at half past five.Mel:Half past five.Peter:And it's at my house.Mel:At Peter's house. Thanks, Peter. See you on September 5 th !Peter:Great. Thanks. ByeMel:Bye.Narrator:TwoTom:- Hi, Harry. It's Tom here.Harry:Hi Tom. How are you?Tom:- Hi, Harry. It's Tom here.Harry:Hi Tom. How are you?Tom:I'm fine, thanks. Harry, would you like to come to my fancy dress party?Harry:Yes, that would be great. Thanks. When is it?Tom:It's on Friday October 31 st .Harry:Friday October 31 st . OK. What time is it?Tom:It's at quarter past four.Harry:Quarter past four. Where is it?Tom:It's at my house.Harry:At Tom's house. OK, See you on October 31 st .Thanks. Bye!Tom:Tom:It's at my house.Harry:At Tom's house. OK, See you on October 31 st .Thanks. Bye!Tom:Tom:Bye.Narrator:ThreeKate:Hi, Ben, it's Kate.Ben:Ohello, Kate.Kate:It's on Wednesday March 25 th .Ben:Wednesday March 25 th . What time is it?Kate:It's at half past seven.Ben:Half past seven. And it's at the school!Kate:Yes, that's right.Ben:Great. Thanks. See you on March 25 th at half past seven.Kate:Bye, Ben.	Peter:	
Mel:Half past five.Peter:And it's at my house.Mel:At Peter's house. Thanks, Peter. See you on September 5 th !Peter:Great. Thanks. ByeMel:Bye.Narrator:TwoTom:-Hi, Harry. It's Tom here.Harry:Hi Tom. How are you?Tom:I'm fine, thanks. Harry, would you like to come to my fancy dress party?Harry:Yes, that would be great. Thanks. When is it?Tom:It's on Friday October 31 st .Harry:Friday October 31 st .Harry:Guarter past four.Harry:Quarter past four. Where is it?Tom:It's at quarter past four.Harry:At Tom's house.Harry:At Tom's house. OK, See you on October 31 st .Thanks. Bye!Tom:Tom:It's at my house.Harry:At Tom's house. OK, See you on October 31 st . Thanks. Bye!Tom:Bye.Narrator:ThreeKate:Hi, Ben, it's Kate.Ben:Oh, hello, Kate.Kate:It's on Wednesday March 25 th .Ben:Wednesday March 25 th . What time is it?Kate:It's at half past seven.Ben:Half past seven. And it's at the school!Kate:Yes, that's right.Ben:Great. Thanks. See you on March 25 th at half past seven.Kate:Yes, that's right.Ben:Great. Thanks. See you on March 25 th at half past seven.Kate:Bye, Ben.	Mel:	Saturday, September 5th. OK. What time is it?
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Ben: Bye, Kate.	Kate:	Bye, Ben.
	Ben:	Bye, Kate.

The FlyHigh Review 4 Exercise 3 CD 3 Track 06

Narrator:	One
Girl:	Why is this robber in prison?
Boy:	Because he stole some valuable paintings.
Narrator:	Two
Girl:	Why is this robber in prison?
Boy:	Because she stole some gold jewellery.
Narrator:	Three
Girl:	Why is this robber in prison?
Boy:	Because he stole some rare rugs.
Narrator:	Four
Girl:	Why is this robber in prison?
Boy:	Because he stole some diamonds.

Lesson 33 Exercise 2

CD 3 Track 09

Claudia:	Magnus, this is a horrible place. I don't like it in prison.
Magnus:	I don't like it here either.
Claudia:	My room is small and everything's dirty. I've tried to make it better. I've washed the curtain but it's a horrible colour and it's smaller than the window.
Magnus:	Oh dear.
Claudia:	I've cleaned the lamp but it's old and it doesn't work.
Magnus:	That's bad.
Claudia:	I've painted the chair. The colour is lovely but the chair isn't comfortable.
Magnus:	Oh.
Claudia:	I'm bored here and there isn't anything to do.
Magnus:	What about reading a book?
Claudia:	I haven't got any books. I've started a jigsaw puzzle.
Magnus:	What picture does it show?
Claudia:	It's a hot air balloon. I want a trip in a hot air balloon when we leave prison.
Magnus:	So do I.

Lesson 36 Exercises 4 and 5

CD 3 Tracks 13 and 14

Narrator:	One
Jack:	Hi Mel.
Mel:	I'm so excited. We're going to the USA tomorrow.
Jack:	Have you been to the USA before?
Mel:	No, I haven't. It's my first visit.
Jack:	How long are you going for?
Mel:	Three weeks.
Jack:	It's a beautiful country. You should take
Mel:	your camera. That's a good idea. Thank you.

Narrator:	Two
Kelly:	Hi Kit.
Kit:	Hello Kelly. I'm so excited. We're going to Turkey tomorrow.
Kelly:	Have you been to Turkey before?
Kit:	No, I haven't. It's my first visit.
Kelly:	How long are you going for?
Kit:	Two weeks.
Kelly:	It's very hot. You should take some sun cream.
Kit:	That's a good idea. Thank you.
Narrator:	Three
Jack:	Hi Beth.
Beth:	I'm so excited. We're going to Spain tomorrow.
Jack:	Have you been to Spain before?
Beth:	No, I haven't.
Jack:	How long are you going for?
Beth:	A week.
Jack:	It can be cold in the mountains. You should take a coat.
Beth:	That's a good idea. Thank you.
Narrator:	Four
Kelly:	Hi Harry.
Harry:	I'm so excited. We're going to Ireland tomorrow.
Kelly:	Have you been to Ireland before?
Harry:	No, I haven't.
Kelly:	How long are you going for?
Harry:	Ten days.

It rains a lot. You should take an umbrella.

That's a good idea. Thank you.

The FlyHigh Review 5 Exercise 5

CD 3 Track 19

Kelly:

Harry:

en o maci	
Narrator:	One
Jack:	Hello, Mel. Where are you going to go on holiday?
Mel:	I'm not going away. I'm going to stay at home.
Jack:	Are you going to go cycling with your friends?
Mel:	No, I'm not.
Jack:	What are you going to do?
Mel:	I'm going to play tennis every day.
Narrator:	Two
Roz:	Hello, Beth. Where are you going to go on holiday?
Beth:	I'm going to stay in a house next to a lake with my family.
Roz:	What are you going to do?
Beth:	I'm going to go canoeing.
Roz:	Are you going to go sailing too?
Beth:	No, I'm not.
Narrator:	Three
Kelly:	Hello, Kit. Where are you going to go on holiday?
Kit:	I'm going to go to the mountains with Harry and his family.
Kelly:	What are you going to do?
Kit:	We're going to go camping.
Kelly:	Are going to go horse riding?
Kit:	No, we're not.

Teacher's Day Exercise 2 CD 3 Track 22

CD S Track	22
Toby:	My teacher's name is Mrs Baker. I really like learning English with her. I asked her some questions. Mrs Baker can I ask you some questions, please?
Mrs. Baker:	Yes, of course!
Toby:	What's your favourite food?
Mrs. Baker:	Hmm I like chicken and salad best.
Toby:	Where in the world do you want to go?
Mrs. Baker:	Oh, that's a difficult question. I think I'd like to go to India.
Toby:	India? Oh, that would be nice. Have you got any pets, Mrs Baker?
Mrs. Baker:	Yes, I've got a little cat. He's white and his name is Snowy.
Toby:	What's your favourite sport?
Mrs. Baker:	My favourite sport? Well, I like swimming in the summer.
Toby:	So do I! What are your favourite clothes?
Mrs. Baker:	The ones I'm wearing. This red sweater and my black skirt.
Toby:	Thank you, Mrs Baker.
Mrs. Baker:	My pleasure, Toby!

The Queen's Birthday Exercise 2 CD 3 Track 27

Boy:

Today is June 14th and I'm going to the Queen's Birthday Parade. I'm very excited because I've never seen the Queen before. This is the programme for the day. At twenty to eleven the Queen leaves Buckingham Palace. The parade starts at eleven o'clock. First the Queen looks at the soldiers. Then the bands parade past the Queen. I love the music. The foot soldiers and the soldiers on horses follow the bands. Then the Queen goes back to Buckingham Palace in her carriage and the soldiers go home. The parade lasts about an hour. At one o'clock, the Queen and her family watch the planes fly past Buckingham Palace. I think she waves to them. Welcome: A great adventure! detective missing

1 Where's Toto? clever niece nephew helpful friendly

2 We're getting

ready! laptop binoculars compass can opener need diary torch

3 Dr Wild drives well.

well carefully badly slowly quietly happily quickly

Fly High File: Countries and nationalities

country capital city flag nationality language 5 There was a storm. storm behind windy thunder and lighting in front of 6 We landed on a beach. aquarium town hall police station pet shop museum café

7 Did you talk to them?

notice blond moustache beard thin wavy

Fly High File:

face

Hurricanes hurricane last flood cause tornado produce

tornado produce travel destroy natural disaster Storytime: Robinson Crusoe ill tool gun knife journey land island tent cave strange footprint

9 Magnus and Claudia had an accident! farm cow grass

owl pond bull 10 Did they find Toto?

scared confused nervous unhappy

11 Claudia couldn't hear. well cold headache

sore throat earache ill stomachache Fly High File: Dinosaurs continent plant lizard land sea sky

13 They went through the town. train station

road market castle bridge

14 How much were the tickets? money seat search carriage look after

15 I heard something! stew rice cabbage

steak peas

luggage

Fly High File: London

bus tour art gallery church cathedral tower Big Wheel bell hill street

Storytime: Alice in Wonderland

hare place wine tea polite wide angrily

17 Is it yours?

rescue scarf glove jacket belt trainers tie

finish

18 You don't have to shout! arrive leave start lose bring

19 Dr Wild went to the bank to get some money. bank post office send find garage hire

Fly High File: Clothes through the ages

eleventh - 11th twelfth - 12th thirteenth - 13th fourteenth - 14th fifteenth - 15th sixteenth - 16th seventeenth - 17th eighteenth - 18th nineteenth - 19th twentieth - 20th twenty-first - 21st breeches cap trainers tunic apron

21 The red van is faster!

van motorbike fire engine scooter helicopter

22 They are the silliest people in the world! silly catch runner noisy light

23 Oscar has got the most comfortable bed!

expensive soft comfortable modern dangerous exciting tobogganing

Fly High File: Planets planet rock ring aas star ice furthest

Storytime: The Prince and the Pauper

palace poor bea gates soldiers beagar rich servant cheap pauper

25 I want to join in.

join in fancy dress costume alien superhero pop star

26 He likes

tobogganing! ice skating surfing skateboarding rock climbing cycling fishing

27 What shall we do?

Fly High File: Sporting

use

escape

borrow

legends

score

aoal

football player

world record

Olympic flag

aold medal

29 I'm going to

medicine

compete

knock over

train

lamp

rug

sofa

cushion

prison

curtain

reach

hold

Fly High File: Duke of **Edinburah's Award**

sewing knitting

Storytime: The Voyages of Sindbad the Sailor sailor voyage

phone the police!

30 Are they going to come home now? plan

picnic invitation banner

31 Why did they want Toto?

rare robber steal jewellery valuable painting diamond

award physical volunteering skills expedition photography

DJ

dangerous captain ship sail wood afraid

33 Jack has

disappeared! disappear explain return hot air balloon trip

34 Have you seen these photos?

horse riding camping canoeina Chinese restaurant

35 I haven't brushed Oscar yet! brush polish change

Fly High File: The Arctic and Antarctic

North Pole South Pole Arctic Antarctic scientist light dark polar bear walrus seal fox

Teacher's Day

Ancient Greece wax stick wrestling strict hit

Valentine's Day

message rose violet heart

The Queen's Birthday

aun salute aarden midday parade

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- audioscripts and answer key for the Pupil's Book
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- a lesson-by-lesson word list

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- an interactive version of the Fly High Pupil's Book
- all classroom audio
- additional interactive exercises
- flashcards for all vocabulary items
- printable Teacher's Resources

Additional teacher resources include flashcards for the key target vocabulary.





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